সমাজকল্যাণ মন্ত্রণালয়

"এসডিজি সামিট ২০২৩" এর জন্য বাংলাদেশের National Pathways to SDG transformation"

Area	What have been done(description to initiatives)	Key milestone targets along with specific actions/initiatives to be taken within 2030	Comm ents (if any)
1	2	3	4
Transitions			
1. Social Protection and Jobs	a) To participate in the development process and the fruits of development are shared equitably. So, along with rapid income growth, a focus on human well -being is a major priority of government. This priority is reflected in Perspective plan 2021, Perspective plan 2041, the 6FYP and the 7FYP in an integrated manner based on several dimensions. These include a commitment to poverty reduction and human development, provision of financial support to the poor and the vulnerable, reduction of all forms of risks that threaten human welfare, and the promotion of social inclusion to enable participation of all citizens in development. Progress with poverty reduction and human development during the 7FYP and strategy for further advancement in these areas during the 8FYP • We have been taken 13 development projects in 2015-16 FY. Total ADP allocation 6508.00 lac taka. • It increase day by day by taking 6FYP, 7FYP and 8FYP, 2022-23 FY ADP allocation 69900.00 lac tk along with 39 development project and in the 2023-24 FY it will be fixed ADP allocation 69743.00 lac taka. Skill development training projects are completed within 2018-22: 1. Vocational computer/ IT training for socio-economic development and rehabilitation of disadvantaged boys and girls (Jan/20 Dec/2021)	Bangladesh's ministry of social Welfare aimed to improve the living standards of country's most vulnerable and marginalized groups while promoting social inclusion and sustainable development. The ministry is one of the key ministries responsible for implementing the 8th five years plan's objectives. The primary goals of the Ministry of social welfare in the 8th five plan of Bangladesh include. 1. Ensuring social security and protection for all, focusing on the most vulnerable and marginalized groups, such as persons with disabilities, older people, women, children, ethnic and religious minorities. 2. Reducing poverty and increasing measures for vulnerable groups such as the elder, disabled and destitute. 3. improving the delivery of social services, including health care and education, especially in rural areas. 4. promoting inclusive and sustainable economic growth and poverty reduction through the development of human capital, productive employment and social entrepreneurship. 5. promoting gendereqality and empowering women through providing training, education and employment opportunities and ensuring the	

- 2.Improving the quality of life of the very poor people of Lalmonirhat district through various trainings (Jan/20 Dec/2021)
- 3. Training on income-generating activities for poor and helpless women of different upazilas of Faridpur and Rajbari districts (July/19- June/21)
- 4. Development of Socio-Economic Status through Self-Employment Training for Backward and Poor Communities (February/2020- June/2021)
- 5. Providing vocational training to improve the quality of life of neglected, widowed, poor, backward and backward communities (January/2020 to December/2021)
- 6. Sustainable training to improve the quality of life of poor, widows, unemployed, disabled, marginalized and underprivileged communities (January/2021-December/2022)
- 7. Mitigating Corona economic damage by increasing agricultural production through use of sustainable greenhouse technology and supply of improved agricultural inputs (January/2021-June/2022)
- 8. Providing training in various trades for the social development and empowerment of marginalized, backward, orphans and underprivileged communities. (January 2021 to December 2022)
- 9. Improvement of socio-economic condition of destitute, widowed and orphan women in 5 districts of the country through driving training (Jan/2020 Dec/2021 10. "Sustainable socio-economic
- 10. "Sustainable socio-economic development and rehabilitation program of underprivileged and poor disabled and autistic persons through special education, health services and various training activities". (January/2018 December/2021)

 On going project (2022-23)
- 01.Development of the Living Standard of the Marginal People of Bangladesh (2nd Revised) (July/17 - June/2022)

participation and representation of women in decision-making processes.

These Projects will be taken 2023-2030 below:

- 1. Establishment Of Child Development Centre At Bajitpur And Jaipurhat
- 2. Improvement Of Livelihood Through Vocational Training Of The Residents Of Capitation Granted Orphanage
- 3. Capacity Building Of Existing Three Child Development Centers
- 4. Reconstruction of Sarkari Shishu Pariber, Mirpur, Dhaka and Establishment of Sarkari Shishu Pariber (Boys), Brahmanbaria
- 5. Development of living standard of the marginal people of Bangladesh
- 6. Establishment of Sheikh Russel Training and Rehabilitation Centre for Disabled, Destitute and Street Children (63 Districts)
- 7. Establishment Of Eight Skill Development Training Centre In Eight Divisions
- 8. Establishment Of District Social Services Complex In 64 Districts (32 Districts In 2nd and 3rd Phase
- 9. Reconstruction of Government visually impaired school and Hostel Building
- 10. Reconstruction of the Existing 06 (six) Government Shelters (Vagrant) Homes
- 11. Development And Expansion Of Existing Physically Handicapped Training Centre In Chittagong, Khulna and Rajshahi Division And Establishment Of An Expanded Hostel

02. Establishment of Social Services Complex in 64 Districts (1st Phase - 22 Districts) (1st Revised)

(July/17-June/2023)

03. Establishment/re- Establishment of Sarkari Shishu Paribar and Baby Home

(July/18 - June/2021)

(Proposed June, 2023)

04. Rehabilitation of distressed child training and rehabilitation center, Konaibari, Gazipur

(July 2017- June 2022)

05. Child Sensitive Social Protection in Bangladesh (CSPB)-2nd Phase

((July/17-December/2020)

(Proposed December/ 2024)

06. Cash Transfer Modernization (CTM)

((July/2018 - June/2023

07. Development of Haji Nawab Ali Khan Orphanage (Revised)

(January 2019 - June 2023

08. Establishment of a Hundred Bedded Specialized Hospital in Comilla

(July/2017 - June/2021)

(Proposed Juna/2023)

09. Safe Motherhood Activities in 06 Upazillas of Comilla District. Phase-ii

(October/2018 - June/2023)

10. Establishment of 50 Bedded Chapainawabgonj Diabetic Hospital, Chapainawabgonj

(April/2018 - June/2022)

- Building For The Institute Of Mentally Retarded Children In Rofabad, Chittagong
- 12. Establishment of Five regional training centers in Dhaka, Rajshahi, Khulna, Rangpur and Mymensingh divisions
- 13. Establishment Of Social Security Complex, Agargaon, Dhaka.
- 14. Establishment of Training and Rehabilitation Centre for Orphan and Disabled Person in Rangpur, Mymensing and Noakhali Districts
- 15.Establishment Of Transit Shelter Home, Jessore
- 16. Reconstruction of Six Safe Home for Women and Adolescent Custody Centre.

11. Establishment of Karimpur Noorjahan Shamsunnahar Mother and Child Specialized Hospital

(July/2018 - June/2022)

12. Establishment of National Heart Foundation Hospital, Rajshahi

(January/2018 - June/2022

13. Establishment of Sunamgonj Diabetic Hospital

(July/2018 - December/2022)

14. Establishment of Advanced Pediatric Surgery & Stem cell Therapy Unit at Dhaka Shishu (Children)

(Julay/2018 - June/2021

15. Establish Madaripur Diabetic Hospital

(December 2018 - November 2021)

(Proposed November 2022)

16. Construction of Mohanganj Social Welfare Orphanage

(July 2019 - December 2021)

(Proposed June 2023)

- 17. Construction of our Village Cancer Care and Research Center (July 2019 June 2022
- 18. Establishment of Fazlul Haque Probin Nibash (Therapy Centre) and Vocational Training Centre For Disadvantaged Adolescents at Shahjadpur, Sirajgonj (January 2020 – December 2021) (Proposed June 2022)
- 19. Establishment of Setara Safiullha Kidney and Disable care center, Narsingdi (November 2019 - December 2021) (Proposed December 2022)

- 20. Establishment of Kidney Hospital, Sylhet (July 2020 June 2023
- 21. Establishment of Gazipur Diabetics Hospital

(July 2020 - June 2023)

22. Establishment of Samsuddin Golezan Training complex and Health Center for welfare of disable, widow and extreme poor people

(July 2020 - June 2022)

23. Use of Sustainable Green House Technology in Agriculture and Supply Advance Agricultural Input to Recover Economic Loss of Corona

(January 2021 - June 2022)

24. Sustainable training in improving the living standards of the poor, widows, unemployed, disabled, marginalized and disadvantaged people

(January 2021 – December, 2022)

25. Establishment of Heart Foundation Hospital, Chapainawabganj

(July 2020 - June 2023)

- 26. Establishment of Bangladesh Daridro Bimochon Songstha Health Service Center in Charfashion Upazila (January 2021 – June 2023)
- 27. Establishment of Khan Bari Community Hospital, Panchkhola, Madaripur

(January 2021 – December, 2023)

28. Establishing Inclusive Eye Care Facilities in Sylhet District

(Januray 2021 – December 2023)

29. Providing training in various trades for social development and empowerment of

marginalized, backward, orphaned and disadvantaged people

(January 2021 – December 2022)

30. Prafulla Prativa Old Home, Orphanage and Autistic Help Center, Magura

(July 2020 – June 2022)

(Proposed June 2023)

- 31. Improving the quality of life of the neglected, disadvantaged youth and young women of Patuakhali district through various trainings (July 2021 June 2023).
- 32. Development of Socio-Economic condition of Miserable, Widow, Husband Abandoned & Extreme Poor People by Employment Work Training(July 2021 June 2023)
- 33. Prottoy: Development Through Youth Training (July 2021 June 2023)
- 34. Surveillance and Security for Eighty Five Sarkari Shishu Paribar through Controlled entry and Digital monitoring system (July 2021 June 2023)
- 35. Awareness raising and medial management of Arsenics patient (July 2021 December 2022)
- 36. Development of Backward Classes Project on Mobile Servicing, Driving, TV-Fridge Repair and Tailor Science and Embroidery Training for Socio-Economic (July 2021 - June 2023)
- 37. 'Poverty alleviation through training of poor, helpless and poor people of Kotalipara, Tungipara and Muksudpur upazilas of Gopalganj district through development of trade-based skills and increasing capacity to earn income'-title project (October/21-September/23)

38. 'Rehabilitation and Socio-Economic Development through various trade-based trainings of poor and helpless communities of Islampur, Melandah and Bakshiganj upazilas of Jamalpur district'- headline project (October/21-September/23) 39. Establishment of 100 bedded National Heart Foundation Hospital, Jamalpur (July 2022 - June 2024)		
b) Old Age Allowance c) Allowance for the Widow and Husband Deserted Women	All the eligible senior citizens will be covered under the scheme of old age allowance in a phased manner. All the eligible widows and husband deserted and destitute women will be covered under the scheme of allowance in a phased manner.	
d) Allowances Program for Persons with Disabilities	According to the data of Disability Information System (DIS), all the beneficiaries 29 lakh people will be given allowance in the current financial year 2023-24. Since this is an ongoing process, the government plans to increase its coverage every year.	
E) Education Stipend Programme for the Student with Disabilities	To ensure education stipend programme all eligible benificiries for will be covered under the education stipend programme. As it is on going process, the government will plan to increase its coverage every year.	
F) Tea Workers' Livelihood Development Program	All Tea workers will be covered under the scheme of Livelihood development Program in a phased manner.	
G) Beggar's rehabilitation and alternative employment	Half of the beggers will be rehabilitated under this Programme in a phased manner.	
h) Livelihood development Program for Bede Community	a) By 2030, Eradicate extreme Poverty for all people everywhere.	
And Program for Improving the Living Standard of Underprivileged Communities3	b)By 2030, Reduce at least by half of the proportion of men, women and Children of all ages living in poverty in all the dimensions	
	3)Implementation national appropriate social protection system and measures	

for all including floors and by 2030 achieved sustainable coverage of the poor and vulnerable.

5) By 2030, Eliminate, Gender Disperties in education and ensure equal access for vulnerable, including persons indigenous vulnerable situations.

i) "Financial Assistance Scheme for Patients with Cancer, Kidney, Liver Cirrhosis, Paralyzed by Stroke, Congenital Heart Disease and Thalassemia Policy 2019 (Revised)" has been formulated

"Financial Through the policy Assistance Scheme for Patients with Kidney, Liver Paralyzed by Stroke, Congenital Heart Disease and Thalassemia Policy 2019 (Revised)", the Department of Social Services under the Ministry of Social Welfare has taken initiatives to provide financial assistance 50,000 taka per person once in a year through the 'Financial Assistance Program Patients Affected by Cancer, Kidney, Liver Cirrhosis, Paralyzed by Stroke, Congenital Heart Disease and Thalassemia' in 64 districts. In the financial years 2019-2020, 2020-2021, 2021-2022, the amount allocated to this sector was 150 crores per fiscal year. The allocation for the financial year 2022-2023 was Tk 200 crore.

In the current fiscal year 2023-2024 Tk. 200 crore has been allocated

j) In 2009 the Ministry of Social Welfare took up the project titled "Services for Children at Risk" (SCAR) with financial assistance from the World Bank (IDA Credit) to provide protection and immediate services to underprivileged and at-risk children with the aim of expanding the child-friendly policy of the government and to reach of the social safety net. After completion the project successfully the activities have been operating as a program named Sheikh Russel Shishu Proshikshan O Punarbasan Kendra by special allocation of Government.

1)Under this program at present there are 13 Sheikh Russel Shishu Proshikshan O Through the construction of permanent infrastructure of Sheikh Russel Shishu Proshikshan O Punarbasan Kendras with modern facilities in all districts of the country, underprivileged, endangered and at-risk children from 06 to under 18 years of age like working children, fatherless children, father/motherless children from all over Bangladesh. Children, neglected and unattended children, children engaged in domestic work, children rescued from trafficking, missing/runaway children, victims of child marriage, abused and exploited children, children in contact with the law, children victims of Punarbasan Kendra established in Gazipur, Chittagong, Khulna, Rajshahi, Sylhet, Barguna, Faridpur, Barisal, Rangpur, Kushtia, Cox's Bazar, Jamalpur and Shibgani, Chapainawabgani districts providing services children from 06 to under 18 years of age and ensured services for their protection.

accidents, disabled through providing various services (food, necessary clothing, health care, psycho-social support, skills development, life education (formal and informal) and training based on the interests and abilities of children above 14 years of age) to reintegrate into the mainstream of society by ensuring reintegration into family/relatives/extended family or resettlement through other institutions/alternative livelihood development project proposal (DPP) titled Sheikh Russel Shishu Proshikshan O Punarbasan Kendra in 19 districts of the country with government's fund to implement the great promise given by the Prime Minister, considering the need for permanent housing for the protection of children and normal development have prepared Planning and Development Branch of department of Social Services. Final DPP is under process in Ministry of Social Welfare for project implementation.

k) At present, Hospital Social Services Program is being implemented in 533 units across the country, among which 113 units at the district level and 420 units at the upazila level.

In FY2022-2023, a total of 7,91,142 patients have been served financially and socially through free medicin, medical aids, transportation of corpses and funeral, diagnostic costs, transportation fare, blood, clothing, crutches, wheelchairs, artificial limbs, counseling, motivation, follow-up and rehabilitation etc.

In FY2022-2023, a total of BDT 25, 49,45,674 has been spent for patients from yearly grants of Bangladesh National socialwelfare council, donations and zakat

By 2030, the target is to ensure services to a minimum 6.50 lakh extremely poor and indigent patients annually.

To achieve the target, the following actions have already been taken:

Speed up the local fundraising activities of all the 'Rogi Kallayan Samitee's.

Strengthen monitoring and follow-up by the head office.

Vigorous campaigning through issuing leaflets, brochures, booklets, and nationwide distribution of TVC documentaries on the program for mass

received through Rogi Kallayan Samitee' ('Patient Welfare Association).

L) "Probation and aftercare services" program is being conducted in a total of 70 units in 64 districts, including 6 CMM Courts. Under this program Probation of Offenders Ordinance, 1960 (amended 1964) apart from the Children Act, 2013(amended 2018) and Karagare Atok Sajaprapto Narider Bishes Subidha Act, 2006 are currently being implemented. The main objective is to prevent re-offending, reintegration of probationers into society after correction and thus reduce the number of crimes in society;

In FY2022-2023:

- 1)The number of probationers granted is 5695
- 2)The number of children who received diversion is 1055
- 3)The number of children deprived of benefits sent to alternative care is 775
- 4)The number of rehabilitation of persons is 5631.

The total number of beneficiaries of probation & aftercare program is 13,156.

M) The Dept. of Social Services under the Ministry of Social Welfare, in accordance with the provisions of the Orphanage and Widows' Homes Act, 1944 and the Children Act, 2013, nurtures fatherless or orphaned children in a family environment with love and care, providing them with appropriate education including family ties, sense of responsibility and discipline. Government children's families have been set up all over the country with the aim of making them good citizens through training. At present, the total number of child families in all districts is 85, Boys: 43, Girls: 41, Mixed: 01. Approved Seats: 10300 (Boys-5450, Girls-4850 people) At present 7081 boys & girls are being nurtured in 85 children over the country.

publicity and mass promotion in electronic, social and print media

By 2030, the target is to ensure services to minimum 15 thousand beneficiaries annually.

To achieve the target, following actions have already been taken:

- 1)Strengthening monitoring and supervision by head office to increase probation cases and diversion.
- 2)Strengthening communication and coordination with all stakeholders to increase probation cases and diversion by probation officers.
- 3)Initiating at least one opportune trade in all prisons of the country along with existing trades.
- 4) Capacity building of all probation officers.

Formulating and enacting Probation Act by repealing Probation of offenders Ordinance,1960.

By 2030, the number of beneficiaries will be increased to 100% as per the approved seats. Mass publicity campaigns can be carried out on the target.

Besides, meritorious students who are staying in the institution and who have left the institution with good results and are studying in higher education are given a onetime merit scholarship every year. N)Traditionally, the people of Bangladesh The number of residents receiving are determined to take up the responsibility capitation grants can be increased to of bringing up neglected poor orphans. All 1,50,000 by 2030 by including orphans the religious people of Bangladesh have as well as disadvantaged children. The been running private orphanages for the existing policy of 2015 regarding payment of capitation grant may be upbringing of orphans. Since the 1960s, the Department of Social Services has provided amended. support for the smooth running of these private orphanages. Which is known as capitation grant. In the last financial year 2022-23, a capitation grant of Rs 280 crore has been disbursed against 1,16,666 boys and girls orphan through out the country. o) To Provide Support to vulnerable group as Number of Beneficiaries will be women, children and elderly people DSS has increased. run different types of programs as Baby Home, Day Care Centre, Safe Home for Women and Children, Artificial Organ Production Centre and Braille press. There is also three Child Development Centre under DSS. p) Implementation of Rural Social Services 1)The Ministry of Social Welfare Programme-2010" (Third Edition) has been provides micro-credit to the target poor formulated. people up to Tk. 50,000 with 5% service charge on easy terms. 2)In the current Fiscal Year 2023-24, the allocation has got Tk. 29.23 Crore from the Ministry. Projection of microcredit in the next financial year 2024-25 and 2025-26 is estimated at 35.45 crore and 37.11 crore respectively, which is 10% more than the previous financial year. Up to 2030 this 10% budget will increase as well as the beneficiary will increase. 3)An addition allocation of Tk. 275 crore is proposed in the 2023-24 FY. At present the number of project village is 52183 which were 47753 in previous 2022-23 FY. The number of project villages has increased to 4430 in the last

one year. If the proposed funds are

Q) Urban Community Development Program Provides interest free micro credit for Underprivileged and low income Communities. Almost 1,58,387 families taken micro credit and utilized in their small business or any other income generating activities from 80s urban community development office.

available, the number of project villages will increase by about 21,000 up to 2030. 4)Total number of beneficiaries through micro-credit from beginning is 34 lakh 90 thousand and 770. Current number of beneficiaries is 9 lakh 68 thousand and 276. In the financial year 2022-23 the number of beneficiaries is 44373 as against 12754 in the previous year. This has increased by 31619 in one year. If the micro-loan money is disbursed, the number of beneficiaries will increase about 7 times in next 7 financial years. 5) The Department of Social Services has started a pilot project named Micro Credit Management System (MCMS) software with the aim of digitizing all micro credit programs. After the completion of piloting, the microcredit in all Upzila will come under the software. So RSS program will be more dynamic.

- 1. Increase revolving fund for investment in every financial year.
- 2. Increase micro credit ceiling up to 1, 00000 from 50,000.
- 3. Activate Micro Credit Management System (MCMS) software to bring all forms of micro credit in one umbrella.
- 4.Giving microcredit informing training for all beneficiaries to ensure best utilization of micro credit and to achieve sustainable coverage of the poor and vulnerable.

R)UCD program Provides occupation based skill development training to youth(14-45) to generate new employment specially for handicapped people .

A grand total of **3,36,887** persons with **2,02,132** male and **1,34,755** female trainers have taken skill development training in 23 trades from 80s skill development training centers and generated opportunities of their own employment.

- 1. Ensuring NSDA registration of all 80's skill development training centers and run their occupation to provide modern training as international standard.
- 2. Provide training on Software development and Advance networking trade to build a nation capable to face 4 th industrial revolution.
- 3. Bringing all forms of Skill Development training run by DSS under

Government of the people Bangladesh has achieved from 20% to under 15.6 GDG 5% to 8.51% within	to reduce poverty 5% and increased the year 2025.	under NISE software (dss.nise.gov.bd) platform to ensure best employment of the trainers. 4. Arrange re-skilling and up-skilling training to risk of job loss made by 4 th IR. 5. Running Skill development training for orphan and Physically handicapped.	
Presently 103 disabilty servicenter are functioning.		n 2014, Hon'ble Prime Minister kindly directed the expansion of Disability Service Centers in all upazilas. For the implementation of the said directive, activities have already been taken to approve a project to start disability services and help centers in 211 upazilas. By 2030, it will be possible to implement the activities of disability services and help centers in all the remaining upazilas. 1.The academic building and therapy center construction project of Goleja Khatun Intellectually Handicapped College and Autistic School will be completed in June 2026. 2.Setting up of computer labs for training of PWDs and implementation of training schemes for PWDs. 3.Construction of specialized hospitals by 2030. SDG Targets & Indicator by 14.2.1.	
Provide grants National Organizations;	·	Under the Bangladesh National Social Welfare Council Act-2019 Article-5 all the activities listed in column 2 will be	
2. Provide Grants Co-ordin (UCD);	national Council	accomplished by 2030.	
•	Patient Welfare		
4. Provide grants prison, c	orrection and		

Rehabilitation association;

- Provide grants registered voluntary organizations;
- 6. Provide support for better living of eathnic

minor groups and communities;

- 7. Provide support for education of students of eathnic minor groups and communities;
- 8. Provide support for river erosion effected

people to build accomodation;

- Provide support for tea-garden worker to build sustainable accommodation;
- Provide support for beggers of rehabilitation;
- 11. Provide special grants for poor, destitute, disable, helpless and marginal people;
- 12. Provide support for meritorious, poor,

disable students.

Social protection and jobs:

- (a) A project titled "Autism and NDD Services Centre" for providing services to persons with NDD and Autism in 14 districts of Bangladesh by a multidisciplinary team under the supervision of the NDD Protection Trust is under implementation.
- (b) Annual financial lump grants and special grants for the PwNDDs are being given routinely.
- (a) A project titled "8 Centres for the Shelter, Education, Training, Employment and Rehabilitation for the Persons with NDDs" undertaken by NDD Protection Trust to be implimented by 2030.
- (b) A project titled "Shokkhom" for the employment of PwNDDs undertaken by NDD Protection Trust to be implemented by 2030.

	rate in different level as primary level 900/-tk., secondary level 950/- tk., higher secondary level 950/-tk. and university level 1350/- tk. and total budget is 112,74 core tk.		
Education	2023-24, one lac disable students will be benefitted this program where the stipend	beneficiary will be increased.	
ming	students with disability. In the financial year	will be increased as well as the	
3.Transfor	DSS runs Education Stipend Program for the	Number of Schools and Training Centers	
2.Energy Compacts	N/A	N/A	
2.Energy	(g) NDD Protection Trust along with the technical assistance of World Health Organization (WHO), has undertaken an elaborate program titled "Caregiver Skill Training (CST)" for the awareness of the parents and guardians having children with autism and NDD about the rights of their children's health, care, education etc. N/A	N/A	
	(f) NDD Protection Trust is conducting inclusive training programs for the teachers of the special schools to update them with the NDD related knowledge.		
	(e) NDD Protection Trust is conducting awareness training programs for the parents/guardians/caregivers of the PwNDDs.		
	(d) NDD Protection Trust and Sadharon Bima Corporation a state oened Insurance Company have jointly launched an insurance Policy titled "Bangabandhu Surakkha Bima" (Bangabandhu Protection Insurance Policy), and its piloting has already been finished. The Trust in cooperation with Shadharon Bima Corporation will launch the program throughout the country the soonest.		
	(c) Special medical grants provided to PwNDDs, or their parents or guardians to further ease the financial burden incurred due to medical expenses.		

Besides DSS has many schools and training centres for students with disability as Integrated Visually Impaired Education Program, Schools for the Visually Impaired, Training and Rehabilitation Centre for the visually Impaired, National Special Education Centere and Government Speech Disability Schools. Braille press is set up for the education purpose of Visually impaired Students.

Technical training center for orphans and disabled children was established in fiscal year 2005-2006 to provide technical training in various trades to orphans and disabled children across the country under the Department of Social Services. From 2013-2014 financial year, orphans and disabled children aged 18-25 years are receiving modern technical training and getting employment and rehabilitation opportunities in these centers. As a result, they are able to contribute to the national economic activities as well as becoming self-reliant without being a burden to the society and family. 06 technical training centers for orphans and disabled children have been set up in 06 divisions of the country with the aim of rehabilitating the trainees in the society through jobs and self-employment. All of which are mixed and have 100 seats. Total Sanctioned Seats: 600. Currently 419 trainees are taking training from those 6

The number of trainees can be increased by 2030 through massive publicity campaigns

A pre-vocational training program was started in a total of 5 child families in the country to develop the residents of government child families as skilled artisans. In this center children are trained in light engineering, diesel mechanism, general fitters, welding, wood work etc. So that the trained residents can be well established in the society. Total number of institutions over the country: 05 out of which 02 boys and 03 girls. Currently 105 trainees are taking training from those 5 centers.

By the year 2030, the participation of students in training program who are lagging behind in education can be significantly increased. MoUs can be signed with private organizations about the purpose.

	D: 1994	D 2020 1: 11 1 1 1 1:
	Disability schools: Under the coverage of Integrated education	By 2030, disabled schools will be set up in all districts and upazilas as per Special
	plan-2019, JPUF is administrating 74	Education Policy 2019.
	Disability schools having 10,898 students.	SDG Targets & Indicator by 4.5.
	Transforming Education:	(a)The drafted combined curriculum for PwNDDs is to be implemented by 2030.
	(a) A broad-based, inclusive and	1
	comprehensive curriculum for the persons with neurodevelopmental disability (PwNDDs) has already been formulated in consultation with the concerned stakeholders from all sectors (such as: academicians, educationists, health sector professionals, sociologist, psychologist, and so on) under the supervision of the Neurodevelopmental Disability Protection Trust, Ministry of Social Welfare.	(b) For the implementation of the above mention curriculum, special schools will be set up across the country by 2030.
	(b) Special Schools for the PwNDDs are being set up across the country as a reflection of "Combined special Education Policy, 2019".	
4.Food Systems	N/A	N/A
5.Digital	Four main Allowance as Old Age	All the allowances are given digitally
Transforma	Allowance, Widow and Husband Deserted	through MFS system in 2030.By 2030,
tion	Women Allowanc, Disability Allowance	the target is to digitalize activities of all
	and Eucation Stipend for students with Disability are given digitally through MFS	hospital social services units through digital hospital management system.
	system that means Mobile financial sytem.	
	Bkash ,Nagad and Bank Asia is our partner.	
	An integrated digital Software development is in progress.	
	All kinds of grants, support have been	Bangladesh National Social Welfare
	provided through Electronic Fund	Council's all kinds of grants, stipends
	Transferred(EFT) and Government to	and support will be provided under the
	Person(G2P) method.	management of the Integrated Digital Sevices Delivery Platform by regulated Ministry of Social Welfare.
	5. Digital Transformation:	(a)New version of the existing apps will
	(a) Modern technology based assistive tools,	be introduced and other apps will be launched by 2030.
	apps (Autism Barta and Bolte Chai) and	,
	devices are being developed under NDD	

	Protection Trust to ameliorate the lifespan needs and intricacies experienced from the impairments by the PwNDDs in every step in their lives. (b) To boost up NDD related awareness activities, NDD Protection Trust has undertaken various initiatives for the advocacy and sensitization of the society such as print and electronic media coverage like magazine articles, newspapers, TV commercials, documentaries, talk shows, short films, social media coverage (Facebook, YouTube), and so on.	(b) Modern technology based sophiscated assistive devices will be introduced within 2030.
6.Biodivers	N/A	N/A
ity and		
nature		1.0
7.Gender	a) These projects have been taken within	1. Reconstruction of the Existing 06 (six)
equality	2018-23 specially for women to develop their skill -	Government Shelters (Vagrant) Homes
	1.Training on income-generating activities	2.Establishment Of Transit Shelter
	for poor and helpless women of different	Home, Jessore
	upazilas of Faridpur and Rajbari districts (July/19- June/21) 2. Providing vocational training to improve	3. Reconstruction of Six Safe Home for Women and Adolescent Custody Centre
	the quality of life of neglected, widowed, poor, backward and backward communities (January/2020 to December/2021)	
	3. Sustainable training to improve the quality of life of poor, widows, unemployed,	
	disabled, marginalized and underprivileged	
	communities (January/2021- December/2022)	
	4. Mitigating Corona economic damage by	
	increasing agricultural production through	
	use of sustainable greenhouse technology	
	and supply of improved agricultural inputs (January/2021-June/2022)	
	5. Improvement of socio-economic condition	
	of destitute, widowed and orphan women in	
	5 districts of the country through driving	
	training (Jan/2020 - Dec/2021	
	6. A project to improve the socio-economic	
	condition of the destitute, widows, husband deserters and poor people through	
	deserters and poor people unough	

December, 2023)	Poor People by		
8. Use of Sustainable Technology in Agricult Advance Agricultural Ir Economic Loss of Coron June 2022)	ure and Supply aput to Recover		
9. Safe Motherhood A Upazillas of Comilla ii(October/2018 - June/202	District. Phase-		
50240 women are develo	ped their skill by		
b) Under sheikh Russel Provides separate shelter boy children and 100 girl colothing, psycho-social service and education, children are various vocation employed in different type. To accelerate the rate of feall levels of education, 3 have provided formal education have been preducation by this time.	facilities for 100 hildren with food, support, health ldren aged above onal training and s of risk- free job. male education at 744 girl children ation and 3741girl	b) Equal number of accommodation facilities are planned for boy child and girl child at each centre.	
C) Regarding Hospital among the total number beneficiaries, 2,90,156 work have been provided fina services during FY2022-20	per of 7,91,142 men (almost 37%) ancial and social	The target is to reach 42% of the total number of beneficiaries per year by 2030.	

D) In 1973, the first steps were taken to implement the program at Women's Socio-Economic Center Mirpur, Dhaka and Shalbon, Rangpur. Socio-Economic Training Center was established with the purpose that the women of low and middle class families are able to improve the standard of living of the family by actively participating in increasing the income of the family through training. The two centers have the following training programs- 1. Manufacture of leather goods, 2. Batik printing, 3. Computer Training 4. Wool weaving, 5. Doll making, 6. Tailor science, 7. Embroidery, 8. Dress making and 9. Bamboo and cane work etc.	
Provide skill development training of registered voluntary organization executives in the ratio of male 376 and female 183 persons in the FY 2022-2023.	Bangladesh National Social Welfare Council's all kinds of grants, supports and skill development training will be ensured gender equality.
Cross-cutting issues refer to factors that intersect with various domains and impact multiple aspects of a particular issue. In the context of neurodevelopmental disabilities with an emphasis on gender equality, there are several cross-cutting issues to consider:	
1.Access to healthcare: NDDP trust encouraged equal opportunities for Women and girls with neurodevelopmental disabilities in accessing appropriate healthcare through ensuring equal access to healthcare services, including diagnostic assessments, therapies, and treatments, regardless of gender.	
2.Education and employment opportunities: NDDP trust has been encouraging promoting gender equality in education and employment for individuals with neurodevelopmental disabilities by encouraging inclusive education, vocational	

	training, and equal employment opportunities to break down barriers and foster independence and self-sufficiency.		
	3.Social stigma and discrimination: NDDP trust has been addressing societal attitudes and misconceptions for both genders for reducing stigmatization and promoting acceptance that can contribute to gender quality by ensuring equal opportunities for all individuals with neurodevelopmental disabilities.		
	4.Support for caregivers: NDDP Trust has rightly recognized and has been addressing the caregiving burden on families and caregivers. Gender equality can be promoted by providing support services, respite care, and equitable policies that alleviate the disproportionate impact on women and girls who often assume caregiving responsibilities.		
	5.Research and data collection: Trust is collecting gender-disaggregated data and conducting research specifically focused on the intersection of neurodevelopmental disabilities and gender can help identify disparities, develop targeted interventions, and advocate for gender-inclusive policies and services.		
8. Finance	National Revenue Budget, Regarding Hospital Social Services, yearly grants from Bangladesh National Social Welfare council, donations and zakat received through the Rogi Kallayan Samitee.		
	Under the stipulated mandate, NDD trust has been using its interest benefit of permanent fund as well as current fund allocated by the ministry for the	To further boost up these programs, to undertake initiatives and to achieve the SDG goals by 2030, NDD Protection Trust is looking forward to raising fund	

9. Data	implementation of the ongoing programs. Trust is planning to accumulate funds from private and corporate sources to extend it activities and finance welfare and capacity enhancement activities. MIS, DIS, MCMS software, Monthly reports from the field-level units. Up to date performance data of NDD Protection Trust:	from different national and international sources keeping with the concerned NDD Protection trust Act, 2013. NDD Protection Trust aims to take different development projects and
	 (a) NDD Protection Trust has provided caregiver skill training to 360 parents and guardians of the PwNDDs till date. (b) NDD Protection Trust has provided orientation training to 300 teachers of special schools. (c) Till date NDD protection Trust has given medical lump grand to 8500 beneficiaries amounting tk8.5 crore. (d) Till date NDD protection Trust has given special medical lump grand to 14 beneficiaries amounting tk6.5 luck. (e) Under "Bangabandhu Protection Insurance" NDD Protection Trust has already settled claims of 165 insured persons within an amount of Tk. 11 lack. (f) A project titled "Autism and NDD Service Centre" is under implementation currently and a couple of other projects regarding the all-out development of the PwNDDs are under preparation right now. 	initiative by 2030.
10.Localiza tion	All over the country.	
11.Trade	Tailoring and dress making, mobile servicing, driving, computer &IT and etc.	
12.Public sector capabilities	We have been taken 39 development projects with government and non-government organization. Where 33 non-government organizations are capable there own service.	

- (a)NDD Protection Trust along with other public sectors (such as health, education and so on) has already undertaken different projects and initiatives for the development of the PwNDDs under its mandate.
- (b) Limited resources, logistics and infrastructure, NDD Protection Trust is endeavoring to ensure the good governance and coordination at all levels with a view to properly implement the initiatives ensuring to address all the issues encountered by the PwNDDs within the SDG framework.
- (a) NDD Protection Trust along with other public sectors (such as health, education and so on) has huge scope and potentials to undertake various projects and initiatives for the development of the PwNDDs under its mandate in the days ahead and by 2030.
- (b) Given all the limitations, NDD Protection Trust is envisioning to undertake all out effort to further enhance capacity building to address all the NDD challenges in the path of achieving SDG transformation.