

Monthly Report on Fiscal-Macro Position

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Published By:

Macroeconomic Wing
Finance Division, Ministry of Finance

VOL. XXIII, NO. 2, AUGUST 2024, FISCAL YEAR 2024-25

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EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

The August 2024 issue of the report on the Fiscal-Macro position contains relevant data and analysis on the movement of major macroeconomic variables in the current month compared to the same period of the previous year. An overview of the report is given below:

Fiscal Sector

Revenue collection after August FY25 demonstrated a minimal upward trend. Tax revenue of July-August FY25 decreased by 7.11 percent but non-tax revenue increased by 31.03 percent than that of July-August FY24. The overall increase in revenue is 2.41 percent on July-August FY25 compared to that of July-August FY24. Total operating expenditure increased by 28.89 percent to Tk. 53,447.41 crore in July-August FY25 compared to Tk. 41,466.31 crore in July-August FY24. However, the ADP implementation in July-August FY25 decreased by 54.05 percent compared to that of July-August FY24. Overall government expenditure increased by 16.18 percent in July-August FY25 compared to that of July-August FY24¹.

Monetary Sector

Broad money (M2) increased by 7.86 percent at the end of August FY25 compared to that of August FY24. Of the sources of broad money, Net Domestic Asset (NDA) increased by 11.55 percent while Net Foreign Asset decreased by 11.11 percent. Reserve money increased by 9.85 percent at the end of August 2024 compared to that of August 2023. Money multiplier increases to 5.25 at the end of August 2024 in comparison to that of at the end of August 2023.

External Sector

In August FY25, Export growth increased by 5.6 percent compared to that of August FY24. During July-August FY25, Export growth increased by 4.27 percent compared to the exports of July-August FY24. Imports decreased by 14.08 percent after July-August FY25 compared to that of July-August FY24. Workers' remittances during July-August FY25 increased by 15.82 percent to USD 4,137.73 million against USD 3,572.60 million that of July-August FY24. The current account surplus increased to US\$ 111 million compared to a deficit of US\$ 610 million for the same period of the previous fiscal year. The overall deficit reduced at US\$ 1,399 million at the end of August FY25 compared to 1,695 million US\$ deficit at the same time of the previous year. Gross foreign exchange reserves stood at USD 25.58 billion in August FY25 which was sufficient to pay import liability of 4.77 months, considering the average of the previous 12 months' imports.

Real Sector

The industrial production of Large Scale increased by 3.45 percent whereas, SMME Scale and Cottage Scale decreased by 0.35 percent and 1.65 percent respectively during August 2024 compared to the same period of the previous fiscal year. Point to point inflation decreased to 10.49 percent in August FY25 from 11.66 percent of July FY25 where food inflation decreased a bit from 14.10 to 11.36 percent, non-food inflation increased a bit from 9.68 percent to 9.74 percent. On twelve-month average basis, inflation rose to 9.94 percent in August FY25 from 9.89 percent in July FY25, which is 3.94 percentage point higher than the target of 6.0 percent for FY25.

¹ Fiscal sector data collected from iBAS on 31 October 2024 *VOL. XXIII, NO. 2, AUGUST 2024, FY2024-25*

1. FISCAL SECTOR

1.1 Revenue Earnings

Revenue collection after August FY25 demonstrated a minimal upward trend. Tax revenue of July-August FY25 decreased by 7.11 percent but non-tax revenue increased by 31.03 percent than that of July-August FY24. The overall increase in revenue is 2.41 percent on July-August FY25 compared to that of July-August FY24.



Chart 1.1: Trend of Government's monthly revenue earnings

Source: Integrated Budgeting & Accounting System (iBAS++), Finance Division;

Table 1.1: Revenue Earnings (crore taka)

	Tax Revenue			Non-Tax	Total Revenue	
Period	NBR	Non-NBR	Total	Revenue	1 otal Reveilue	
2024-25 (July-Aug)	44,125.52	1,229.82	45,355.34	21,270.05	66,625.39	
2023-24 (July-Aug)	47,460.49	1,366.58	48,827.08	16,232.98	65,060.06	
Growth (%)	(7.03)	(10.01)	(7.11)	31.03	2.41	
2023-24 (Actual)	361,457.68	8,323.36	369,781.04	39,266.16	409,047.21	
2022-23 (Actual)	319,844.32	7,949.84	327,794.15	38,952.19	366,746.34	
Growth (%)	13.01	4.70	12.81	0.81	11.53	

Source: Integrated Budgeting & Accounting System (iBAS++), Finance Division.

1.2 Government Expenditure

Total operating expenditure increased by 28.89 percent to Tk. 53,447.41 crore in July-August FY25 compared to Tk. 41,466.31 crore in July-August FY24. However, the ADP implementation in July-August FY25 decreased by 54.05 percent compared to that of July-August FY24. The overall development expenditure has decreased by 53.97 percent compared to that of the previous year. Overall government expenditure increased by 16.18 percent in July-August FY25 compared to that of July-August FY24. According to the Implementation, Monitoring and Evaluation Division (IMED) of the Ministry of Planning, the execution rate of ADP is 0.96 percent.

Table 1.2: Government Expenditure (Crore taka)

	2024-25 (July-Aug)	2023-24 (July-Aug)	Growth (%) (July-Aug)	2023-24	2022-23	Yearly Growth (%)
a1. Operating Recurrent	53,121.38	41,248.61	28.78	395,798.63	357,147.46	10.82
Expenditure						
Pay and Allowances	9,951.01	7,807.36	27.46	67,383.30	63,847.06	5.54
Use of Goods and Services	2,606.53	1,948.12	33.80	39,632.64	33,921.66	16.84
Interest Payment	27,955.96	15,362.59	81.97	114,756.11	92,110.18	24.59
Domestic	25,713.12	13,588.44	89.23	99,605.73	82,672.76	20.48
Foreign	2,242.83	1,774.16	26.42	15,150.38	9,437.43	60.54
Subsidies and Transfer	12,607.88	16,130.54	-21.84	174,026.59	167,268.56	4.04
a2. Operating Capital	326.03	217.70	49.76	14,163.23	12,817.15	10.50
Expenditure						
a) Total Operating	53,447.41	41,466.31	28.89	409,961.87	369,964.60	10.81
Expenditure (a1+a2)						
b) Outlay for Food	2,888.61	2,075.24	39.19	-1,295.03	1,013.46	-227.78
Accounts						
c) Loans and Advances-Net	-571.95	-1,285.37	-55.50	-8,588.02	-2,178.41	294.23
d) Development	4,378.25	9,511.51	-53.97	210,181.44	205,509.71	2.27
Expenditure						
Of which ADP	4,362.61	9,495.06	-54.05	196,017.69	192,278.87	1.94
Total Expenditure	60,142.32	51,767.69	16.18	610,260.26	574,309.36	6.26
(a+b+c+d)						
Total Expenditure	14.41	13.99	0.42	13.75	12.79	0.96
(as % of GDP)						
Memo Item:GDP	5,006,782.00	4,439,273.00	12.78	4,439,273.00	4,490,800.00	-1.15

Source: Finance Division and Latest BBS Publications with the new base 2015-16. * Projected GDP for FY2023-24.

1.3 Budget Deficit

The budget surplus (including grants) for July-August FY25 was Tk 7,250.98 crore which is 0.14 percent of the projected GDP for FY25. For the same period of the previous Fiscal Year, the overall budget surplus was taka - 13,829.74 crore which was 0.31 percent of GDP of that year.

Table 1.3: Budget Balance (Crore taka)

Year	Overall Balance	Overall Balance as % of GDP	GDP
2024-25 (July-Aug)	7,250.98	0.14	5,006,782.00
2023-24 (July-Aug)	13,829.74	0.31	4,439,273.00
2023-24	-194,909.53	-4.39	4,439,273.00
2022-23	-204,811.20	-4.79	4,490,800.00

Source: Integrated Budgeting & Accounting System (iBAS++), Finance Division;

1.4 Deficit Financing

The government has repaid some of its borrowing from the banking and non-banking sectors in the second month of the fiscal year.

Table 1.4: Deficit financing (Crore taka, Excluding Grants)

External Period			Domestic		Total	Financing
Period	(Net)	Bank	Non-Bank	Total	Financing	as % of GDP
2024-25 (July-Aug)	-2,951.08	-1,962.20	-2,286.97	-4,249.17	-7,200.24	-0.14
2023-24 (July-Aug)	599.56	2,947.09	-14,165.05	-11,217.96	-10,618.40	-0.24
2023-24	74,587.86	124,150.41	-2,690.21	121,460.19	196,048.06	4.42
2022-23	79,156.43	118,025.05	6,699.70	124,724.75	203,881.17	4.54
Target in 2023-24	90,700.00	137,500.00	23,400	-36,500	54,200	1.08
Financing comp	asition	External (Net)	Domestic			Total Financing
r maneing comp	JOSITIOII	External (Net)	Bank	Non-Bank	Total	1 otal 1 illanenig
2024-25 (July	-Aug)	40.99%	27.25%	31.76%	59.01%	100.00%
2023-24 (July	-Aug)	5.65%	27.75%	133.40%	105.65%	100.00%
2023-24		38.05%	63.33%	1.37%	61.95%	100.00%
2022-23		38.82%	57.89%	3.29%	61.18%	100.00%
Target in 202	23-24	167.34%	253.69%	43.17%	-67.34%	100.00%

Source: Integrated Budgeting & Accounting System (iBAS++), Finance Division (Self Calculation for Financing composition)

1.4.1 National Savings Certificates (NSCs)

NSCs gross sales decreased by 39.48 percent for July-August FY25 compared to that of July-August FY24. The net sales of NSCs during July-August FY25 increased by 478.10 percent compared to the same period of the previous year. The outstanding stock of NSCs stands at taka 343,854.43 crore at the end of August FY25 which is 4.39 percent lower compared to that of August FY24.

370,000.00 365,000.00 360,000.00 355,000.00 350,000.00 345,000.00 340,000.00 335,000.00 330,000.00 325,000.00 MARCH JUNE JULY JULY APRIL MΑΥ AUGUST SEPTEMBER OCTOBER NOVEMBER DECEMBER JANUARY FEBRUARY AUGUST FY 2023-24 FY 2024-25

Chart 1.2: Trend of monthly stock of NSC (crore Taka)

Source: Major Economic Indicators, Bangladesh Bank, Growth calculated over the same period of the previous year

Table 1.5 Net Sale and Repayment of NSCs (Crore taka)

Period	Gross Sale	Repayment (Principal)	Net Sale	Outstanding at the end of
				the period
2024-25 (July-Aug)	9,024.06	4,800.35	4,223.71	343,854.43
2023-24 (July-Aug)	14,910.26	16,027.35	-1,117.09	359,638.00
Growth (%)	-39.48	-70.05	478.10	-4.39
2023-24 (Actual)	80,858.63	84,154.56	-3,295.93	339,630.72
2022-23 (Actual)	108,070.53	88,154.78	19,915.75	360,755.09
Growth (%)	-25.18	-4.54	-116.55	-5.86

 $Source: Bangladesh\ Bank;\ ^*-Growth\ calculated\ over\ the\ same\ month\ of\ the\ previous\ year.$

2. MONETARY SECTOR

2.1 Monetary and Credit Development

Broad money (M2) increased by 7.86 percent at the end of August FY25 compared to that of August FY24. Of the sources of broad money, Net Domestic Asset (NDA) increased by 11.55 percent while Net Foreign Asset decreased by 11.11 percent. Despite strong public sector credit growth, government borrowing from the banking system contributed to the less than expected credit growth in the private sector.

Table 2.1: Monetary and Credit Development

	(Outstanding stoc	:k	% Changes in	
Items	at t	he end of the pe	riod	Outsta	anding stock
	Aug-23	Jun-24	Aug-24 over Aug-23	Aug-24 over June-24	
A. Net Foreign Assets (NFA)	2,721.92	3,062.20	2,911.29	-11.11	-6.50
B. Net Domestic Asset (NDA)	17,521.33	15,706.46	17,591.95	11.55	-0.40
a. Domestic Credit	21,178.10	19,225.68	21,155.25	10.16	0.11
Public Sector	4,751.08	4,273.11	4,742.96	11.19	0.17
Govt. (Net)	4,262.33	3,818.80	4,248.77	11.61	0.32
Other Public	488.74	454.31	494.19	7.58	-1.10
Private sector	16,427.03	14,952.57	16,412.29	9.86	0.09
b. Other Items (Net)	-3,656.77	-3,519.22	-3,563.30	3.91	2.62
C. Broad Money (A+B)	20,243.25	18,768.65	20,503.24	7.86	-1.27

Source: Monthly Economic Trends, Bangladesh Bank

2.2 Reserve Money Development

Reserve money increased by 9.85 percent at the end of August 2024 compared to that of August 2023. Money multiplier increases to 5.25 at the end of August 2024 in comparison to that of at the end of August 2023.

Table 2.2: Reserve money and money multiplier (Billion BDT)

	Outstandin	g Stock at the end o	Changes in Outstanding Stock		
Items	Aug-24	Aug-23	Jun-24	Aug-24 over Aug-23	Aug-24 over June-24
Reserve money	3,858	3,512	4,136	9.85%	-6.73%
Money multiplier	5.25	5.34	4.96	-0.10	0.29

Source: Major Economic Indicators, Bangladesh Bank

3. EXTERNAL SECTOR

3.1 Exports

In August FY25, Export growth increased by 5.6 percent compared to that of August FY24. During July-August FY25, Export growth increased by 4.27 percent compared to the exports of July-August FY24.

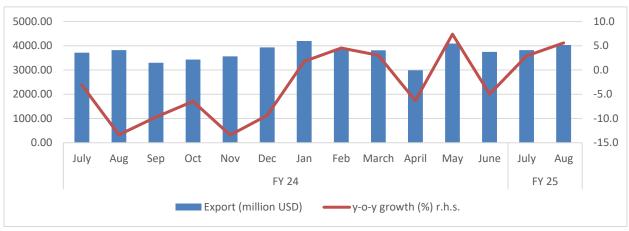


Chart 3.1: Monthly Trend of Exports

Source: Export Promotion Bureau, *Growth over the same period of the previous year

Table 3.1: Export Performance (Million US\$)

	2024-25	2023-24	2023-24	2022-23	
	(July-Aug)	(July-Aug) (July-Aug)		2022-23	
Export	7,857.30	7,535.70	44,474.80	46,494.60	
Growth*(%)	4.27	-8.59	-4.34	-10.73	

Source: Export Promotion Bureau, *Growth over the same period of the previous year;

3.2 Imports (C & F)

Imports decreased by 14.08 percent after July-August FY25 compared to that of July-August FY24. Import showing upward trend due to relaxation in some cases of tightening measures taken by Bangladesh Bank.

7000.00 20.0 6000.00 10.0 5000.00 0.0 4000.00 -10.0 3000.00 -20.0 2000.00 -30.0 1000.00 0.00 -40.0 July Sep Oct Nov Dec Jan Feb March April May June July Aug FY 24 FY 25 Import (million USD) y-o-y growth (%) r.h.s.

Chart 3.2: Monthly Trend of Import Payments

Source: Bangladesh Bank, *Growth over the same period of the previous year;

Table 3.2: Import Scenario (Million US\$)

Period	2024-25	2023-24	2023-24	2022-23
renod	(July-Aug)	(July-Aug)		
Import payments	9,772.25	11,374.25	63,226.17	68,600.80
Growth (%)	-14.08%	-20.84	-7.83	-23.06

Source: Bangladesh Bank, *Growth over the same period of the previous year;

3.3 Remittances

Workers' remittances during July-August FY25 increased by 15.82 percent to USD 4,137.73 million against USD 3,572.60 million that of July-August FY24. Various initiatives of the Government to incentivize remittance inflow such as 2.5 percent cash incentive, easing the rules on the furnishing of documents and depreciation of exchange rate (BDT/USD) might have worked on the overseas migrants to send remittances through legal channel.

3000 50.0 40.0 2500 30.0 2000 20.0 10.0 1500 0.0 1000 -10.0500 -20.0 0 -30.0 July Aug Sep Oct Nov Dec Jan Feb Mar Apr May Jun July Aug FY 24 FY 25 Remittance (million USD) y-o-y growth (%) r.h.s.

Chart 3.3: Monthly Trend of Remittance

Source: Bangladesh Bank, *Growth over the same period of the previous year;

11.00

15.82

2024-25 2023-24 (July-Aug) (July-Aug) 2023-24 2022-23 Remittances 4,137.73 3,572.60 23,912.22 21,610.73 As % of Export 52.66 47.41 53.77 46.48

4.65

10.65

Table 3.3: Remittance Performance (Million US\$)

9.28

-13.56

Source: Bangladesh Bank;

As % of GDP

Growth (%)

3.4 Balance of Payments (BOP)

The trade deficit gap narrowed in July-August of FY25 compared to the same period of the previous fiscal year as the import is put under stern monitoring by the Bangladesh Bank. The current account surplus increased to US\$ 111 million compared to a deficit of US\$ 610 million for the same period of the previous fiscal year. The negative

4.08

2.76

financial account balance reduced to US\$ 145 million from US\$1337 million for the same period of the previous fiscal year. Consequently, the overall deficit reduced at US\$ 1,399 million at the end of August FY25 compared to 1,695 million US\$ deficit at the same time of the previous year.

Table 3.4: Balance of Payments (Million US\$)

	2024-25	2023-24		
	(July-Aug)	(July-Aug)	2023-24	2022-23
Trade Balance	-2,754	-3,044	-22,432	-27,384
Current Account Balance	111	-610	-6,512	-11,633
Capital Account	66	11	554	475
Financial Account	-145	-1,337	4,546	6,890
Error & Omission	-1,431	241	-2,888	-3,954
Overall Balance	-1,399	-1,695	-4,301	-8,222

Source: Bangladesh Bank;

3.5 External Reserve

Gross foreign exchange reserves stood at USD 25.58 billion in August FY25 which was sufficient to pay import liability of 4.77 months, considering the average of the previous 12 months' imports.

Chart 3.4: Foreign Exchange Reserve (End of the month) 35.00 0.00 30.00 -5.00 25.00 -10.00 20.00 -15.00 15.00 -20.00 10.00 -25.00 5.00 0.00 -30.00 August Dec Feb March April June May July September October Nov Jan July FY 24 FY 25 Reserve (billion USD) y-o-y growth (%) r.h.s.

Source: Bangladesh Bank

3.6 Exchange Rate Movements

Exchange rate of Bangladesh Taka, against USD, depreciated by 8.05 percent during July-August of FY25 compared to the July-August of FY24. To contain the persistent foreign exchange pressure during FY25, Bangladesh Bank as well as the government took various policy measures; aided by steady inflow of remittances and lower import payments.

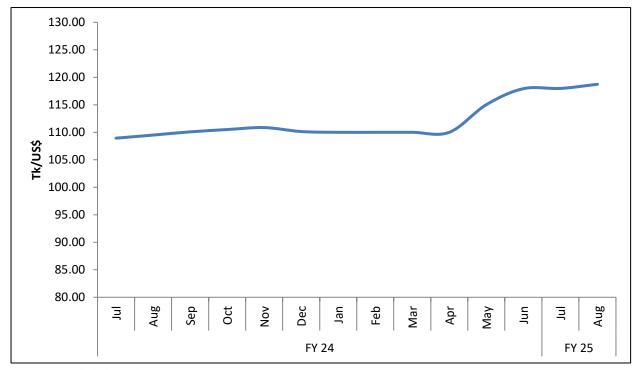


Chart 3.5: Exchange Rate Movement (Taka/US\$)

Source: Bangladesh Bank;

4. REAL SECTOR

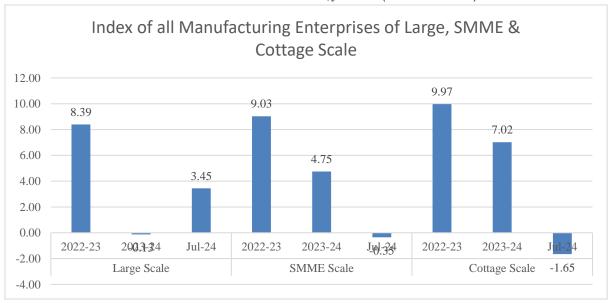
4.1 Industrial Production

The industrial production of Large Scale increased by 3.45 percent whereas, SMME Scale and Cottage Scale decreased by 0.35 percent and 1.65 percent respectively during August 2024 compared to the same period of the previous fiscal year.

Table 4.1: Industrial Production Statistics, June 2024 (Base: 2005-06=100)

		Monthly Index	2023-24	2022-23	
	Aug-24	Aug-23	Change	Change	Change
Large Scale	203.34	196.56	3.45	-0.13	8.39
SMME Scale	198.25	198.94	-0.35	4.75	9.03
Cottage Scale	195.71	198.99	-1.65	7.02	9.97

Chart 4.1: Industrial Production Statistics, June 2024 (Base: 2015-16=100)



Source: BBS

4.2 CPI Inflation

Point to point inflation decreased to 10.49 percent in August FY25 from 11.66 percent of July FY25 where food inflation decreased a bit from 14.10 to 11.36 percent, non-food inflation increased a bit from 9.68 percent to 9.74 percent. On twelve-month average basis, inflation rose to 9.94 percent in August FY25 from 9.89 percent in July FY25, which is 3.94 percentage point higher than the target of 6.0 percent for FY25.

Table 4.3: CPI Inflation (National) (Base 2015-16)

Fiscal Year	Twelve-Month Average Basis			Point to Point Basis		
	General	Food	Non-Food	General	Food	Non-Food
			2022-23			
Jul-22	6.33	6.31	6.35	7.48	8.19	6.39
Aug-22	6.66	6.71	6.58	9.52	9.94	8.85
Sep-22	6.96	7.04	6.84	9.1	9.08	9.13
Oct-22	7.23	7.32	7.1	8.91	8.5	9.58
Nov-22	7.48	7.55	7.37	8.85	8.14	9.98
Dec-22	7.7	7.75	7.62	8.71	7.91	9.96
Jan-23	7.92	7.92	7.92	8.57	7.76	9.84
Feb-23	8.14	8.08	8.23	8.78	8.13	9.82
Mar-23	8.39	8.31	8.53	9.33	9.09	9.72
Apr-23	8.64	8.52	8.81	9.24	8.84	9.72
May-23	8.8	8.6	9.1	9.94	9.2	10.0
Jun-23	9.0	8.7	9.4	9.74	9.7	9.6
		•	2023-24			
Jul-23	9.2	8.84	9.64	9.69	9.76	9.47
Aug-23	9.24	9.08	9.55	9.92	12.54	7.95
Sep-23	9.29	9.37	9.44	9.63	12.37	7.82
Oct-23	9.37	9.73	9.33	9.93	12.56	8.3
Nov-23	9.42	9.95	9.17	9.49	10.76	8.16
Dec-23	9.48	10.08	9.05	9.41	9.58	8.52
Jan-24	9.59	10.22	9.02	9.86	9.56	9.42
Feb-24	9.66	10.32	8.98	9.67	9.44	9.33
Mar-24	9.69	10.37	8.98	9.81	9.87	9.64
Apr-24	9.73	10.48	8.95	9.74	10.22	9.34
May-24	9.73	10.60	8.90	9.89	10.76	9.20
Jun-24	9.73	10.65	8.86	9.72	10.42	9.15
	•		2024-25			
Jul-24	9.89	11.02	8.88	11.66	14.1	9.68
Aug-24	9.94	10.92	9.03	10.49	11.36	9.74

Source: Bangladesh Bank

4.3 GDP Growth Outlook

The latest publication of the Bangladesh Bureau of Statistics (BBS) (with the new base 2015-16) shows that GDP grew by 5.78 percent in FY23. With this growth, per capita GNI rose to US\$ 2,749 at the end of FY23. According to the Medium-Term Macroeconomic Policy Statement (FY24 to FY26), the revised growth target for FY24 is 4.22 percent.