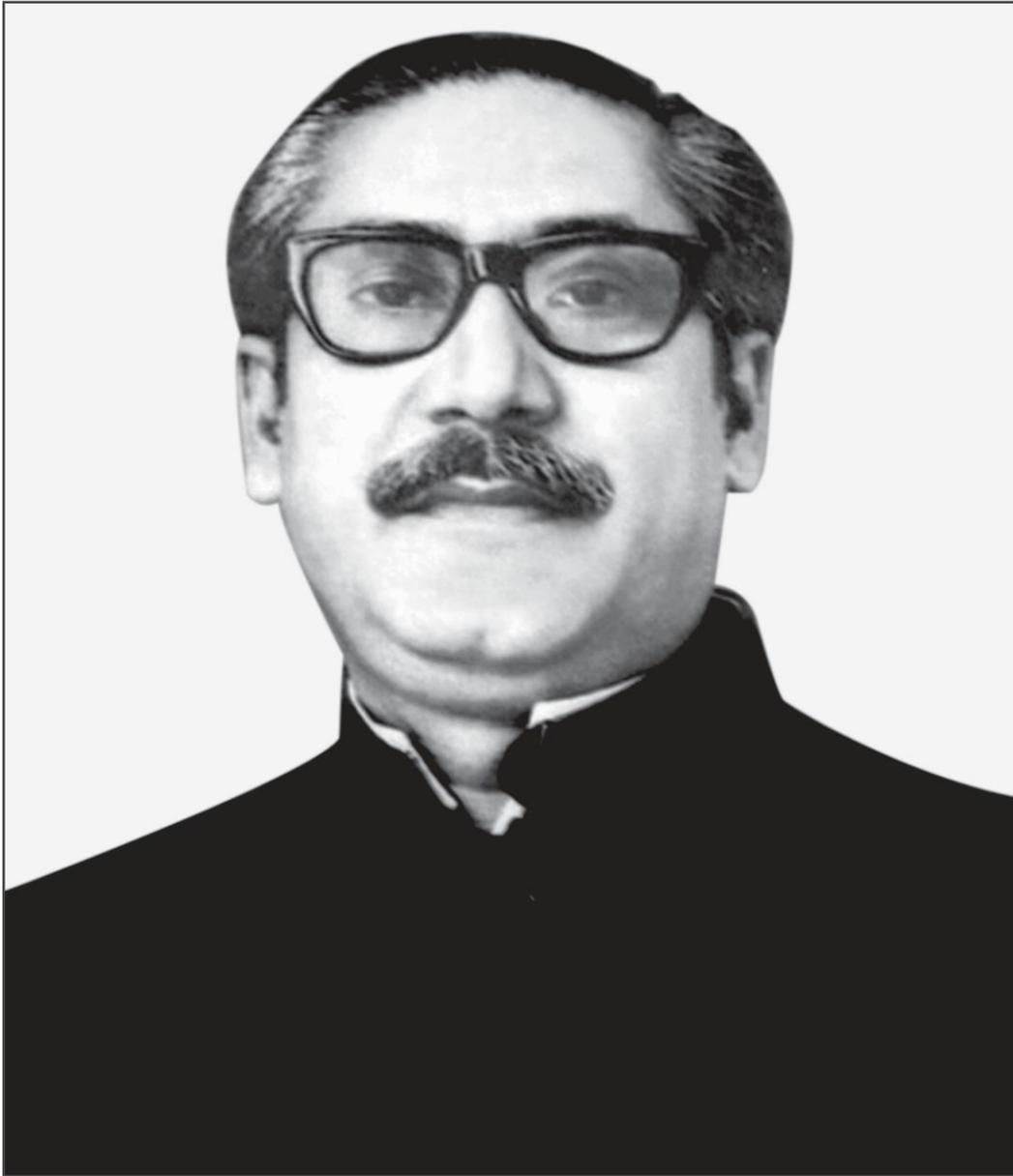




ANNUAL REPORT 2021-2022

Economic Relations Division
Ministry of Finance
Government of the People's Republic of Bangladesh



Father of the Nation Bangabandhu Sheikh Mujibur Rahman



Hon'ble Prime Minister of Bangladesh H.E. Sheikh Hasina

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Message

Minister
Ministry of Finance

It is indeed a great pleasure to know that the Economic Relations Division (ERD) of the Ministry of Finance is going to publish Annual Report 2021-2022. ERD has been playing an active role in enabling Bangladesh to become an Upper middle-income country by 2031 and transforming the country into an advanced economy by 2041 through economic diplomacy. The annual report of ERD is the robust demonstration of the government's effort to mobilize external development assistance to implement development endeavors with a view to achieve sustainable socio-economic development of Bangladesh.

Under the dynamic and courageous leadership and far-sighted economic philosophy of the Hon'ble Prime Minister Sheikh Hasina, Bangladesh today has attained an incredible height in the global arena. Bangladesh has become a convergence of peace, progress, and harmony and as such has set herself a role model to the world. As the outcome of the Bangladesh's tremendous progress in various socio-economic fields in recent years, the United Nations has made the final recommendation for the graduation of Bangladesh from the least developed country category. LDC graduation is one of the historic milestones that Bangladesh has achieved in its journey towards development. Certainly, it will create a brighter image of Bangladesh to the rest of the world and our self-esteem will reach new height.

Current dynamics of the country's macroeconomic indicators clearly manifest that Bangladesh has successfully overcome the adverse economic and social impact of the COVID-19. It was possible through prudent implementation of COVID linked stimulus packages and the massive vaccination programmes. The ongoing conflict between Russia and Ukraine will reportedly have major implications for the global economy, which is just recovering from the strain of the coronavirus pandemic. Our government has taken thoughtful steps to contain inflation, increase employment and address other macroeconomic challenges by increasing supply while reducing the growth in demand. The pace of implementation of the low-priority projects will be lowered while enhancing the implementation of the high and medium priority projects. Role of ERD will be crucial in this aspect through active engagement with the development partners.

Finally, it is praiseworthy to publish an Annual Report for the Year 2021-2022 and I am confident that this report will be useful for the academia, researchers and relevant stakeholders including our development partners. I would like to express my sincere appreciation to all involved in the preparation, editing and publication of the Annual Report 2021-2022.

A H M Mustafa Kamal, FCA, MP



Secretary

Economic Relations Division
Ministry of Finance

Message

Economic Relations Division (ERD) plays a significant role to mobilize external resources for socio-economic development of Bangladesh. As focal point of the Government, ERD acts as an interface between development partners and Agencies, Division and Ministries to ensure higher inflow of external resources for realizing the vision of “*Sonar Bangla*” as dreamt by the Father of the Nation Bangabandhu Sheikh Mujibur Rahman.

Bangladesh has made remarkable progress under the prudent and dynamic leadership of Prime Minister Sheikh Hasina in almost all the socio-economic indicators. The country has registered 6.6% average GDP growth in the last 13 years. It has therefore widely been recognized as a “Model for Development”. The country is also recommended for graduating from the LDC status by 2026.

The Government is also working relentlessly towards achieving the vision of being a developed and prosperous nation by 2041. Meanwhile, the government has already initiated programme for achieving SDGs by 2030 and formulated a green and sustainable development path as envisioned in the “Delta Plan 2100”.

ERD has successfully mobilize external resources in tackling unprecedented COVID-19 Pandemic which contribute achieving social and economic development of the country. ERD is also exploring new avenues of cooperation and partnership with development partners to mobilize resources for achieving upcoming development milestones. We acknowledge the contribution and support rendered by our development partners in transforming the economy into a knowledged based sustainable developed economy.

I sincerely appreciate intense efforts of ERD officials in publishing the Annual Report for the year 2021-2022.

Sharifa Khan



Additional Secretary
President of the
Annual Report Formulation
and Publication Committee

Foreword

Economic Relations Division (ERD) strives relentlessly to mobilize external resources for socio-economic development of Bangladesh. The country is now in the upward trajectory towards graduating from the LDC status in 2026 and becoming a developed country by 2041. To achieve these milestones overseas development assistance is very crucial. Like always, ERD has successfully mobilized foreign assistance very fast during the COVID-19 Pandemic through effective economic diplomacy.

Like the preceding years, ERD has taken initiatives to publish the Annual Report of 2021-22. The report contains policies followed by ERD concerning economic diplomacy, amount of yearly foreign assistance, functions of this division and initiatives and engagements taken in the FY 2021-22. I am honored to be a part of the initiative.

I would like to express my heartfelt gratitude to the respected Secretary of ERD, Ms. Sharifa Khan for her deep involvement, care in the process and guidance in preparing this report. I would also like to express my sincere appreciation to all the members and staffs behind the scenes involved in the preparation, editing and publication of the Report.

Md Hafizur Rahman



“Mujib Borsho”: The Birth Centenary of Bangabandhu Sheikh Mujibur Rahman

Mujib Borsho or Mujib Year, the birth centenary celebrations of the Father of the Nation Bangabandhu Sheikh Mujibur Rahman has been set off on 17th March 2020. The government declared the period from 17 March 2020 to 16 December 2021 as the ‘Mujib Borsho’ to celebrate the birth centenary of the Father of the Nation Bangabandhu Sheikh Mujibur Rahman who cherished the dream of building a ‘Sonar Bangla’. Due to COVID- 19 the time frame has been extended till 31 March 2022 to arrange all the programmes of Mujib Borsho properly. The Economic Relations Division has celebrated the occasion with special focus on the dream of the Father of the Nation.

A national level celebration of Bangladesh’s LDC graduation was organized with support from Support to Sustainable Graduation Project at the Bangabandhu International Conference Centre in Dhaka on 02 January 2022. Hon’ble Prime Minister Sheikh Hasina graced the occasion as the chief guest virtually from her Ganabhaban residence. Hon’ble Finance Minister Mr. A H M Mustafa Kamal, FCA, MP chaired the event. Hon’ble Speaker of the Parliament Dr. Shirin Sharmin Chaudhury, MP, Education Minister Dr. Dipu Moni, MP and State Minister for ICT Mr. Zunaid Ahmed Palak, MP, among others also spoke on the occasion. The then ERD Secretary Ms. Fatima Yasmin delivered the welcome address of the event.



Hon’ble Prime Minister Sheikh Hasina speaking as the chief guest of the LDC Graduation Celebration event organized on 2nd January 2022.



Hon'ble Finance Minister Mr. A H M Mustafa Kamal, FCA, MP joined the celebration event virtually from Ganabhaban



A group of children is singing the national anthem during the programme



Artists are performing a medley of patriotic songs during the event



Distinguished guests from various strata of the society attended the event

It is worth mentioning that Bangladesh met all the criteria for LDC graduation for the second consecutive time during the latest triennial review of the Committee for Development Policy (CDP) of the United Nations back in February 2021. The recommendation had been duly endorsed by the Economic and Social Council (ECOSOC) of the United Nations on 08 June 2021. Consequently, the United Nations General Assembly (UNGA) adopted the resolution of ECOSOC's recommendation for Bangladesh's LDC graduation on 24 November 2021. In this context, the celebration event was organized to commemorate this historic milestone and also congratulate and show gratitude to our Hon'ble Prime Minister Sheikh Hasina for her commendable guidance and leadership in paving the way towards a graduated nation from LDC category.

Speaking on the occasion, Hon'ble Prime Minister Sheikh Hasina said that the government had started formulating a Smooth Transition Strategy to ensure a smooth and sustainable LDC graduation for Bangladesh. The Hon'ble Prime Minister also hoped that the aforementioned national document would outline effective strategies and directions for tackling future challenges while utilizing the opportunities offered by LDC graduation.

At the same time, she also called for devising an evidence-based, timely and effective strategy that would be based on facts and figures coming from necessary research and surveys.

Several audio-visual materials on Bangladesh's LDC graduation and economic progress were screened during the event. The programme also featured cultural performances by the country's prominent artists. Various important locations of the capital were adorned with banners to raise public awareness about this historic feat. This event has created massive awareness about this historic national achievement-which will act as an inspiration for the whole nation in moving forward in the future.

The Ministry of Finance and the Ministry of Planning have jointly published the book 'BANGLADESH AT 50: REALIZATION OF DREAMS THROUGH HUMANE AND PATRIOTIC LEADERSHIP' on the unique coincidental occasion of celebrating the birth centenary of the Father of the Nation Bangabandhu Sheikh Mujibur Rahman, the golden jubilee of our independence and graduation of Bangladesh from LDC to Developing Country. This book, financed by the SSGP, has covered the glorious years of the development journey of the nation that highlighting the dreams of the Father of the Nation and realization of those dreams by the able leadership of his daughter Prime Minister Sheikh Hasina.

Abbreviations and Acronyms

Acronyms	Abbreviations
ADP	Annual Development Programme
AIMS	Aid Information and Management System
APA	Annual Performance Agreement
APCTT	Asian and Pacific Centre for Transfer of Technology
ADB	Asian Development Bank
ADF	Asian Development Fund
AHN	Asian Highway Network
AIIB	Asian Infrastructure Investment Bank
APFSD	Asia-Pacific Forum on Sustainable Development Goals
BSTF	Bangladesh-Sweden Trust Fund
BBS	Bangladesh Bureau of Statistics
BCIC	Bangladesh Chemical Industries Corporation
BDF	Bangladesh Development Forum
BGMEA	Bangladesh Garment Manufacturers and Exporters Association
BKMEA	Bangladesh Knitwear Manufacturers and Exporters Association
BMWSSP	Bangladesh Municipal Water Supply and Sanitation Project
BIDA	Bangladesh Investment Development Authority
BPC	Bangladesh Petroleum Corporation
BSFP	Blanket Supplementary Feeding Programme
CDMC	Cash and Debt Management Committee
CIES	Center for International Economic Studies
CHT	Chittagong Hill Tracts
CPS	Colombo Plan Secretariat
CPSC	Colombo Plan Staff College
CFMM	Commonwealth Finance Ministers Meeting
COL	Concessional OCR Loan
CONE	Convention of Non-resident Bangladeshi Engineers
CPF	Country Partnership Framework
CP	Country Programme
CPF	Country Programming Framework
CPM	Country Programming Mission
COSOP	Country Strategic Opportunities Programme

Acronyms	Abbreviations
DMFAS	Debt Management and Financial Analysis System
DPHE	Department of Public Health Engineering
DE	Development Effectiveness
DSIP	Dhaka Sanitation Improvement Project
DOAG	Development Objective Grant Agreement
DGHS	Directorate General of Health Services
DRGA	Debt Relief Grant Assistance
DRGA-CF	Debt Relief Grant Assistance-Counter Cyclical Fund
EDCF	Economic Development Cooperation Fund
EGCB	Electricity Generation Company of Bangladesh
E-voucher	Electronic Voucher
EFWA	Energy Framework Agreement
EIF	Enhanced Integrated Framework
ERD	Economic Relations Division
EU	European Union
EBA	Everything But Arms
EVI	Economic Vulnerability Index
FAMS	Foreign Aid Management System
FSSP	Field Support Services Project
FAO	Food and Agriculture Organisation
FbF	Forecast-based Financing
FFP	Food Friendly Programme
FDMN	Forcibly Displaced Myanmar Nationals
FABA	Foreign Aid Budget and Accounts
FTA	Free Trade Agreement
FY	Financial Year
GBV	Gender Based Violence
GED	General Economic Division
GEF	Global Environment Facility
GoB	Government of Bangladesh
GPEDC	Global Partnership for Effective Development Cooperation
GNI	Gross National Income
GCF	Green Climate Fund

Acronyms

Abbreviations

GRS	Grievance Redress System
HAI	Human Assessment Index
HSD	Health Services Division
HPNSP	Health, Nutrition and Population Sector Programme
HLPF	High-Level Political Forum
ECOSOC	Economic and Social Council
ICT	Information and Communication Technology
IDCOL	Infrastructure Development Company Limited
IDA	International Development Association
IFAD	International Fund for Agricultural Development
ITFC	International Islamic Trade Finance Corporation
ILO	International Labour Organisation
IMO	International Maritime Organisation
IOM	International Organisation for Migration
ICVGD	Investment Component for Vulnerable Group Development
ICD	Islamic Corporation for the Development of the Private Sector
IsDB	Islamic Development Bank
ISFD	Islamic Solidarity Fund for Development
IPoA	Istanbul Programme of Action
JDS	Japan Human Resource Development Scholarship
JDCF	Japan Debt Cancellation Fund
JC	Joint Commission
JEC	Joint Economic Commission
JPY	Japanese Yen
K4DM	Knowledge for Development Management
KSP	Knowledge Sharing Programme
KFIRI	Korea Fixed Income Research Institute
KIAT	Korea Institute for Advancement of Technology
KOICA	Korea International Cooperation Agency
KDI	Korean Development Institute
KFAED	Kuwait Fund for Arab Economic Development
LMA	Lactating Mothers Allowance
LDC	Least Developed Countries

Acronyms	Abbreviations
LoC	Line of Credit
LGD	Local Government Division
LGED	Local Government Engineering Department
LIBOR	London Inter-Bank Offered Rate
MA	Maternal Allowance
MoA	Ministry of Agriculture
MoU	Memorandum of Understanding
MoDMR	Ministry of Disaster Management and Relief
MoHFW	Ministry of Health and Family Welfare
MoPME	Ministry of Primary and Mass Education
MoWCA	Ministry of Women and Children Affairs
MCBP	Mother and Child Benefit Programme
MIP	Multiannual Indicative Programme
MDTF	Multi-Donor Trust Fund
NCC	Narayanganj City Corporation
NDA	National Designated Authority
NHDR	National Human Development Report
NIS	National Integrity Strategy
NRC	New Resident Coordinator
NRB	Non-Resident Bangladesh
NDF	Nordic Development Fund
ODA	Official Development Assistance
OFID	OPEC Fund for International Development
OCR	Ordinary Capital Resources
OFDI	Outward Foreign Direct Investment
PKSF	Palli Karma Sahayak Foundation
PGCB	Power Grid Company of Bangladesh
PDPP	Preliminary Development Project Proposal
PPP	Public Private Partnership
PSC	Public Service Commission
PSIDP	Private Sector Infrastructure Development Project
RETA	Regional Technical Assistance
R-CDTA	Regional-Capacity Development Technical Assistance

Acronyms

Abbreviations

RADP	Revised Annual Development Programme
RTHD	Road Transport and Highways Division
RHD	Roads and Highways Department
RPSF	Rural Poor Stimulus Facility
RoK	The Republic of Korea
SDF	SAARC Development Fund
SFD	Saudi Arabia/Saudi Fund for Development
SREP	Scaling-up Renewable Energy Project
SIR	SDG Implementation Report
SMEP	Site Maintenance Engineering Project
SMVT	Slow Moving Vehicular Traffic
SMEs	Small and Medium-sized Enterprises
SDP	Small Development Projects
SWU	Sookmyung Women's University
SASEC	South Asia Sub-regional Economic Cooperation
SHS	Solar Home System
SSC	South-South Cooperation
SoD	Standing Orders on Disaster
SCF	Strategic Climate Fund
SREDA	Sustainable and Renewable Energy Development Authority
SDGs	Sustainable Development Goals
SCD	Systematic Country Diagnostic
TSFP	Targeted Supplementary Feeding Programme
TPRM	Tripartite Portfolio Review Meeting
UNDS	UN Development System
UNRC	UN Resident Coordinator
UNCDF	United Nations Capital Development Fund
UNDP	United Nations Development Programme
UNFPA	United Nations Populations Fund
UNOPS	United Nations Office for Project Services
UNICEF	United Nations Children's Fund
ADFD	United Arab Emirates/Abu Dhabi Fund for Development
UNDAF	United Nations Development Assistant Framework

Acronyms

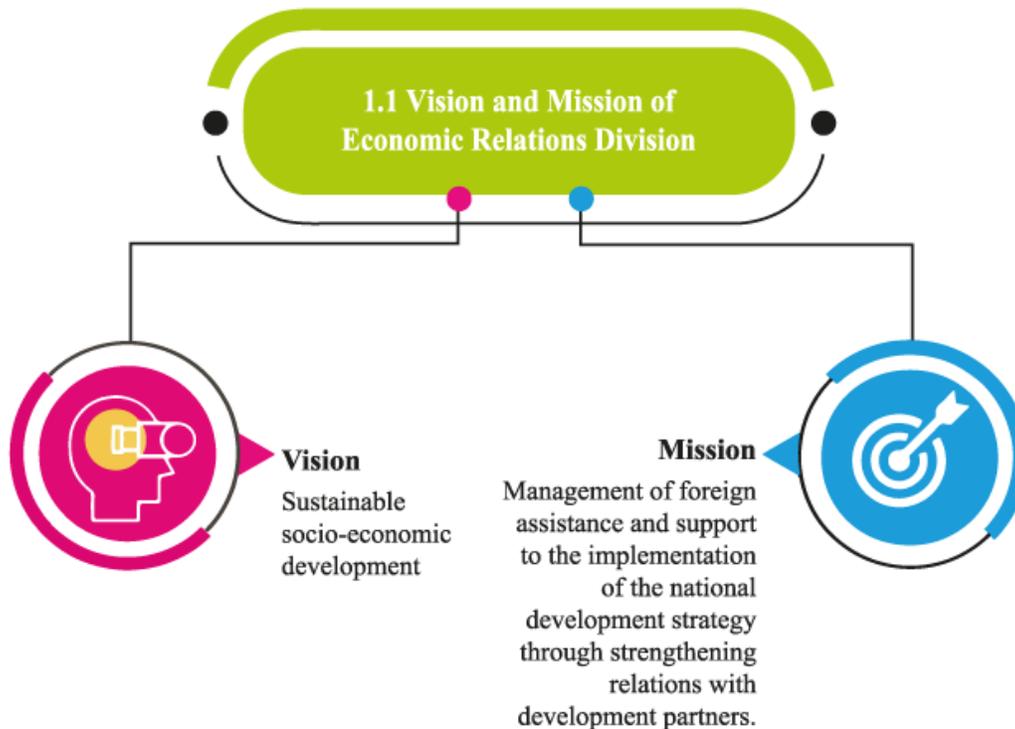
Abbreviations

UNESCAP	United Nations Economic and Social Commission for Asia and the Pacific
UNESCO	United Nations Education, Scientific and Cultural Organisation
UNEP	United Nations Environment Programme
UNFCCC	United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change
UNIDO	United Nations Industrial Development Organisation
USAID	United States Agency for International Development
USDA	United States Department of Agriculture
USD	United States Dollar
VNR	Voluntary National Review
VGD	Vulnerable Group Development
WFP	World Food Programme
WBG	World Bank Group

CHAPTER 1

INTRODUCTION TO THE ECONOMIC RELATIONS DIVISION

1.1. Vision and Mission of Economic Relations Division



1.2. Major Functions of Economic Relations Division

ERD is one of the four Divisions of the Ministry of Finance (MoF), Government of the People's Republic of Bangladesh. Previously this division was named as External Resource Division and its name was changed in 1990 as "Economic Relations Division". ERD is responsible for mobilizing the external resources for the socio-economic development of Bangladesh. This division leads as the focal point of the Government for interfacing with the development partners as well as for coordination of all external assistance inflows into the country. It assesses the needs of external assistance, devises a strategy for negotiations and mobilizing foreign assistance, formalizes and enables aid mobilization through the signing of loans and grants agreements, determines and executes external economic policy.

According to the Allocation of Business, among the Different Ministries and Divisions (Schedule 1 of the Rules of Business, 1996) the functions of ERD are as follows:

1. Assessment, mobilization, negotiation and allocation of all multilateral and bilateral economic aid for implementation of development projects under Annual Development Programme;

2. Examination and scrutiny of proposals for foreign aid (Loans, grants, etc.) received from Ministries/Divisions for allocation and identification of sources thereof;
3. Mobilization, negotiation and allocation of external assistance relating to food and commodity assistance from bilateral and multilateral sources;
4. Coordination and processing for approval of all technical assistance programmes including assessment of requirement of negotiation with bilateral donors and multilateral agencies;
5. Policies and coordination of matters related to employment of Bangladeshi nationals as experts and consultants in aided projects;
6. Policies and procedures for appointment of expatriate consultants and technical assistance experts;
7. Guidelines and procedures for tendering involving funds provided under external aid;
8. Coordination, review and monitoring of the utilization of foreign aid;
9. Foreign debt management including debt profiling and budgeting, debt servicing and maintenance of accounts thereof;
10. Matters related to Annual meeting of Bangladesh Aid Group including preparations thereof and follow up actions;
11. Foreign exchange budgeting (other than cash foreign exchange budgeting) in respect of development imports including bridge financing for project/ commodity aid;
12. External economic relations with international development agencies like-
 - (a) World Bank /IDA and IFC;
 - (b) Asian Development Bank (ADB);
 - (c) United Nations Development Programme (UNDP);
 - (d) Other United Nations Agencies like UNICEF, UNCDF, ESCAP, ECOSOC, WHO, FAO, IFAD, ILO, UNEPA, UNIDO, UNV;
 - (e) Islamic Development Bank (IDB);
 - (f) Commonwealth matters in respect of Finance Ministers' Conference and Commonwealth Fund for Technical Cooperation (CFTC);
 - (g) OPEC fund for International Development;
 - (h) Colombo Plan;
13. All international agreements involving financial economic and technical co-operation: Joint Commission/Joint Economic Commission, Joint Economic Committee, Economic and Technical Co-operation Agreements, etc., dealing predominantly with economic and financial issues;
14. Liaison with Resident Missions of Multilateral Agencies and bilateral donor countries;

15. Administration of Economic Wing of Bangladesh Missions abroad and appointment of officers and staff thereof;
16. External Economic Policy: Matters related to economic and technical cooperation between developing countries and between developed and developing countries, specially issues of development finance, transfer of resources, external debt technology transfer;
17. Preparation of briefs and materials on financial and economic questions related to Bangladesh's participation in the UN and allied organizations, Colombo Plan, Commonwealth Conference, Non-allied Conference, Organization of Islamic Conference, South Asian Association for Regional Cooperation (SAARC), etc.;
18. Fellowship and Foundations:
 - a) Programming and Management of fellowships, scholarship and foreign training offers from bilateral and multilateral sources including liaison with Asia Foundation, Ford Foundation, British Council, IRDC and ADC;
 - b) Liaison with Allocation Committee, Selection Committee VII particularly Ministry of Public Administration and other ministry/division concerned;
 - c) Offer of technical assistance by Bangladesh;
19. Secretariat administration including financial matters;
20. Administration and control of subordinate offices and organization (if any) under this Division;
21. Liaison with International Organizations and matters related to treaties and agreements with other countries and world bodies related to subjects allocated to this Division;
22. All laws on subjects allotted to this division.
23. Inquiries and statistics on any of the subjects allotted to this division
24. Fees in respect of any of the subjects allotted to this division except fees taken in courts
25. PRS follow-up actions, AID harmonization and its effectiveness and related donor coordination.

1.3. Organizational Structure

The Secretary, ERD, is the head of administrative and the Principal Accounting Officer of this division. The distribution of work in ERD is divided into 10 (Ten) wings. Each Wing comprises of branches. A branch is considered as a self-contained unit which again consists of a number of desks/sections. There are six categories of branches which are organized on the basis of specific areas of responsibilities as follows:

Programming: There are branches based on specific development partners, countries and agencies. These branches are responsible for promotion of economic cooperation with development partners falling within the sphere of their responsibilities.

Administration and General Services: These are based on administrative and support service works.

Coordination: These are branches for coordination works.

External Economic Policy (EEP): These branches are dedicated for policy and research matters.

Foreign Aid Budget and Accounts (FABA): FABA is responsible for Foreign Aid Accounts.

Fellowship and Foundation (F&F): To mobilize foreign trainings and higher education fellowships programmes.

Detail information about the functions and activities of the wings, branches, and sections are mentioned below:

Wing-1: America and Japan

There are 2 branches (duty posts), 2 supernumerary branches and 3 sections under this wing

Wing-2: World Bank

This wing consists of 3 branches (duty posts), 6 supernumerary branches and sections

Wing-3: Administration and Middle East

There are 2 branches (duty posts), 1 supernumerary branch and 10 sections under this wing

Wing-4: United Nation

This wing consists of 2 branches (duty posts), 5 supernumerary branches and 2 sections

Wing-5: Asian Development Bank (ADB)

This wing consists of 2 branches (duty posts), 2 supernumerary branches and 3 sections

Wing-6: Coordination and Nordic

There are 2 branches (duty posts), 2 supernumerary branches and 4 sections under this wing

Wing-7: Europe

There are 2 branches (duty posts) and 4 supernumerary branches under this wing

Wing-8: Asia and JEC, Fellowship and Foundation

There are 3 branches (duty posts), 3 supernumerary branches and 4 sections under this wing

Wing 9: Foreign Aid Budget and Accounts

This wing consists of 2 branches (duty posts), 4 supernumerary branches, 2 sections and 1 ICT Cell

Wing 10: Development Effectiveness

This wing consists of 3 branches (duty posts), 2 supernumerary branches and 4 sections

In addition, there are 9 (nine) economic wings in Bangladesh missions abroad under this division. These are as follows:

1. Economic Wing, Permanent Mission of Bangladesh to the UN, New York; USA
2. Economic Wing, Embassy of the People's Republic of Bangladesh, Washington DC, USA;
3. Economic Wing, Embassy of the People's Republic of Bangladesh, Tokyo, Japan;
4. Economic Wing, Embassy of the People's Republic of Bangladesh, Riyadh, Kingdom of Saudi Arabia (KSA);
5. Economic Wing, Embassy of the People's Republic of Bangladesh, Rome, Italy;
6. Economic Wing, Embassy of the People's Republic of Bangladesh, Brussels, Belgium;
7. Economic Wing, Embassy of the People's Republic of Bangladesh, Bangkok, Thailand;
8. Economic Wing, Embassy of the People's Republic of Bangladesh, Beijing, China; and
9. Economic Wing, High Commission of the People's Republic of Bangladesh, New Delhi, India.

1.4. Medium-Term Strategic Objectives and Significant Activities

1.4.1. Organizational Budget

(Thousand BDT)

SL	Description	Budget 2021-2022	Budget 2021-2022 (Revised)	Budget 2022-2023	Projection	
					2023-2024	2024-2025
1.	Operational	213649600	214881671	250164700	275182100	293115900
2.	Development	664200	538100	766800	842600	10511200
Total		214313800	215419771	250931500	276024700	303627100

1.4.2. Medium-Term Strategic Objectives and Activities

Medium-Term Strategic Objectives	Activities
1	2
1. Support to achieve targets of five year plan and SDGs through mobilization of external resources.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ease disbursement of committed external loans and the process of signing agreement and mobilizing grants Negotiation with development partners Confirmation of the utilization of foreign aid.
2. Maintain sustainable external debt	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Develop and implement Aid Management System External debt servicing Analyze cost of loans
3. Improve economic relations with development partners	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Develop, implement and monitor Joint Cooperation Strategies (JCS) under the Paris, Accra, Busan Declaration framework Organize Bangladesh Development Forum (BDF) meetings and monitor follow-up actions Raise voice in various international forums about the negative effects of climate change and mobilize resources from various international climate funds Expedite international agreements signing by organizing Joint Economic Commission (JEC) meeting.

1.5. Overall Scenario of Foreign Assistance Management FY 2021-22

One of the main targets from the long-term development strategy under second PP 2041 of the present government is to establish Bangladesh as an Upper middle-income country (UMIC) by FY 2031 and Higher Income Country (HIC) by 2041. To achieve this target as well as to accelerate growth, the government has placed consistent emphasis on increasing investment in the development sector. Bangladesh is in right track to reach the upper middle-income country (UMIC) status by 2031. It is an outcome of the prudent fiscal policy and financial management of the government. According to the 8th Five-Year Plan, the GDP growth rate should gradually increase from 7.4% to 8.51% in 2025 fiscal year (average 7.98% from 2021 to 2025) Therefore, the investment which was 31.7% in 2021-22, should also gradually increase to 37% of GDP in FY 2025. Considering the constraints on providing adequate resources from internal sources, foreign assistance is essential in the current financial management to meet investment demand as per development goals. Under the Government's Rules of Business, ERD is concerned with the search and collection of foreign assistance.

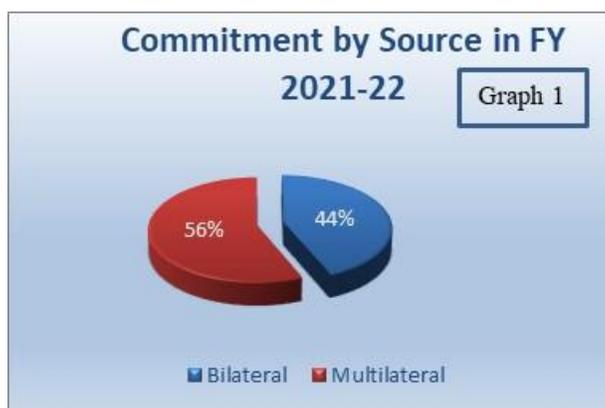
Furthermore, the collection and effective utilization of foreign assistance is essential to meet the investment demand in FY 2022. Bangladesh's total public investment target was set at 8.4% of the GDP in the budget for the financial year 2022. The government's budget deficit was set to be financed by a net foreign assistance of 2.0% of GDP (Base year 2015-16). ERD is striving to collect significant foreign assistance to accomplish the investment needs in the social front, including health, electricity, transportation, physical infrastructure and education. ERD has given special attention in FY 22 to collect additional foreign assistance out of regular assistance as budget support, vaccine support & project support to combat the Covid-19 situation as well as to recover the economy. Commitments received from last five fiscal years, i.e. from 2017-18 to 2021-22 amounts to USD 52.33 billion, which is an average of USD10.46 billion per FY. At the same time, the disbursement of foreign assistance amounts to USD38.69 billion which is an average of USD7.74 billion per FY. The amounts of commitment and disbursement of foreign assistance in the FY 2021-22 are USD 8.21 billion and USD 10.01 (provisional) billion respectively. In FY 2022, COVID-19 related commitment and disbursement are USD 2.20 and USD 3.052 billion respectively.

1.5.1. The achievements of the overall activities of ERD in FY 2021-22

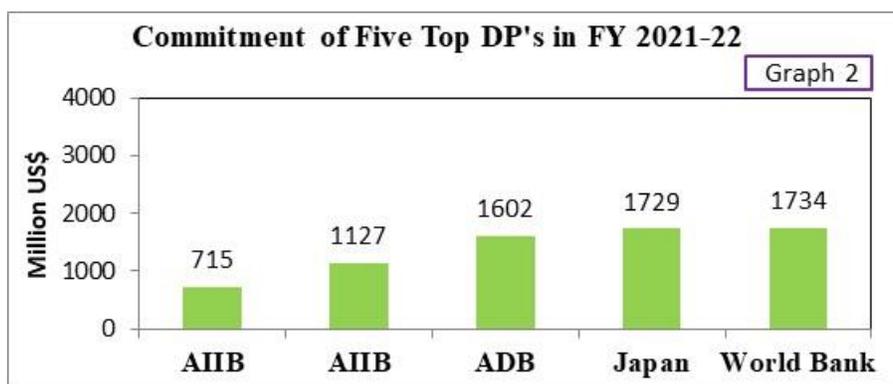
Foreign Assistance Mobilization

A total of USD 8205.03 million has been signed in FY 2021-22. Of these, the grant amount and the loan amount are USD 377.89 million and USD 7827.14 million, respectively. The target for foreign assistance (commitment) was set at USD 6000.00 million in the FY 2021-22; against which the commitment was achieved by 136.75%. During this fiscal year, the highest foreign assistance (commitment) amounting to USD 1733.90 million was received from the World Bank among the multilateral development partners.

The maximum commitments were received from Japan among the bilateral development partners, amounting to USD 1728.749 million. The rate of commitments from multilateral and bilateral sources can be seen in **Graph 1**.



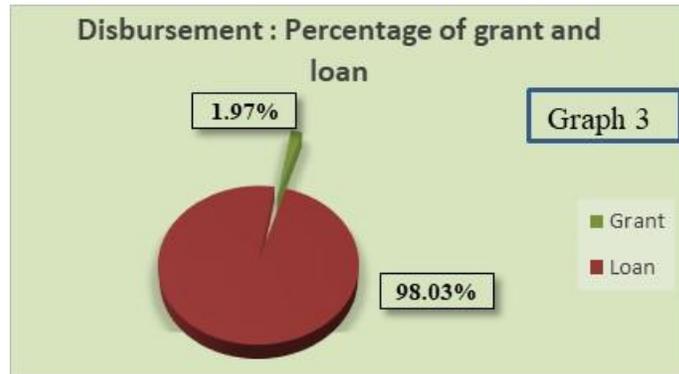
On the other hand, the amount of five major development partner commitments in FY2021-22 is shown in **Graph 2**.



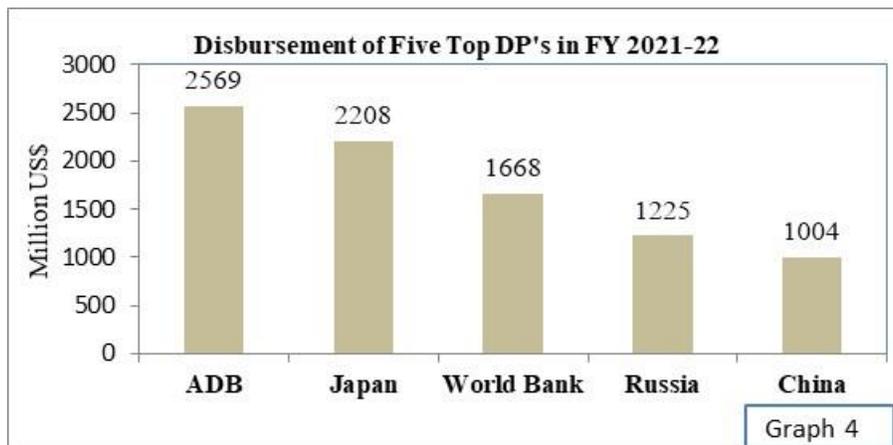
In FY 2021-22, a total of 82 agreements have been signed with 21 development partners for foreign assistance, of which 51 are grant agreements and 31 are loan agreements. Development partner wise Commitment FY 2021-22 is cited in **Annexure-3**.

Disbursement of Foreign Assistance

In FY 2021-22, the total disbursement of foreign assistance amounts to USD 10,008.38 million. Of these, the grant and the loan amounts are USD 197.62 million and USD 9810.76 million respectively. The ratio of loan and grant in the total disbursements is presented in **Graph 3**.

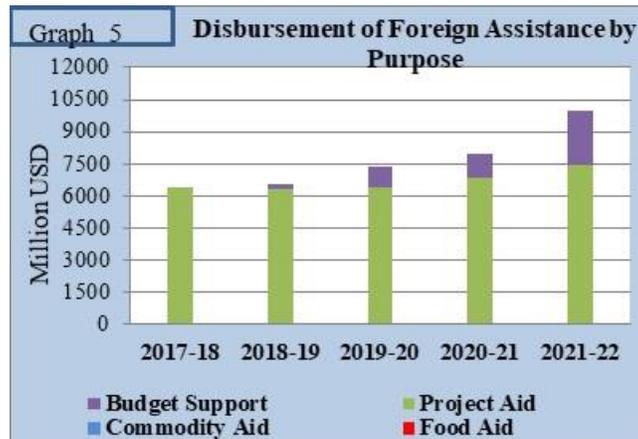


On the other hand, the amount of five major development partners disbursement in FY 22 is shown in **Graph 4**.



In the aforesaid fiscal year, the revised target for disbursement of foreign assistance as per RADP was USD 10,765 million, against which 92.97 % was disbursed. Out of this total amount of disbursement (FY 2021-22), USD4834.32 million has come from the multilateral sources, whereas USD5174.06 million was received from the bilateral sources. Among the multi-lateral sources, the highest disbursement of USD 2568.78 million came from the ADB in this fiscal year. At the same time, Japan topped the list among all the bilateral sources with the disbursement amount of USD 2207.82 million. Details of total disbursement by development partners are presented in **Annexure-4**.

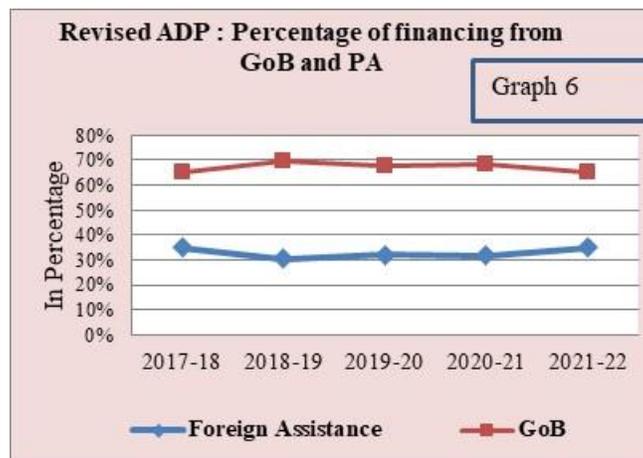
In the FY 2021-22, out of total foreign assistance, the food assistance and project assistance amount to USD 2.53 million and USD 10,005.85 million respectively. During this time, USD 2589.81 million budget support (Including vaccine support of 891 million USD) was received. However, in the past few years, there has been no disbursement for commodity assistance. The information regarding the purpose of disbursement in last several years is presented in **Graph-5** below:



Based on a primary estimate, at the end of the FY 2021-22, the amount of foreign assistance in the pipeline has become around USD 48.46 billion (provisional). Out of this, an amount of USD 52.33 billion has been added to the foreign assistance commitment pipeline in the last five fiscal years, i.e., from FY 2017-18 to FY 2021-22. This amount of commitment is supposed to be disbursed within the next five to six years. However, the foreign assistance disbursement is directly related to the implementation of the projects.

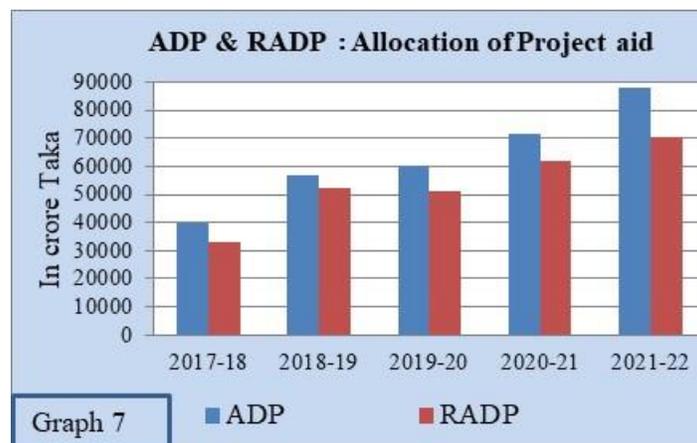
1.5.2. Annual Development Programme (ADP)

Although the dependence on foreign assistance in financing Annual Development Programmes (ADP) is steadily declining, a significant portion of such programmes are still being executed by foreign assistance. In the revised ADP of FY 2021-22, the amount of foreign assistance as project assistance amounts 35.08% of the total ADP size. A comparative picture of the financing ratio from the Government of Bangladesh and foreign assistance in the revised ADP of the last five years is shown in **Graph-6**.

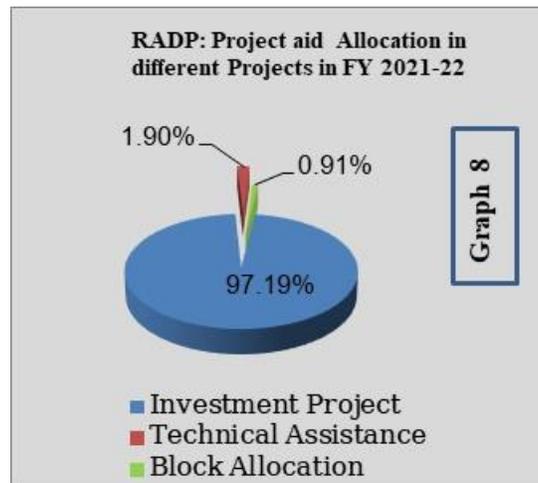


In the FY 2021-22, the allocation for project assistance in the ADP amounts to BDT 88,024 crore (USD 10,355.00 million) while the allocation for food assistance was BDT 212.00 crore (USD 25.00 million). Due to the decreased demand for project assistance by the Ministries/Divisions, project assistance amounting to BDT 70,250.00 crore (USD 8167.00 million) and food assistance amounting to BDT 212.00 crore (USD 25.00 million) were allocated to the revised ADP.

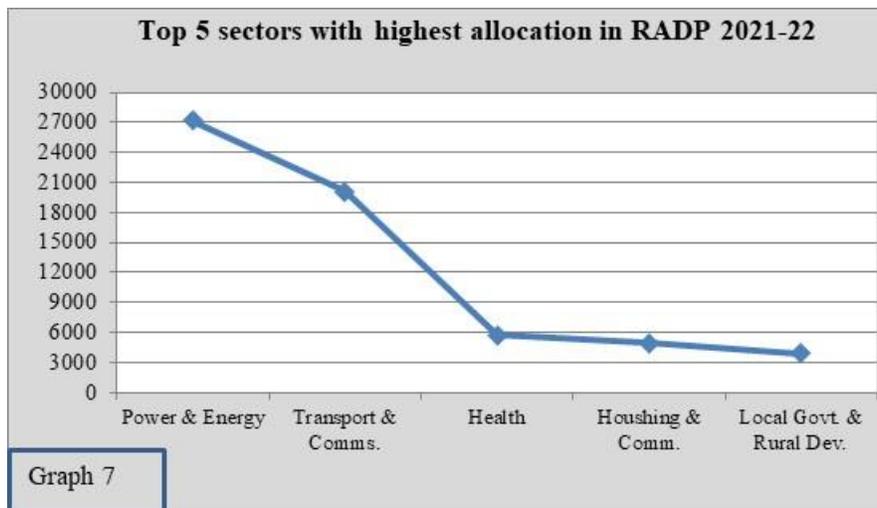
The allocation of the project assistance to the revised ADP for the FY 2020-21 was BDT 63,000.00 crore (USD 7326.00 million) that is, in FY 2021-22, the allocation of project assistance to the revised ADP has increased by 11.51% as compared to FY 2020-21. It should be noted that since the independence, the allocation of project assistance in the revised ADP for all fiscal years has been lower than that of ADP. The allocation of project assistance in ADP and RADP in the last five FYs is displayed in **Graph-7**.



The total number of foreign-assistance projects in the revised ADPs in FY 2021-22 is 373, out of which 119 are technical assistance projects and 254 are investment projects. In this FY, an amount of BDT 68273.31 crore was allocated for investment projects, while BDT 1331.41 crore was allocated for technical assistance projects and BDT 645.28 was reserved for special needs. A comparative allocation ratio of project assistance is cited in **Graph-8**.



As in the last FYs, project assistance was allocated to 15 sectors in the FY 2021-22 where power & Energy and transport & Communication sectors received the highest allocation of foreign assistance. The information of top five sectors with the maximum allocation of foreign assistance in the revised ADP in FY 2021-22, is specified in **Graph-9**.

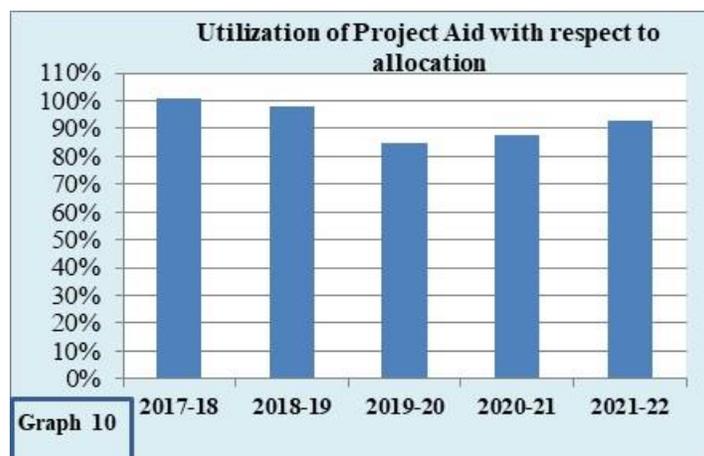


The allocation of sector-wise project assistance in the revised ADP for this FY is shown in **Annexure-5**. On the other hand, the Ministry of Science and Technology has received highest support from the Ministry/Division-wise allocation. **Annexure-6** contains the information of the Ministry/Division-wise allocation of FY 2021-22.

Initiatives to increase the use of project support

ERD has been continuously taking numerous initiatives to ensure maximum utilization of project assistance allocated to ADP projects. For the past few years, quarterly tripartite portfolio meetings, at the Wing-level, have been held with Ministries/Divisions and development partners. Slow moving projects are being identified to measure the pace of

the disbursement of foreign assistance during the time period after the signing of the agreement. These projects are being reviewed at quarterly tripartite portfolio meetings. Moreover, there are biennial meetings at the Secretary-level and annual meetings at the Hon'ble Finance Minister's level to review the progress of the most allocated projects. Apart from these initiatives, the progress of the project implementation is monitored through a series of inspections for identifying the problems that may arise during implementation of the projects. All these initiatives taken by ERD plays a vital role towards increasing the utilization of project assistance allocated in favor of ADP-based projects. The information about the utilization of project assistance is presented in **Graph-10.**

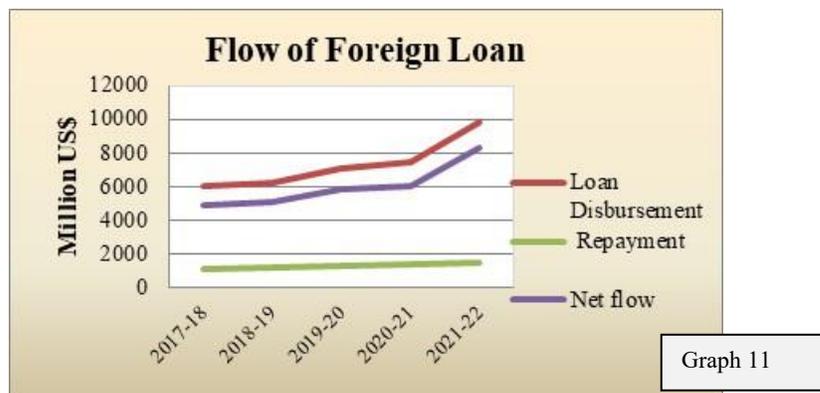


A Fast Track Project Monitoring Committee was constituted under the Chairmanship of the Hon'ble Prime Minister on 15 May 2013 to accelerate the implementation of nationally important and major projects. After the formation of the committee, a total of five meetings have been held till January 2020. Padma Multipurpose Bridge Project, 2X660 MW Moitri Super Thermal Power (Rampal) Project, Ruppur Nuclear Power Plant Establishment Project, Dhaka Mass Rapid Transit Development (Metro Rail) Project, LNG Floating, Storage and Regasification Unit Construction Project, Paira Deep Sea Port Construction Project, Matarbari 2X600 MW Ultra Super Critical Coal Fired-Power Project, Padma Multipurpose Bridge Rail Link Project and Dohazari-Ramu Cox's Bazar & Ramu-Myanmar Ghundum Single Line Dual – gauge track construction project have been identified as nine fast track projects. A Fast track project monitoring task force has been set up to closely monitor the activities of these projects.

External Debt Management

ERD manages foreign debt of the government. This Division has been using the internationally standardized software 'Debt Management Financial Analysis System' (DMFAS) for the last 30 years to facilitate the task of debt management. Bangladesh's ability to manage foreign debt has attained the global standard. Currently, most of the foreign borrowings taken by the government are medium and long-term loans, which are usually of a concessional nature. An analysis of the government's debt repayment data

from a foreign source show that the net flow of foreign debt has increased by 37.37% in this FY as compared to the previous fiscal year as principal payment increased by 7.61%. **Graph-11** specifies the data of foreign debt flows of the past few years.



1.5.3. Debt Servicing

Foreign Debt Repayment is managed by ERD. The Division has paid a total of USD 2017.70 million against foreign debts to the development partners in the FY 2021-22. Of these, the principal amount is USD 1526.72 million while interest is USD 490.98 million. In this FY, the budget allocation for foreign loan repayments was USD 2446.00 million. It should be noted that since independence, Bangladesh never failed to repay foreign loan in due time. Again, the country never applied for re-scheduling of installments in repayment.

1.5.4. Debt Sustainability

Several indicators are used globally to determine the sustainability of foreign debt. One of the most prevalent indicators is the foreign loan status and the comparative analysis of the country's GDP, export earnings, revenue income with the repayments of principals & interests. To this end, the World Bank and IMF have determined the risk borderline of debt sustainability indicators for the developing countries. A comparative picture of Bangladesh's foreign debt sustainability indicators for the FY 2016-17, 2017-18, 2018-19, 2019-20 & 2020-21 are presented below:

Table 1:

Indicators	Foreign Debt to		Debt Service to	
	GDP	Export plus Remittance	Revenue	Export plus Remittance
2016-17	12.8%	63.6%	7.9%	4.0%
2017-18	13.9%	68.6%	8.3%	3.9%
2018-19	14.7%	69.78%	9.4%	4.4%
2019-20	15.5%	88.45%	10.2%	5.5%
2020-21	16.9%	85.87%	8.4%	4.7%
Threshold Level	40%	180%	18%	15%

The above index analysis specifies that the foreign debt sustainability of Bangladesh is far below the maximum risk limit. It reveals that the country's foreign debt sustainability is at a satisfactory level. This has also been reflected in the published observations of credit rating institutions such as Moody's Investors Service (Moody's), Standard and Poor's (S&P) and Fitch Ratings. These organizations have placed Bangladesh in the same sovereign debt index in their reports. In this rating list, Moody's, S&P and Fitch have also termed Bangladesh's credit situation stable by providing Ba3, BB- and BB- ratings respectively this year.

Initiatives taken to reduce the risk of non-concessional loans

Additional investment demand has been created to achieve the target of establishing Bangladesh as an upper middle-income country by 2030. On the other hand, due to the slowdown in the global economy, the complexity of Europe-centric debt and the changing geopolitical context, the sources of flexible debt have shrunk.

In addition, as the state-owned enterprises and autonomous organizations are taking non-concessional loans against government guarantees, the risk of foreign debt is increasing steadily. The Standing Committee on Non-Concessional Loan (SCNCL) was constituted with the chairmanship of the Hon'ble Finance Minister on 30 May 2013 to examine and approve the flexibility of the loan in a process consistent with the international best practice for mitigation of risk of hard conditions. Foreign loans with less than 25% grant element are required to be presented to this committee for examination and approval. This Committee scrutinizes and approves the non-concessional loan proposals. SCNCL has approved the proposal for taking two non-concessional loans in the FY 2021-22. It is mentionable that a total of 69 proposals for non-concessional loans has been approved till June 2022.

1.5.5. Policy and Procedural Reforms

To expedite the implementation, ensure proper preparation and to carry out the preparatory work of the project within the stipulated time, the 'Allocation and Management Policy of the project preparatory work' and 'Checklist of the preparatory work of the project' have been formulated. It has already been published in the Gazette and sent to all Ministries/Divisions.

Future Plans: Targets related to commitment and utilization of foreign assistance and debt repayment for the FY 2022-23.

1. The foreign assistance commitment target of USD 6,000.00 million has been estimated.
2. The foreign assistance disbursement target is estimated at USD 12382 million;
3. In the ADP, a total of BDT 93,000 crore has been allocated for the project assistance in favor of 330 (technical 93+ investment 237) foreign assistance projects; and
4. For the repayment of foreign loan and loan interest, a total of BDT 24,200.00 crore has been allocated in the budget.

CHAPTER 2

AN OVERVIEW OF THE ACTIVITIES OF VARIOUS WINGS OF THE ECONOMIC RELATIONS DIVISION

2.1. Wing-1: America and Japan

America and Japan Wing of ERD mobilizes all types of financial assistance including loan, grant and technical co-operation from Japan, USA and Canada. The Wing also coordinates all types of multilateral and bilateral economic cooperation activities with Japan, USA and Canada.

2.1.1. USA

The United States of America is a trusted development partner of Bangladesh since 1972. Under an umbrella Agreement titled “Economic Technical & Related Assistance”, which was signed in 1974, the USA is providing economic support to Bangladesh. USA has contributed more than USD 08 billion till today. USA provides most of its development assistance through United States Agency for International Development (USAID). United States Department of Agriculture (USDA) and some other Government and non-Government organizations also provide financial and technical assistance to Bangladesh. Government of Bangladesh and USAID signed “Development Objective Grant Agreement (DOAG)” in 2012. USAID total assistance under previous DOAG (2012-2021) was USD 1.526 billion. After that in September 27, 2021 new DOAG (2021-2026) was signed between ERD and USAID. By Implementing the Current DOAG (2021-2026), USAID is Committed to Contribute USD 954.40 million (approximately BDT 8,200 crore). Under Current DOAG two Amendments was signed. In the 1st Amendment USAID obligate USD 8,101,292.19 and in the 2nd Amendment USAID obligate USD 193,763,002 Cumulative total USAID Bilateral Obligations up to May 2022 is (USD 8,101,292.19 + 193,763,002=) USD 201,864,294.19.

Through DOAG, USAID will implement various projects/activities in Bangladesh aimed at:

- Improving democratic system that promote transparency, accountability and integrity.
- Creating opportunities for an inclusive, healthy society and robust economy.
- Strengthening resilience to shocks and stressors.

USAID Portfolio Review Meeting was held on 30-31 March 2022 in Dhaka. USAID’s six Portfolios are:

- Education Portfolio.
- Environment, Energy and Enterprise Portfolio.
- Democracy and Governance Portfolio.
- Disaster Response and Resilience Portfolio.
- Health and Nutrition Portfolio.
- Feed the Future Portfolio.

The MoU titled "Integrated Community Based Centre for Child care, Protection and Swim Safe Facilities" project implemented by Bangladesh Shishu Academy under the Ministry of Women and Children Affairs (MoWCA) was signed on 13th March 2022 among ERD and lead development Partners Bloomberg Philanthropies and additional development Partner Royal National Lifeboat Institute (RNLI). Total cost of the project is USD 32 million or BDT 271,8257 lakh and project duration is January 2022 to December 2024. Almost 80% of the DPP Project funding (BDT 21,761.84 Lac which converts to approximately USD 25.54 million) of the estimated total project cost will come from GoB's Annual Development Programme (ADP) allocation for the project. The Development Partners are providing a total of up to USD 6.4 million with Bloomberg Philanthropies commitment of total of up to USD 3.9 million and Royal National Lifeboat Institute (RNLI) contribution totalling USD 2.5 million in technical and in kind contributions to the project. The overall objective of the project is to ensure that children are safe and protected from preventable premature death and have equitable access to quality early childhood development education and care to thrive and develop to their full potential.

A Memorandum of Understanding (MoU) was signed between the Economic Relations Division (ERD) and the Bill & Melinda Gates Foundation (BMGF) on March 13, 2022 to assist technical cooperation programmes and activities on resilient WASH services with a focus on Citywide Inclusive Sanitation (CWIS) and Faecal Sludge Management (FSM) Support Cell (CWIS-FSM Support Cell) for a period of five years (FY 2021-2022 to FY 2025-2026); the BMGF Foundation committed 2.5 million USD for DPHE (Department of Public Health Engineering) by 2025-2026 to implement the project. CWIS-FSM Support Cell, which was established in the Department of Public Health Engineering (DPHE) under Local Government Division (LGD) shall work nationwide for scaling up FSM guided by the CWIS approach within the scopes of work of this MoU.

In response to the letter from ERD, USAID agreed to provide technical assistance to conduct a feasibility assessment for a medical gas plant for "COVID-19 Emergency Response and pandemic Preparedness" project which has been implemented by Directorate of Health Services under the Ministry of Health and Family Welfare. Besides this USAID also funded for the Procurement of Covid-19 supplies for a selected number of Government primary schools at the request of the Ministry of Primary and Mass Education (MoPME) for safe reopening of schools after a long vacation for Covid-19.

Two discussion meeting on USAID's cooperation in conducting feasibility study of coastal and river embankment in Bangladesh was held on 23 November 2021 and 11 January 2022 at ERD. Representatives from the Ministry of Agriculture, Ministry of Environment, Forest and Climate Change, Ministry of Foreign Affairs, Ministry of Disaster Management and Relief, Ministry of Water Resources Management, Disaster Management Department, Bangladesh Agricultural Development Corporation (BADC), Water Development Board, Bangladesh Forest Department and also representatives from USAID joined the meeting. A task force was formed under the leadership of the Ministry of Water Resources Management comprising all concerned Ministries/Divisions/Departments to work with the USAID team in this regard.

In support of the GoB's policy commitment to inclusive education, USAID partnered with MoPME and Directorate of Primary Education. Following the signing of the original MoU which was signed in January 2019, USAID designed new activities in support of the fourth phase of the Primary Education Development Programme (PEDP-4). Moreover, USAID submitted a proposal for an amendment to the existing MoU, amendment one of the MoU on "Special Education Needs and Disabilities Implementation Arrangement" was signed between ERD and USAID on 17 April 2022. The Contribution for the activities described in Amendment one of the MoU will be approximately USD 56.5 million. Amendment one to the MoU will support advocacy and dialogue at the national and local levels including community outreach to raise awareness for improved children's access to education for pre-primary to primary level children, girls and children in disadvantaged and hard to reach communities. Capacity building for teaching and teacher's education/supervisors/instructors/managers and mentors is also important objectives of this MoU.

An Agreement titled "Initiative to Make Bangladesh Railways Tobacco Free" project Implemented by the Ministry of Railway was signed between ERD and the International Union Against Tuberculosis and Lung Diseases (the Union) on 16 November 2021. The estimated total cost of the project is USD 116,817 (near about one core BDT) and the term of the Agreement is for 24 (Twenty-Four) months following the date the contract is signed by both parties. Main Objective of the Project is assess challenges and strength of MoR and BR on tobacco control law enforcement, update training module for MoR/BR employees, specially First class officer of BR (Authorized Officer of TC law).

The USDA (U.S Department of Agriculture) is working continuously to develop the agricultural sector of Bangladesh. USDA is giving support for the diversification of agricultural products and mechanization of agriculture. In September 2020, USDA announced USD 46.4 million USD as new funding for the development and assistance programmes in Bangladesh; among which, USD 19 million has been allocated over three years for Education and Child Nutrition programme and it is implemented by the United Nations World Food Programme (WFP), and USD 27.4 million has been allocated over five years for a Food for Progress Programme (FFP) and it is implemented by the Land O'Lakes Venture 37 team. Both programmes were created in partnership with the GoB to modernize and strengthen the agriculture sector of Bangladesh, expand trade, reduce hunger and improve literacy and primary education.

2.1.2. Canada

Since 1972, Canada is providing financial and technical support to Bangladesh to achieve its development goals in diverse sector like education, healthcare, employment growth, promoting international trade and public financial management etc. The Canadian assistance is being channelized through the Global affairs Canada in Bangladesh. General Agreement between the Government of the People's Republic of Bangladesh and the Government of Canada was signed in 1986.

Canadian assistance through Global Affairs Canada to Bangladesh is over CAD 4 billion to date. Canada’s development assistance in Bangladesh supports the strengthening of the capacity of both national and local governments to plan, manage, and monitor health and education delivery systems, and to promote sustainable economic growth. The Global Affairs Canada provides assistance through different International Organizations, international and national NGOs.

2.1.3. Japan

The diplomatic relations between Bangladesh and Japan were established on 10th February 1972. Since Independence, Japan has contributed significantly to the overall development of Bangladesh. From 1972 to 2022, Japan has committed financial support of more than USD 28.78 billion as project assistance, food assistance, commodity assistance, technical assistance and budget support to Bangladesh in the form of loans and grants. Taking into account the commitment and disbursement amount of up to date, Japan is the largest bi-lateral Development Partner of Bangladesh. Japanese assistance to Bangladesh encompasses a wide range of cooperation in power and energy, transportation, telecommunication, agriculture, health, education, infrastructure, water and sanitation, environment, human resource development and other sectors of economy.

Japanese ODA loan commitment to Bangladesh has been increased substantially in last 12 years. It was 39 billion JPY in 2010, which was 7.2% of JICA’s global commitment. It stands to 311 billion JPY in Japanese FY 2021, which is 26.8% of JICA’s global commitment and 2nd among all JICA ODA recipient countries. Disbursement performance is also gradually increasing. In 2012 total disbursement was 33 billion JPY, it stands to 263.95 billion JPY in Japanese FY 2021, which is the highest amount in the history of JICA’s disbursement in Bangladesh. Pipeline execution ratio is also high among other JICA assisted countries which indicates the elevated competence of Project Executing Agencies of Bangladesh.

There are 88 development projects ongoing under Japanese ODA loans, grants, technical assistance, DRGA and DRGA-CF. **Project List- Annexure-2.a (Page-171-184).**

In the FY 2021-22, Japan has committed USD 31.12 million as Grant and USD 1697.6 million as loan and the total amount is USD 1728.75 million (**Detail Annexure 1).** **Project List-Annexure-1.a (Page-153-154).**

Total assistance from Japan during FY 72 to FY 21 and FY 21-22 given below:

(million USD)

	Commitment			Disbursement		
	Grant	Loan	Total	Grant	Loan	Total
FY72-FY21	3595.02	23457.18	27052.20	3479.95	12709.25	16189.20
FY21-FY 22	31.127	1697.6	1728.75	2.02	2205.8	2207.82



An Exchange of Notes and Loan Agreements amounting to USD 1.4 Billion under 43rd ODA Loan Package (1st Batch) for two projects namely MRT line 5 (Northern Route) and Southern Chattogram Regional Development Project were signed on 28 June 2022.



An Exchange of Notes and Loan Agreement amounting to USD 158 million under Japan's 42nd ODA Loan Package (2nd Batch) for Dhaka Mass Rapid Transit Development Project (MRT Line-6) (V) Project was signed on 29 March 2022.

2.2. Wing-2: World Bank

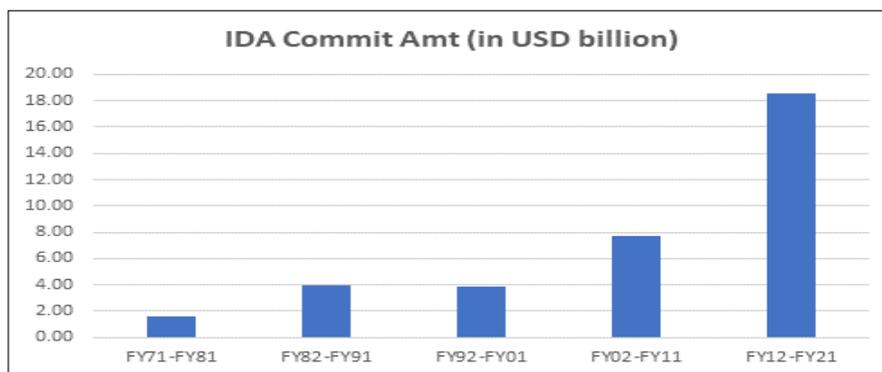
The World Bank Wing of the Economic Relations Division (ERD) manages and coordinates all the financial assistance/loan processing activities with the World Bank to ensure adequate funding for the important development projects of the Government of Bangladesh.

The World Bank was among the first development partners of Bangladesh and remained a committed partner all through the journey. In August 1972, Bangladesh became a member of the World Bank Group and in November 1972, the first World Bank project for Bangladesh, a USD 50 million Emergency Recovery Credit was approved. In the ensuing years and decades, Bangladesh became the largest IDA-recipient country, with the World Bank as the country's largest external funder, providing more than a quarter of all foreign assistance.

The World Bank's funding has been steadily increasing for the development projects in Bangladesh. Its support landscape covers foreign assistance economic and social development, institutional reforms, improving the public policy, infrastructure development, private sector development, energy sector development etc.

In line with the 8th Five Year Plan, the World Bank has been preparing the new “**Country Partnership Framework (CPF)**” FY 23-27 for Bangladesh. The current CPF expired in FY 2020-21. CPF involves in the areas of (a) Energy Sector, (b) Inland Connectivity and Logistics, (c) Regional and Global Integration, (d) Urbanization and (e) Adaptive Delta Management.

The following chart shows the incremental increase of World Bank support in every decade for Bangladesh:



Since independence, the World Bank has committed more than USD 37.00 billion financing in grants, interest-free and concessional credits to address the country's development challenges. In the FY 2021- 22, Bangladesh signed USD 1.73 billion of 7 (seven) new projects. At present, the World Bank portfolio stands at 53 ongoing projects with a total commitment of over USD 15.00 billion **Project List- Annexure-2.b (Page-185-190).**

In FY 2021-21 World Bank committed USD 68.90 million as grant and USD 1665.00 million as loan and the total amount was USD 1733.30 million **Project List- Annexure-1.b (Page-155-156)**.

Total assistance from WB during FY 1972 to FY 2021 and FY 2022 is given below:

(million USD)

Fiscal Year	Commitment			Disbursement		
	Grant	Loan	Total	Grant	Loan	Total
FY72-FY21	1471.59	34240.67	35712.26	1390.19	23581.32	24971.52
FY2022	68.90	1733.90	1802.80	93.52	1574.01	1667.53

A Common Vision

Through a robust programme of technical, analytical, and financial support, the World Bank Group is helping Bangladesh achieve its vision of upper-middle-income status by the next decade. IFC, WBG's private sector arm, focuses on long-term private sector development by providing financing to private companies and advisory services in strategic areas.

Through a widely consultative process, the World Bank Group is embarking upon the preparation of the next **Country Partnership Framework (CPF)** for Bangladesh for 2023 to 2027, which will be anchored in the 8th Five-year Plan and the World Bank's **Systematic Country Diagnostic (SCD)**.

In addition, the World Bank has gradually been increasing its cooperation in conducting macro-economic stability and related cross-cutting challenges; human development, institutions and business environment for sustainable development.

Results: Shared Vision for Prosperity

Under the current CPF, the World Bank's support focuses on economic development and growth, power, infrastructure, disaster management, climate change, human and social development, and poverty reduction. Here is an example of the impacts created through nearly five decades of partnership.

The World Bank has been currently financing in Bangladesh from its IDA resources in the **Human Resource Development (HRD), Energy, Climate Change and Disaster Preparedness and Digitalization in the Public Procurement** sectors along with **combating the COVID-19** and helping the **Forcefully Displaced Myanmar Nationals (FDMNs)**.

Education: The IDA is the largest external funder in Bangladesh's education sector covering primary, secondary, and tertiary education, as well as vocational training and education for the hard to reach children.

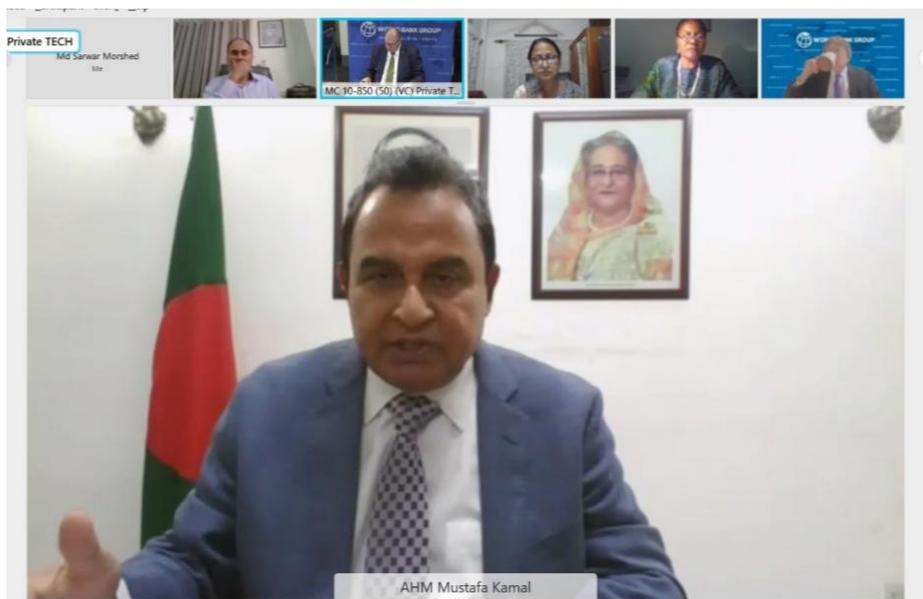
Health: The World Bank supports the government's fourth HNP sector programme, strengthening health system governance and management capacities, and delivery of essential services, with a focus on the lagging regions of Sylhet, Chittagong, and Barishal Divisions.

Electricity: The World Bank's support has added over 2,652 MW of electricity, including 181 MW through renewable energy sources. Another 310 MW capacity will be added to the national grid through ongoing grid-tied solar projects, with USD 1.83 billion ongoing programmes in the energy sector, the World Bank's support covers generation, transmission, and distribution of power, including from renewable energy sources.

Climate Change and disaster preparedness: The World Bank has an ongoing portfolio of USD 1.3 billion supporting Bangladesh to build resilience against natural disasters. The World Bank helped the country build and rehabilitate more than 1,000 cyclone shelters that also serve as primary schools, and repair 700 kilometers of the coastal embankment.

Digitalization of the public procurement system: The World Bank helped the government to digitize its public procurement system. In FY20, 62% of public procurement expenditure in the country, or USD 17.5 billion of procurement contracts, was processed digitally.

FDMN Influx: To help the country deal with the influx of the Forcefully Displaced Myanmar Nationals (FDMNs) until their safe and voluntary return to Myanmar, the World Bank has committed USD 590.00 million in grant financing. Through 6 projects, the World Bank supports to respond to the health, education, basic service delivery, and safety net needs of the Rohingya and the host community.



Bilateral Meeting between Bangladesh Delegation headed by Hon'ble Finance Minister A H M Mustafa Kamal FCA MP and World Bank Team headed by Mr. Hartwig Schafer, South Asian Regional Vice President during Spring Meeting 2021, April 5, 2021.



Signing of financing Agreement with the World Bank to implement Enhancing Digital Government & Economy (EDGE) project on 09 January 2022.



A Meeting held on 31 May 2021 between Hon'ble Finance Minister A.H.M Mustafa Kamal (FCA) MP and World Bank Vice President Mr. Hartwig Schafer in Dhaka.

2.3. Wing-3: Administration and Middle East

Administration and Middle East Wing plays the central role of internal management of the ERD and mobilizes loans and grants from external sources. This wing consists of two main branches namely Administration Branch and Middle East Branch. Administration Branch comprises of 7 (seven) sections while Middle East Branch operates 3 (three) sections.

2.3.1. Administration Branch

The Administration Branch is mandated to provide administrative and logistical support to the entire division. Keeping administration is vital to any organization because it works across the wings and with all kinds of challenges. The functions of the Admin branch include (1) General Office Management; (2) Human Resource Management; (3) Asset Management & Transport Management; and (4) Security and Safety Management.

2.3.2. Activities of Administration Branch

The major activities of Administration branch are:

- Management of Human resources.
- Preparation of Budget.
- Preparation and approval of pay, allowances and bills.
- Nominating employees for local and foreign training.
- Recruitment, promotion, posting, pension etc.
- Providing general services, logistics and procurement activities.
- Resolving audit objections.
- Organizing in-house/ internal training.
- Celebration of national and international days/ events.
- Payment of subscription in favor of Bangladesh Government to the international organizations.
- Appointment and deputation in the economic wings of mission of Bangladesh in abroad.
- Supervising the performance of the economic wings.
- Line-based and net-based communication and its maintenance.
- Payment of bills related to official and personal telephone, BTCL (300 Mbps) internet connection and private support (alternative 120 Mbps).
- Matters relating to safety and security along with welfare of officers.
- Submission of reports/returns to concerned Ministry /Division/Branch.
- Conducting monthly coordination meeting of ERD.

2.3.3. Significant Activities of Administration Branch in FY 2021-22

During FY 2021-2022, different activities have been conducted by this branch. Some of the significant actions are given below:

- Recruitment of thirty four employees of different grades in ERD.
- Recruitment of two Economic Counselors in the economic wing of the Embassy of the People's Republic of Bangladesh, Rome, Italy and the Embassy of the People's Republic of Bangladesh, Beijing, China.
- Promotion of thirteen employees of different grades.
- To enhance the capacity of the ERD officials, 31 in-house training including 5 refresher's course in Bogura, Sylhet and Cox's Bazar for 924 number of participants from different wings has been conducted.
- Nineteen procurements have been made during this fiscal year. About 81% of the total allocation has been spent through e-GP/Open Tender.
- Fifteen pension related activities have been settled down in favor of retired employees.
- Nineteen PRL related activities have been done in favor of employees.
- Two out of two disciplinary/departmental cases are ended in favor of government in the Administrative Tribunal.
- Eighty-two leaves (earn/maternity/rest and recreation/ ex-Bangladesh leave etc.) have been granted to employees.
- Thirty-nine loans (GPF advance, motor cycle, computer, house building, house maintenance, etc.) have been given to employees.
- Ten quarters have been allotted to Employees.
- An agreement was signed to facilitate smooth intercom system of 165 connections, its annual repair and maintenance.

2.3.4. Middle East Branch

The Middle East Branch is deliberate to mobilize loans and grants from external sources and manages activities related to Joint Economic Commission/Joint Commission/ Joint Committee/Joint Economic and Technical Cooperation.

2.3.5. Activities of Middle East Branch

- The Middle East Branch processes, coordinates, review and manage the mobilizing of external resources (loans and grants) for the implementation of public sector development projects especially in infrastructure, transport and communication, energy and power, health and education, agriculture, industrial and agro-industrial sector in Bangladesh from the following countries and development partners mostly from Middle East region and the African continent:

1. Islamic Development Bank (IsDB)
 2. Islamic Corporation for the Development of the Private Sector (ICD)
 3. International Islamic Trade Finance Corporation (ITFC)
 4. Islamic Solidarity Fund for Development (ISFD)
 5. Saudi Arabia/Saudi Fund for Development (SFD)
 6. Kuwait Fund for Arab Economic Development (KFAED)
 7. OPEC Fund for International Development (OFID)
 8. Abu Dhabi Fund for Development (ADFD)
 9. Qatar, Iran, Turkey, Bahrain and Egypt.
- Middle East branch conducts Joint Economic Commission (JEC)/ Joint Commission/ Joint Committee/Joint Economic and Technical Cooperation with the following countries:
 - Saudi Arabia
 - Iran
 - Turkey
 - United Arab Emirates
 - Qatar
 - Kuwait and
 - Egypt

2.3.6. Significant activities of Middle East Branch during FY 2021-22:

The significant activities conducted by Middle East Branch are given here:

- The 5th Joint Commission meeting between Bangladesh and United Arab Emirates (UAE) was held on 15th November 2021 in Dhaka (Hybrid Format). The meeting was co-chaired by Mr. A. H. M Mustafa Kamal, FCA, MP, Hon'ble Minister, Ministry of Finance, People's Republic of Bangladesh & His Excellency Mr Ahmed Ali Al Sayegh, Hon'ble Minister of State, Ministry of Foreign Affairs & International Co-operation of the United Arab Emirates.
- Economic Relations Division and all concerns of Bangladesh side negotiated successfully with ITFC for financial support for Importation of Petroleum products. After successful negotiation ITFC has agreed to finance USD 1000 million with a contingency of USD 400 million, a total of USD 1400 million for Petroleum products under BPC Financial Plan-2022.
- Hon'ble Secretary, Economic Relations Division, led Bangladesh Delegation in the 47th Annual Meetings of Islamic Development Bank (IsDB) Group. The meetings were held from 1-4 June 2022 in Egypt.



5th Joint Commission (JC) meeting between Bangladesh & United Arab Emirates (UAE)



47th Annual Meetings of Islamic Development Bank (IsDB) Group held 1-4 June 2022 in Egypt

2.3.7. Achievement of Middle East-Branch in FY 2021-22:

The Middle East Branch achieved 100% target of commitment and disbursement during FY 2021-22 and signed two loans and one Grant agreement during the same period. Achievement of Middle East Branch (Figure: in million USD) is given below:

Commitment/ Target	Achievement	Percentage (%)	Disbursement Target	Disbursement Achievement	Percentage (%)
131.05	131.05	100%	178.36	178.36	100%



A Loan Agreement of USD 75.00 million between Government of Bangladesh and the OPEC Fund for International Development has been signed on 14 February 2022 for Sustainable Economic Recovery Programme (SERP). Ms. Fatima Yasmin, Hon'ble Secretary, Economic Relations Division signed the Loan Agreement on behalf of Bangladesh.



A Loan Agreement of USD 56.00 million between Government of Bangladesh and the Islamic Development Bank has been signed on 20 February 2022 for “Inclusive and Integrated Sanitation and Hygiene Project in 10 Priority Towns in Bangladesh” Project. Honorable Secretary, Economic Relations Division signed the Loan Agreement on behalf of the Government of the People’s Republic of Bangladesh.



A Grant Agreement of USD 0.05 million between ITFC & Bangladesh for Covid-19 Restore Program has been signed on 03 September 2021.

2.3.8. Ongoing projects funded by development partners related to the Middle East Branch (2021-2022):

A total of 21 (Twenty-one) development projects are being implemented by various ministries/divisions/agencies with development assistance amounting to USD 1358.08 million. **Project list is on Annexure 2.c Page-191-194.**

2.3.9. Remarkable Activities of Economic Wings Abroad in FY 2021-22

There are 9 economic wings operating abroad under the administration of ERD, viz. Washington D.C., and Permanent Mission to United Nations, Tokyo, Brussels, Rome, Riyadh, Bangkok, Beijing, and New Delhi. The Primary functions of the wings are:

- Fostering and strengthening economic relations;
- Foreign resource mobilization;
- Vertical and horizontal expansion of development cooperation;
- Cementing relations among investors of host and recipient country;
- Maintaining relations among Finance and Commerce Ministries of both countries;
- Updating/suggesting changes and challenges in the hasty changing world economy etc.

1. Economic Wing, New York

- A. The Permanent Representative of Bangladesh to the UN was the Vice President of the Bureau of UNDP/UNFPA/UNOPS Executive Boards for 2021, and has been elected as the President of the Executive Board of UN-Women for 2022.

- B. Bangladesh met the criteria for graduation from the category of Least Developed Countries (LDCs) in the consecutive second triennial reviews of the Committee for Development Policy (CDP) in 2021.
- C. The Permanent Representative of Bangladesh to the UN at New York was the Co-chair of the Preparatory Committee of LDC5 (LDC5 Prepcom). As Co-chair of the Prepcom, Bangladesh played a very vital role in finalizing the DPoA which will guide the trade related International Support Measures (ISMs), investment, financing, debt sustainability issues, climate vulnerability and climate financing, human resource development, science, technology and innovation, covid-19 recovery, etc. in the decade 2022-2031.
- D. Bangladesh took part in the inter-governmental negotiations on trade opportunities among the Southern Countries, special consideration for the LDCs in technology transfer and support for Technology Bank, robust cooperation on frontier technology related issues, accelerate cooperation in climate actions in the global south, extended support for the LDCs and graduating countries, and promotion of the private sector.
- E. The 7th Session of Economic and Social Council Forum on Financing for Development Follow-up 2022 (FfD 2022) was held during 25-28 April 2022 at UNHQ, New York. Mobilizing sufficient financing for implementation of Agenda 2030 for sustainable development remains at the heart of the discussions.

2. Economic Wing, Washington D.C

- A. The 2nd High-Level Economic Consultation (HLEC) between Bangladesh and the United States was held on 02 June 2022 at the US Department of State in Washington D.C. In this meeting, Bangladesh delegation was led by Mr. Salman F. Rahman, MP, Adviser to the Prime Minister for Private Industry and Investment.



Bangladesh and US delegation for the 2nd HLEC pose for a photograph

- B. To encourage US side for incremental assistances to Bangladesh and strengthening development cooperation, Economic wing has maintained broader engagements with the US counterparts including United States International Development Agency (USAID), United States Millennium Challenge Corporation (MCC) and other relevant agencies. Economic Wing has been working persistently to promote US FDI in Bangladesh.
- C. The Economic Minister met Mr. Mathew P. Goodman, Senior Vice President, Center for Strategies and International Studies (CSIS) on 14 March 2022 to discuss Bangladesh's potential engagements in IPEF. It is worth mentioning that in October 2021, President Biden proposed an “Indo-Pacific economic framework” as the centre piece of his administration's economic strategy toward the critical region.

3. Economic Wing, Tokyo, Japan

- A. A seminar was held on 17 Sep 2021 with the JDS fellows to get feedback on their study and living during their stay in Japan under the JICA funded JDS scholarship program.



Seminar held on 17 September 2021 with the JDS fellows

- B.** On the theme of ‘JICA with Bangladesh: Reaching 50th Year and Way Forward’, the Economic wing of the Embassy of Bangladesh, Tokyo and the Japan International Cooperation Agency (JICA) jointly organized a seminar on 10 June 2022.



Seminar on ‘JICA with Bangladesh: Reaching 50th Year and Way Forward’,

4. Economic Wing, Riyadh, KSA

- A. Arranged some virtual, physical and one to one meetings with the Bangladeshi businessmen in different big cities all over the KSA and guided them to register their business under Saudi Arabia’s new “Commercial Anti-Concealment Law” by 16 February 2022.
- B. Coordinated the official visit of Bangladeshi 18 member business delegation led by Mr. Salman F. Rahman, Adviser to the Hon’ble Prime Minister for Private Industry and Investment to KSA from 19-25 September 2021.

- C. Organized the seminar titled ‘Saudi-Bangla Trade & Investment Opportunities’, chaired by hon’ble Adviser Salman F. Rahman, with participation of a number of Saudi and Bangladeshi businessmen from all over KSA.
- D. Organized and facilitated the signing of MoU between Ministry of Investment (MISA), KSA and PPPA, GOB on 28 October 2021 in Riyadh. The signing was done by hon’ble Adviser of Prime Minister for Private Industry & Investment and Minister for Investment, KSA and from Bangladesh and KSA side respectively.
- E. Coordinated the ‘Sourcing Bangladesh 2021’ seminar organized by EPB from 18-24 October 2021; ‘Bangladesh Trade & Investment Summit’ organized by DCCI from 26 October-01 November 2021; and ‘International Investment Summit 2021’ organized by BIDA from 28-29 November 2021 at Dhaka for the KSA side. The Saudi side committed for about USD 1.685 billion equivalent investments in different economic sectors of Bangladesh in the ‘International Investment Summit 2021’.
- F. Coordinated the visit of 17-member Saudi Delegation led by hon’ble Minister for Transport, KSA to Bangladesh for participating in the ‘International Investment Summit 2021’ organized by BIDA. Accompanied the Team from KSA to Bangladesh.
- G. Coordinated and accompanied the visit of 17-member Saudi Delegation led by hon’ble Minister for Transport, KSA to the prospective Saudi-Bangla Economic Zone of Bangabandhu Sheikh Mujib Shilpa Nagar (Mirsarai, Feni & Sitakundo) under BEZA.
- H. Coordinated and attended the negotiation meeting with ITFC as a member of the delegation from Bangladesh led by Senior Secretary, Energy & Mineral Resources Division for the Annual Financing Plan (July 2022-June 2023) for Bangladesh Petroleum Corporation (BPC) and other areas of cooperation between the Government of the People’s Republic of Bangladesh and ITFC, Jeddah from 12-16 March 2022. Based on BPC’s projected requirement, the amount was set at USD 1,000 Million with a contingency of USD 400 million (A total of USD 1.4 billion).
- I. Coordinated and facilitated the BCIC delegation to visit SABIC, KSA to sign an agreement on importing Urea fertilizer from KSA to Bangladesh.



Meeting with the Federation of Saudi Chambers in KSA, September 2021



International Investment Summit, Dhaka, November 2021



Briefing Session of BEZA at the Bangabandhu Sheikh Mujib Shilpa Nagar (BSMSN), Mirsarai for the Saudi Delegation, November 2021

5. Economic Wing, Rome, Italy

- A. Bangladesh and FAO sign MoU to establish “Sheikh Mujib-Bangladesh Room” at FAO Headquarters to mark “Mujib Year” on 13 December 2021 as a part of on-going celebration of 100th birth anniversary of Father of the Nation Bangabandhu Sheikh Mujibur Rahman (Mujib Year).
- B. Bangladesh Finance Minister attends the 45th Session of the Governing Council of IFAD held virtually on 16 February 2022. The Council approved the administrative budget of IFAD for 2022 in the amount of USD 166.93 million; the capital budget in the amount of USD 6.50 million; and the budget of the Independent Office of Evaluation of IFAD in the amount of USD 5.85 million. During 2022-24, Bangladesh will receive a total of USD 119.27 million (USD 86.27 million from PBAS and USD 33.0 million from BRAM) which will be the second highest globally.
- C. Bangladesh was unanimously elected as a member of the WFP (World Food Programme) Executive Board for two years (January 2022 to December 2023) by the 49-member FAO Council at its 168th Session of Plenary on 02 December 2021. With this membership, Bangladesh becomes one of the 36 members in the WFP’s governing body for the next two years that will provide intergovernmental support, policy direction and supervision of the activities of the WFP.
- C. Director-General of Food and Agricultural Organization (FAO) called on Hon'ble Prime Minister Sheikh Hasina at her office on 13 March 2022. FAO Director General thanked Hon'ble Prime Minister for successfully hosting 36th FAO Regional Conference for Asia and the Pacific (APRC) and congratulated the government and people of Bangladesh for efforts towards digital agri-food systems transformation. He reiterated FAO's support to achieve SDG, leaving no one behind. Hon'ble Prime Minister of Bangladesh requested FAO to establish International Seed Bank highlighting its multifaceted import anteceduring times of disaster and pandemic. The Mission played a very active role to ensure his in person visit for the APRC hosted by Bangladesh for the first time.



FAO Director-General QU Dongyu during a courtesy call with Hon'ble Prime Minister Sheikh Hasina on 13 March 2022.

6. Economic Wing, Brussels, Belgium

A. Multi Annual Indicative Program (MIP) for 2021-2027 has been approved by the European Commission in December 2022. In the MIP, the three priority areas identified to contribute to better quality of life for every Bangladeshi are: 1) Human Capital Development, 2) Green Inclusive Development and 3) Inclusive Governance. The EU allocated Euro 306.00 million for the period of 2021-2024. The MIP for the 2021-2027 periods is aligned with the 8th Five Year Plan (FYP) of Bangladesh.

B. The Finance Contract between the European Investment Bank (EIB) and the Government of the People's Republic of Bangladesh for 250.00 million Euro has been signed on 29 December 2021. This will support the Government of Bangladesh in the implementation of its COVID-19 national response plan.

C. Action plan for “Support to the National Social Security Strategy reforms in Bangladesh”-amounts concerned EUR 100 000 000.00.

D. Action plan for “Promoting justice for all: for a more inclusive and effective justice system in Bangladesh”- amounts concerned EUR 38 000 000.00

E. On 20 May 2022 the European Union (EU) and Bangladesh held the 10th Joint Commission in Brussels in a very constructive and open atmosphere, covering a wide range of issues of common interests. The Joint Commission was co-chaired by Ms Paola Pampaloni, Deputy Managing Director of the External Action Service of the European Union and Ms Fatima Yasmin, Secretary, Economic Relations Division.

F. The application and success rates of Bangladeshi students have been very high in the 2021 selection of Erasmus Mundus scholarships once again. Total number of Scholarships has been offered for Bangladesh is 139 for the academic year 2021-22.

7. Economic Wing, Beijing, China

A. A Loan Agreement of USD 1393.93 million was signed on 27 October 2021 for implementing Construction of Dhaka Ashulia Elevated Expressway Project.

B. Bangladesh Government has signed 02 Loan Agreements with AIIB amounting USD 450.00 million during the FY 2021-22. AIIB is also committed to provide Bangladesh USD 1.5 billion every year in the coming years.

C. The CMEC has signed an agreement with North Dhaka City Corporation (DNCC) to develop and implement a Waste to Power Project with a capacity of 43.5 MWs on 01 December 2021. The CMEC will invest about USD 350.00 million from its own source.

D. Bangladesh becomes the new member of New Development Bank in September 2021. Bangladesh will have a platform in NDB to foster their cooperation in infrastructure and sustainable development.

E. An investment proposal of USD 10 billion by China Roads and Bridges Corporation (CRBC) has been sent to Ministry of Housing and Public Works.

8. Economic Wing, Bangkok, Thailand

The Seventy-eighth Session of the United Nations Economic and Social Commission for Asia and the Pacific (ESCAP) was held in Bangkok on 23-27 May 2022 in a hybrid modality.

A-twelve member Bangladesh delegation under the leadership of the Secretary of the Economic Relations Division Ms. Fatima Yasmin participated in the event. Hon'ble Prime Minister delivered her special remarks in a video message at the high-level segment for Heads of State and Heads of Government during the opening of the Commission session. Hon'ble Foreign Minister delivered a keynote address at the session on "Special Body of Least Developed Countries, Landlocked Developing Countries and Pacific Island Developing States" in the Commission. Ms. Fatima Yasmin presented the country statement of Bangladesh.

Bangladesh has been elected to the governing councils of all four regional institutions of the United Nations Economic and Social Commission for Asia and the Pacific (UNESCAP) for the period of 2022-25.

9. Economic Wing, New Delhi, India

- A. Maintained regular interactions and intimate relations with the counterpart of Ministry of External Affairs of India, and in particular with the Development Partnership Administration Division (DPA-I) and Export-Import Bank of India. It may be mentioned that India has extended 3 Lines of Credit (LoC) to Bangladesh of USD 7.362 billion (without defense credit). Another 42 projects have been undertaken by GoB in various sectors and total disbursement has crossed the mark of one billion dollar.
- B. Maintained liaison with BIDA and BEZA to facilitate Indian entrepreneurs and potential investors to invest in Bangladesh;
- C. Interacted regularly with the trade bodies, business association, think tank, journalists and government agencies;
- D. Assisted in enhancing mutual cooperation in the area of financial and other socio-economic sector;

2.4. Wing-4: United Nations

The UN system has significant contribution to the development trajectory of Bangladesh since the country became member in 1974. The country subsequently became member of its different agencies after the independence. They are providing technical assistance for achieving SDGs by 2030. To this end, UN agencies are working to promote equitable development aligning the areas of UN co-operation with Bangladesh's development strategy. The UN-Wing is involved in activities like Bangladesh-UN development policy issues, approval of UN funded development projects and reviewing progress to coordination performance, overall monitoring, evaluation and determining future action plans etc.

The UN Country Team is comprised of 14 resident and 10 non-resident agencies of the United Nations that is coordinated by the UN Resident Coordinator's Office (UNRCO). The resident agencies are: FAO, IFAD, ILO, IOM, UNDP, UNESCO, UNFPA, UNHCR, UNICEF, UNIDO, UNOPS, UN WOMEN, WHO&WFP; and the non-resident agencies are: ITU, UNAIDS, UNCDF, UNCTAD, UN HABITAT, UNHRC, UNODC, UNV, UNDRR & UNEP. The programme/project support by the UN System to Bangladesh is basically provided following the Standard Basic Assistance Agreement (SBAA) signed between the Government of Bangladesh and UNDP in 1986.

At present, the UN system provides development assistance to Bangladesh through a framework agreement named United Nations Sustainable Development Cooperation Framework (UNSDCF). The UNSDCF is governed by a Steering Committee Chaired by Secretary, ERD and Co-chaired by UN Resident Coordinator (UNRC).

The United Nations Sustainable Development Cooperation Framework (UNSDCF) 2022-2026 for Bangladesh is signed by the Government of Bangladesh and the United Nations Country Team (UNCT) at a pivotal moment in the country's development journey. The Government's 8th Five Year Plan articulates the country's development aspirations and its medium-term strategy to recover from the impacts of the COVID-19 pandemic, to achieve the Sustainable Development Goals building on past successes, and to create a sustainable trajectory towards a developed economy status by 2041. Based on the priorities of the Government, the multi-sectoral nature of the Sustainable Development Goals, and the UN's comparative advantages, the UNSDCF 2022-2026 envisions five Strategic Priority Areas for engagement: (i) inclusive and sustainable economic development; (ii) equitable human development and well-being; (iii) sustainable, resilient and healthy environment; (iv) transformative, participatory and inclusive governance; and (v) gender equality and eliminating gender-based violence. In addition to identifying as a Strategic Priority, gender equality is also mainstreamed in each of the other four Strategic Priorities.

In line with the strategies of UNSDCF and 8th Five Year Plan, the Country Programme Document/Framework 2022-2026 for UN Agencies like UNDP, UNICEF, UNFPA and FAO have been approved by the Government.



Lunching of United Nations Sustainable Development Cooperation Framework 2022-2026 on 21 November 2021

The total contribution of UN Agencies from FY 1971-72 to FY 2020-21 shown below:

Period	Commitment (million USD)			Disbursement (million USD)		
	Grant	Loan	Total	Grant	Loan	Total
FY 71-72 to 2020-21	6,474.94	0.00	6,474.94	5,715.17	0.00	5,715.17
FY 2021-22	89.43	0.00	89.43	83.51	0.00	83.51 (prov.)

The development cooperation related to some innovative financing as well as climate financing is also done through UN Wing. The GCF, GEF and the Global Fund are prominent among them. For GCF financing, the ERD acts as the National Designated Authority (NDA).

2.4.1. United Nations Development Programme (UNDP):

UNDP works to eradicate poverty and reduce inequalities through sustainable development. Since 1972, UNDP and its partners have helped Bangladesh make critical advances in the areas of governance, poverty reduction, climate change and disaster risk reduction. It remains a catalyst in the Bangladesh's journey towards graduating to an upper-middle-income country and attending the Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs).

At present, UNDP supports Bangladesh under its Strategic Framework Country Programme Document 2022-2026 endorsed by the Government in 2021. The CPD 2022-2026 envisions that the people of Bangladesh—especially the most vulnerable contribute to and benefit equitably from the integrated social, environmental, and economic dimensions of sustainable and inclusive development. To that end, the CPD will support three strategic priorities of the UNSDCF-(i) inclusive and sustainable economic development; (ii) sustainable, healthy, and resilient environment; and (iii) transformative, participatory, and inclusive governance.

2.4.2. Food and Agriculture Organization (FAO):

Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO) provides financial (Grant) and technical support to the areas like food, agriculture, crops, fisheries, livestock, nutrition, forestry, climate, and other related issues. Since Bangladesh became a member of FAO in 1973, FAO has implemented some 350 technical assistance projects in the country with a combined budget of USD 400 million. There are 15 ongoing projects in Bangladesh with grant support of USD 52.42 million.

The Country Programming Framework (CPF) of FAO for 2022-2026 for Bangladesh has been signed on 25 May 2022 between ERD and FAO. The CPF 2022-2026 sets out FAO's strategic priorities, key areas of technical cooperation, and medium-term country-level programming activities, and is structured around four pillars. It aligns with the United Nations Sustainable Development Cooperation Framework (UNSDCF) 2022-2026, the 8th Five Year Plan of Bangladesh, the Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs), the Perspective Plan 2041, and FAO's Strategic Framework 2022-2031. FAO's Strategic Framework 2022-2031 seeks to support the 2030 Agenda through the transformation to more efficient, inclusive, resilient and sustainable agri-food systems for better production, better nutrition, a better environment, and a better life, leaving no one behind. The CPF 2022-2026 has an indicative budget for Bangladesh for USD 125 million. The list of project agreements signed in FY 2021-22 and the list of ongoing projects are shown in Annexure 1 & 2. Seven Agreements have been signed during Financial Year 2021-2022 for total grant amount 14.87 million USD. **Project List-Annexure-1.d, Page-158-161 and 2.d, Page 195-208).**



Country Programming Framework (CPF) 2022-2026 was signed between ERD and FAO on 25 May 2022

2.4.3. The Global Fund:

The Global Fund (GF) is an innovative multi-stakeholders financing institution that provides major funding to national disease control programmes for HIV and AIDS, tuberculosis and malaria. The Global Fund disbursed grants in Bangladesh more than USD 607.90 million till June 2022. Bangladesh Country Coordinating Mechanism (BCCM) and its secretariat coordinate all the GF programme Implementation and Oversight in Bangladesh. The BCCM is headed by Hon'ble Minister, Ministry of Health, and Family Welfare.

Four Agreements have been signed during Financial Year 2021-2022 for total grant amount USD 38.90 million.

2.4.4. United Nations Office on Drugs and Crime (UNODC):

UNODC is mandated to support member states to implement the key international instruments addressing Trafficking in Persons (TIP) and Smuggling of Migrants (SOM). The agency holds unique position with a dedicated global network of experts focusing on the criminal justice response to TIP and SOM.

One agreement has been signed in Financial Year 2021-22 with a grant amount of USD 2.24 million to be implemented by the Public Security Division.

2.4.5. The Union -Vital Strategies:

The Union-Vital Strategies is a global public health organization provides grant facility to make the tobacco free world. One project on control of use of tobacco is being implemented by Health Services Division with Grant amount USD 0.192 million.

2.4.6. Green Climate Fund (GCF):

Financing efforts and background information from the Green Climate Fund (GCF) to climate change risks:

The Economic Relations Division (ERD) has been working formally since September 30, 2014, as the National Designated Authority (NDA) of Bangladesh to the Green Climate Fund (GCF) formed under the United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change (UNFCCC) to finance risks relating to climate change. Since its inception, NDA has been working on various projects, including the institutionalization of the secretariat to tap climate-related financing.

In FY 2021-22, GCF has approved the following two project proposals for Bangladesh:

No.	Name of the Project	Duration	Total Amount (in Millions)	Development Partner	Implementing Agency
01	Promoting private sector investment through large scale adoption of energy saving technologies and Readymade Garment (RMG) Sectors of Bangladesh	July 2021 – June 2027	256.48 (lone: 250.00)	GCF	IDCOL
02	Cooling Facility	Approved by GCF	46.25	GCF, WB	World Bank

In addition to the projects listed above, the Ministry of Environment, Forest, and Climate Change is about to complete the National Adaptation Plan (NAP) with the help of UNDP, funded under the Readiness and Preparatory Support of GCF. Besides, under the Readiness and Preparatory Support of GCF for 2021, the project titled "Strengthening Bangladesh's NDA Secretariat, Enhancing Pipeline Implementation and Private Sector Engagement in Effective Climate Action" is being implemented currently by ERD in collaboration with FAO.

Apart from GCF-funded projects, considering the importance of climate finance, the UN wing of ERD took the initiative to establish an international climate fund cell under a technical assistance project named "Improved Coordination of International Climate Finance (ICICF)." GIZ, a German-funded development subsidiary, is funding the project. This cell will search for potential climate funds from multifarious international sources and coordinate the implementation of different climate-related projects financed by various sources through all other wings of ERD.

2.4.7. United Nation Population Fund (UNFPA)

United Nations Population Fund (UNFPA) 10th Country Programme Document 2022-26 has been endorsed by the Economic Relations Division. The CPD of UNFPA has an indicative budget of USD 68.5 million where USD 23.0 million from resources and USD 45.5 million through co-financing modalities or other resources. The tenth UNFPA country programme seeks to accelerate action towards the achievement of universal access to sexual and reproductive health and reproductive rights, focusing on these furthest behind; delivering a resilient, agile and thriving Bangladesh where every woman and girl lives in dignity and safety, every pregnancy is wanted, every childbirth is safe, and the potential of every young person is realized. The tenth CPD focuses on following priorities:

- i) Sexual and reproductive health
- ii) Adolescents and youth
- iii) Gender equality and women empowerment
- iv) Population dynamics.

Bangladesh together with UN Agencies and development partners/organizations is already working to respond to COVID-19 pandemic through the Country Preparedness and Response Plan (CPRP) with the government. There are six pillars under the CPRP, and UNFPA, particularly with the Ministry of Health and Family Welfare (MOHFW), is supporting under several pillars, such as Case management, Risk Communication & Community Engagement, Logistics and Procurement, Surveillance, contract tracing and laboratory support. Furthermore, beyond the CPRP, UNFPA through the DGHS, is also supporting locally the district health authorities particularly in providing support for COVID-19 sample collection, providing necessary equipment etc.

2.4.8. United Nations Capital Development Fund (UNCDF):

UNCDF has been implementing a number of programmes in Bangladesh. Local Government Initiative on Climate Change Project has invested USD 7.9 million in 72 union parishads of 7 most climate vulnerable districts for 653 climate adaptive structures with USD 1 million as co-finance from multiple sources. UNCDF works with private sector partners to pilot and scale business models targeting migrants and their families to improve their financial capability. UNCDF, with UNDP and UN Women, collaborated on the joint programme Women's Economic Empowerment for Inclusive Growth (WING) to invest USD 168,740 in nine social enterprises that has unlocked USD 10,02,615 and created 282 jobs for women. UNCDF has helped four private sector innovations supporting digitization and access to finance to women-owned MSMEs, which include e-commerce platforms, record keeping applications, digital and financial literacy tools, digital business support solutions and digital loan platforms. In partnership with ek Shop and Shop Up, two leading local e-commerce platforms, UNCDF is working to deliver financial skills and capabilities to 200,000 MSMEs, with a special focus on women entrepreneurs. UNCDF launched basic digital financial literacy modules that have reached more than 100,000 MSMEs, including women entrepreneurs and micro-merchants from marginalized communities so that they can better recover from the effects of COVID-19. UNCDF is currently helping to create financial and digital literacy solutions for 135,000 garment workers, including at least 60 percent women.

2.4.9. UN Women:

UN Women has been working to address discriminations against women and to ensure gender parity. In partnership with the government, UNWOMEN is implementing Strengthening Gender Responsive Budgeting in Bangladesh (2017-2020) with a fund of BDT 4.52 crore (USD 66.602). The aim of the project is to strengthen the institutional capacity of the gender responsive budgeting to bring in positive changes in women empowerment and gender parity.



2.4.10. International Maritime Organization (IMO):

The International Maritime Organization is the United Nations specialized agency responsible for the safety and security of shipping and the prevention of maritime and atmospheric pollution by ships.

The MoU was signed of 31 May 2022 between ERD and IMO for the extension of the project titled “Safe and Environmentally Sound Ship Recycling in Bangladesh- Phase-III (SENSREC) 01 up to 31 October 2023. The Grant amount is USD 1,36422. The objectives of the project are. Strengthening Capacities to develop and implement a legal policy and institutional roadmap towards accession to the Hong Kong International Convention for the Safe and Environmentally Sound Recycling of Ships, 2009 (the Hong Kong Convention or the HKC); and 2. The project is being implemented putting in place, a well- functioning training system, with an effective and sustainable training programme to train a variety of stakeholders within the ship-recycling sector in Bangladesh.

2.4.11. International Labor Organization (ILO):

Since the establishment of the International Labor Organization (ILO), it has been providing financial and technical assistance to implement various development plans, including creating a working environment based on the consensus of all, bringing the government, owners and labor parties under the same platform. On June 22 of 1972 Bangladesh accepted the active membership of the International Labor Organization (ILO). In Bangladesh, ILO started its income generation activities primarily through the development and maintenance of labor-based infrastructure, but later expanded its operation. The organizations leading role in assisting Bangladesh after the fire that broke out at Tazreen Fashions Limited on November 2012 and the horrific Rana Plaza on April 27 received praises. The ILO's leading role alongside the government and other

development partners has facilitated the challenge of the Bangladesh garment industry after the Rana Plaza collapse and Bangladesh has been able to recover its lost glory.

During the financial year 2021-22 two project was signed between ILO and Economic Relations Division (**Annexure 1**).



The project titled ‘Employment Retention through Subsidy Disbursement for RMG Factory Workers in Bangladesh, Covid-19 Response’ was signed between ERD and ILO on 27 April 2022.

2.4.12. International Organization of Migration (IOM):

The International Organization of Migration (IOM), since its establishment, is the leading international migration agency and is dedicated to the development of Human and Orderly Migration. The agency has been working closely with various government, inter-governmental agencies/NGOs and non-governmental organizations to ensure safe migration. One of IOM's tasks is to develop international cooperation in resolving immigration issues, seeking solutions to immigration problems and providing humanitarian assistance to refugees and internally displaced people. In 1990, IOM helped about 63,000 migrant Bangladeshi workers to return safely to the country during the crisis in Middle East. Soon after that, Bangladesh took the membership of the agency. In 1994, IOM established its Country Office in Bangladesh.

IOM has identified four priority areas to work on in Bangladesh and continues to work with government agencies and other non-governmental organizations. Priority areas are:

1. Migration management;
2. Resilience and social protection;
3. Humanitarian response and
4. Countering irregular migration

The International Migration Agency is playing a leading role in solving the Rohingya problem in Bangladesh. On 8-09-2013, the Government of the People's Republic of Bangladesh adopted the National Strategy titled "National Strategy on Myanmar Refugees and Undocumented Myanmar Nationals in Bangladesh" According to the said strategy, the identification of the citizens of Myanmar illegally located in Bangladesh, the actual number and the registration of their location, strengthening border security between Bangladesh and Myanmar, and continuing dialogue with the Myanmar government to resolve the Rohingya problem, joint humanitarian assistance (Sustain) to Forcibly Displaced Myanmar Nationals (FDMN) with other development partners-all these are planned to be accomplished.

2.4.13. The United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization (UNESCO)

The United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization (UNESCO) was established on 9 November 1965 as a Specialized Agency of the United Nations. Bangladesh became its member on 27 October 1972. UNESCO's scope of work has been widening in Bangladesh since its establishment of country office in Bangladesh in 1996.

The agency is providing financial and technical support for the development of education, culture, science and technology development and utilization of the technology. At the same time, it has undertaken various developmental projects in the sector of poverty alleviation, protection of the environment, development of use of information technology etc. through the inclusion of culture in preserving, spreading and improving the standard of living of Bangladesh. UNESCO has also taken various steps to achieve goal-4 of SDGs.

During the fiscal year 2021-22, no project was signed between UNESCO and ERD.

2.4.14. United Nations Office for Project Services (UNOPS):

UNOPS has been working in Bangladesh since 2003 and established formal representation in 2014 to provide substantial support to the Government of Bangladesh in areas such as infrastructure and resilience. The team currently provides capacity development support to several government infrastructure related agencies and some key national NGOs with a focus on procurement, human resources management, finance and internal control, and project management.

UNOPS addresses critical climate variability and environmental issues across the country, including water supply management and solid waste management projects. Their work emphasizes building national capacities, improving resilience of communities and supporting the implementation of the sustainable development goals. One project with UNOPS was signed in the fiscal year 2021-22.

2.4.15. United Nations Industrial Development Organization (UNIDO):

The United Nations Industrial Development Organization (UNIDO) is the specialized agency of the United Nations that promotes industrial development for poverty reduction, inclusive globalization, and environmental sustainability. UNIDO's relationship with Bangladesh began in the 1970s with projects relating to basic industries (plastics, petro-industries, iron and steel, engineering, and chemicals, among others) and subsequently the promotion of small-scale industries. In the 1980s, projects aimed at investment promotion, preparatory assistance for industrial master plan and the strengthening of particular key industries, such as textiles. In the 1990s, the portfolio shifted towards developing standards, testing and conformity in order to promote exports.

More recently, from 2004 to until now, UNIDO's interventions have adopted an integrated approach, to collectively develop important sectors, improve the quality of necessary infrastructure, and expand trade across sectors. The aim has been to address the quality of manufactured products, to access international markets, to improve product quality, ensure food safety, add higher value and create better employment opportunities. Technical cooperation has also been steered towards green industrial development, including environment management and the disposal of polychlorinated biphenyl, renewable energy, energy efficiency, plastic and marine litter prevention, and agribusiness development. Initiatives taken by UNIDO in these sectors have played an important role in strengthening and diversifying the country's production and export base, highlighting the importance of the UNIDO-Bangladesh cooperation.

2.4.16. South-South and Triangular Cooperation (SSTC):

Following the current global trend of declining conventional foreign aid, a strong and promising form of cooperation called South-South and Triangular Cooperation (SSTC) is rapidly gaining global recognition and institutionalization among the under-developed and developing countries of the South. South-South Cooperation (SSC) is a very important platform for a developing country like Bangladesh in the changing world. Bangladesh from the very beginning has actively been playing pivotal role in the platform. The Hon'ble Prime Minister Sheikh Hasina has already been awarded with the South-South Leadership Award 2013 and the South-South Visionary Award 2014 for her visionary leadership in SSC. Bangladesh also received the UN South-South Cooperation Award in recognition of its significant contribution to South-South Cooperation.

Again, at the 72nd UNGA in 2017 HPM Sheikh Hasina noted that "The countries in the South are often well-positioned to understand each other's development realities and challenges. We, therefore, need to promote a deeper understanding and broader exchange within the South" and following up on that South-South Network for Public Service Innovation (SSN4PSI) was finally launched on 27 November 2017 at the Global South-South Development Expo at Antalya, Turkey jointly by United Nations Office for South-South Cooperation (UNOSSC) with Access to Information (a2i) Programme. The 'South-South Network for Public Service Innovation (SSN4PSI)' of a2i Programme has been featured as the partner of the month for several times in United Nations Office for South-

South Cooperation (UNOSSC)'s knowledge-sharing platform 'South-South Galaxy'. Also, a2i programme is launching the 3rd version of 'South-South Matchmaker' in GSSD Expo 2022 several best practices compiled from around the globe.

2.4.17. UNITED NATIONS CHILDREN'S FUND (UNICEF):

UNICEF is mandated to protect every child under the Convention on the Rights of the Child. The agency works in the world's toughest places to reach the most disadvantaged children and adolescents – and to protect the rights of every child, everywhere. The UNICEF has huge contribution in Bangladesh since pre-independence and after the independence till now. The agency is contributing to the development of children in all respects. At present, UNICEF provides support under the purview of the country programme document.

The Country Programme Document (CPD) of UNICEF for 2022-2026 has been signed between ERD and UNICEF on 23 January 2022. The CPD 2022-2026 has been prepared in line with the strategies of UNSDCF and the priorities of 8th Five Year Plan and SDGs. Under the purview of CPD, the Rolling Work Plan (RWP) will be prepared by UNICEF in consultation with concerned Ministries/Divisions and in cooperation with ERD. The CPD 2022-2026 has focused on the following issues:

- 1) Health;
- 2) Nutrition;
- 3) Education;
- 4) Child protection; and
- 5) Social protection and social priority.

The CPD has an indicative budget of USD 306.00 million for the period 2022-2026 of which USD 86.00 million has been proposed from the regular sources and USD 220.00 million from other sources.



UNICEF Country Programme Document 2022-2026 was signed between ERD and UNICEF on 23 January 2022

UN Section IX performed following activities in FY 2021-2022.

- a) The V20 Ministerial meeting was organized on the 21 April 2022, where Hon'ble Finance Ministers of the V20 Member States were present.
- b) A workshop was arranged under the Sustainable Insurance Facility (SIF) Programme on the 6th and 7th February 2022. Representatives of various Ministries/Departments/Organizations participated in the workshop.
- c) A meeting of CVF and V20 Joint Multi Donor Fund was convened on 24 February 2022. Representatives of the various countries were present in the meeting.
- d) V20 Senior Officials' Meeting took place on 28 March 2022, where representatives of various countries were present.
- e) A meeting was arranged on 29th May 2022 with UNIDO and on 6th June 2022 with UNOPS on various issues relating to project implementation. Both local and foreign officials of the development partners were present in the said meetings.
- f) Two project agreements have been signed with UNOPOS and UNEP shown in **Annexure 1.d Page 158-161.**

2.4.18. Projects under UN Wing

2.4.18.1. Project-1: Knowledge for Development Management (K4DM) Phase II Project

The UN Wing is implementing Knowledge for Development Management (K4DM) Phase II Project. The project period is from July 2021 to 2024 with total amount BDT 2667.00 Lac (GoB 77.00 and UNDP 2590.00).

In the present socio-economic context, K4DM Phase II has targeted to achieve the following two major outcomes:

Outcome 1: Evidence-based policymaking toward national development aspirations practiced

Outcome 2: External resource mobilization strategy and international economic collaboration strengthened.

Five targeted outputs of the project:

- a) Output 1: Institutional approach for capacity building adopted.
- b) Output 2: Enabling environment for evidence-based policymaking strengthened.
- c) Output 3: External resource mobilization capacity strengthened.
- d) Output 4: Engagement of NRBs with the Government improved.
- e) Output 5: Institutions and modality for South-South & Triangular Cooperation strengthened.

Major Progress Achieved in 2021-22:

- **Inception Workshop:** The project officially kicked off on 06 April 2022 through an Inception Workshop where the goals, objectives, and strategies of the new phase of the project as well as the achievements, and lessons learned from the previous phase were shared with the stakeholders from the GoB, DPs, private sector, civil society, and UN agencies.
- **Inter Wing Peer Learning Sessions:** A total of Sixteen (16) Inter Wing Peer Learning Sessions were conducted where ERD officials participated. Through the sessions, a comprehensive learning and knowledge-sharing environment has been created within ERD to work in a coordinated manner. These sessions provided an insight into each wing's working method, areas of work, challenges, and scope of strengthening collaboration to mitigate the challenges along with NIS, APA, RTI, loan negotiation process, debt sustainability, concessional and non-concessional loans, different floating rates of the loans etc.

- **Seminar on Economic Crisis in Sri Lanka: Lessons Learning for Other Countries:** K4DM Phase-II organized a Seminar on 'Economic Crisis in Sri Lanka: Lessons Learning for Other Countries' on 11 May 2022 with the participation of 70 ERD officials. The factors behind the economic fallout of Sri Lanka and what country like Bangladesh should learn from it were widely discussed and emphasis was given to making better policies to avoid crisis in future.
- **Seminar on National Budget from the Perspective of ERD:** A Seminar on 'National Budget from the Perspective of ERD' was organized on 26 June 2022 where 65 ERD officials participated. In this seminar, the National Budget 2022-23 was analyzed from the ERD perspective along with the formulation process, main factors, different projections, assumptions, challenges, and mitigation strategies of the National Budget. Importance was given to enhancing the analytical and planning skills of ERD officials to face challenges and play vital roles in external resource mobilization.
- **Workshop on Annual Work Plan 2022-23 (July to June):** K4DM Phase-II organized a two-day-long workshop on Annual Work Plan for July 2022- June 2023 from 9 to 11 June 2022. In the workshop, 26 ERD officials from all the wings of ERD along with representatives from UNDP identified the major needs for ERD and proposed required activities to be implemented by K4DM Phase-II in the fiscal year 2022-23.

2.4.18.2. Project-2: Strengthening Bangladesh's NDA Secretariat, Enhancing Pipeline Implementation and Private Sector Engagement in Effective Climate Action Project

Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations, in partnership with Economic Relations Division of the Ministry of Finance is currently implementing a GCF Readiness and Preparatory Support project in Bangladesh aimed to strengthen processes and mechanisms within GCF National Designated Authority. The project will be implemented in two and half years (2020-2023), financed by the Green Climate Fund for USD 9,99, 125.

The project has a broad goal to strengthen the NDA Secretariat capacity to effectively deliver its mandate and functions through technical assistance in the following; Review and update of the GCF Country Investment programme and Readiness Needs assessment; Review and development of Robust Environmental Social Safeguards for entities seeking GCF accreditation in Bangladesh and; catalysing learning and knowledge sharing through expert seminars on key climate actions and themes.

Private sector engagement in climate investment and actions is a key government priority to mobilize climate finance into Bangladesh. The readiness project will analyse and develop a strategy to systematically engage private sector through strategic national and regional partnerships and dialogues. Additionally, the project will support the existing GCF country investment portfolio through development of concept ideas engaging

private sector and line ministries; while simultaneously developing country capacity for project development through training and feasibility studies.

Accomplishment by the project include; Gap assessment and capacity building of four government entities on GCF Readiness Environmental Social Safeguard approach to support future GCF accreditation; completion of two knowledge exchange webinars involving more than 150 Mid-level to Senior government officials; development a methodology to periodically update the GCF country programme and commencement of the process to review and update the GCF country programme.

2.4.18.3. Project-3: Improved Coordination of International Climate Finance (ICICF) Project

The ‘Improved Coordination of International Climate Finance (ICICF)’ project is supported by the German Government’s SDG 2030 Implementation Initiative and is being implemented by GIZ Bangladesh together with the Economic Relations Division (ERD), Ministry of Finance. The aim of the project is to enhance the competency of national and local level actors in the field of climate finance in combination with achieving the SDGs. The project is being implemented during September 2021 to May 2023.

The implementing partners of the project are ERD, Bangladesh Bank, Infrastructure Development Company Limited (IDCOL), Palli Karma Sahayak Foundation (PKSF), Prime Minister’s Office, and selected city corporations-municipalities. In FY 2021-2022, the project has undertaken several technical support and capacity strengthening activities for its partners and other relevant stakeholders.

2.5. Wing-5: Asian Development Bank (ADB)

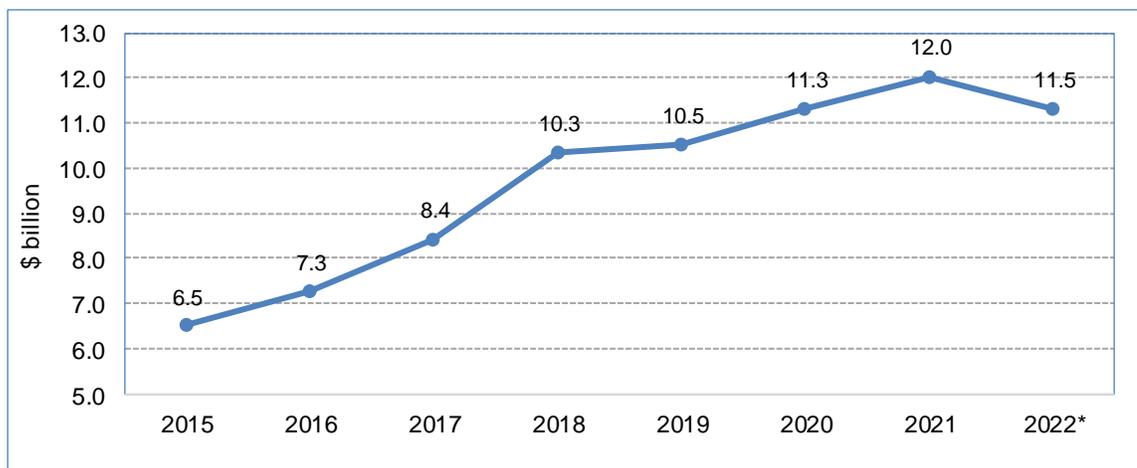
ADB wing of the Economic Relations Division (ERD) is involved in mobilizing external resources, i.e. loans, grants and technical assistance from the Asian Development Bank (ADB) for achieving a prosperous, inclusive, resilient and sustainable socio-economic development of Bangladesh. It also provides nominations for representing the Government of Bangladesh in training, high level workshop and meeting held in home and abroad conducted by ADB. ADB is the second largest development partner of Bangladesh. Bangladesh became member of ADB in 1973. Since 1973, ADB has been continuously supporting Bangladesh to achieve development milestones.

ADB provides loans, technical assistance and grants to promote social and economic development. It has provided a total of USD 1528.50 million support for 09 investment projects, 08 technical assistance projects and 07 Regional Capacity Development Technical Assistance (R-CDTA) projects under ADB Wing for FY 2021-22. An overview of the contracts executed during the financial year is given in Annexure-1 and 2. ADB provides loans on concessional terms and also from the Ordinary Capital Resources (OCR) on Secured Overnight Financing Rate (SOFR) basis. The interest rate of COL loan is fixed at 2% and the regular OCR loan interest rate is based on (SOFR)+50bps with a maturity premium of 0.10% and 0.15% commitment fee on undisbursed amount. Generally ADB loan has a principal repayment period of 20 years, and a grace period of 05 years.

Apart from providing loans/grants to its Developing Member Countries (DMCs), ADB facilitates South Asia Sub-regional Economic Cooperation in transport and communication, energy, information technology, tourism, maritime connectivity and trade facilitation for the economic development of the countries located in the same region.

ADB contributes significantly to achieve our development milestones. Over the last 7 years Bangladesh portfolio has increased from USD 7.3 billion to USD 11.48 billion as of 30 June 2022. ADB responded immediately to overcome unprecedented COVID-19 pandemic and helped Bangladesh mitigating health crisis and achieving economic recovery. It has extended support to policy reform for economic recovery, health & social protection, food security, skill development, rural development, water and sanitation. It has also provided budget support to Bangladesh under its COVID-19 Pandemic Response Option (CPRO). The following graph reflects increasing trend of ADB's support to Bangladesh:

Graph: Trend of Bangladesh Portfolio of ADB

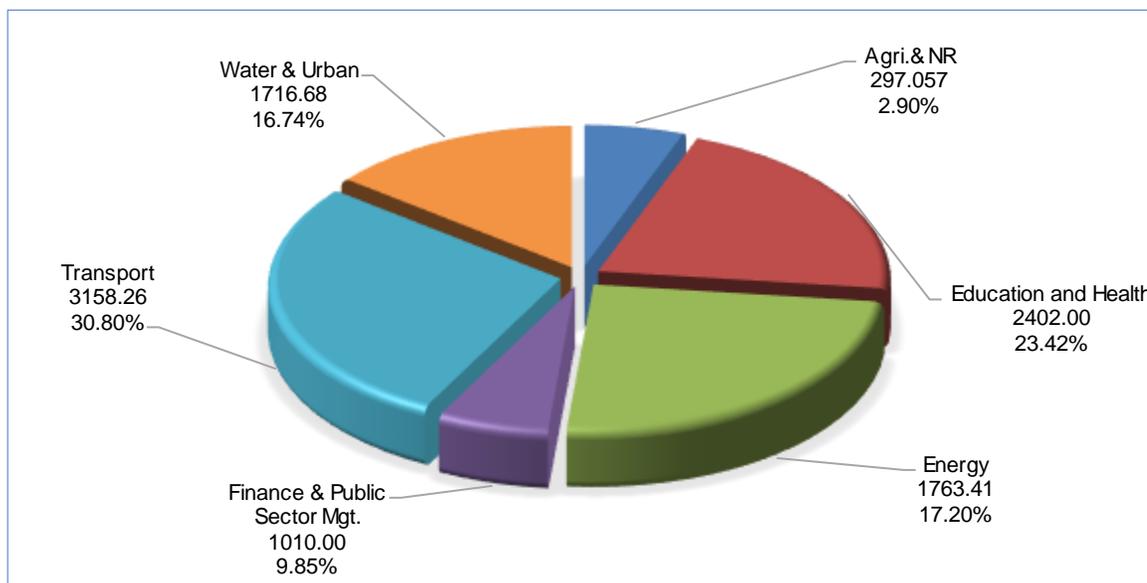


Source: Flow of External Resources into Bangladesh, ERD.

* As on 30 June 2022

Information on ongoing portfolio funded by ADB:

There are currently 59 ongoing investment programmes/projects under various ministries/divisions funded by ADB. Sectoral Distributions are as follows: **Annexure-2.e (Page 209-213)**



Source: Flow of External Resources into Bangladesh, ERD.

Loan Negotiation:

Loan Negotiation for 07 (seven) projects amounting USD 1017.90 million was held in FY 2021-22. **Annexure-1.e (Page 162-165)**

Loan and Grant Signed:

10 Loan Agreements amounting USD 1528.50 million, 08 Grant Agreements amounting USD 73.07 million and 09 Regional Capacity Development Technical Assistance (R-CDTA) projects amounting USD 15.77 million have been signed with ADB in FY 2021-22: **Annexure-1.e (Page 162-165)**



Loan and Grant Signing of USD 71.40 million for Emergency Assistance Project on 29 June 2022



Loan & Grant signing of USD 314.89 million for Dhaka Environmentally Sustainable Water Supply Project and Flood & River Bank Erosion Risk Management Investment Programme on 01 March 2022



Loan signing of USD 650 million for Sustainable Economic Recovery Programme and SASEC Dhaka Sylhet Corridor Road Project – Tranche 1 on 04 October 2021

Important meetings held in the FY 2021-22 of ADB Wing:

In order to address various issues on development intervention and cooperation the following bilateral/tripartite meetings were held virtually and in person. The meetings were held in participation with representatives of various ministries/departments/agencies of the government on financing in Bangladesh. The objective was to explore possible future support and also for reviewing the progress of existing projects in Bangladesh.

Meetings held in country

- **Country Programming Mission (CPM):** Two virtual Country Programming Mission (CPM) meetings were held in consultation with ADB, including representatives from different ministries/ departments/agencies, to discuss the determination of ADB funding in various development projects.
- **Tripartite Portfolio Review Meeting (TPRM):** Two Tripartite Portfolio Review Meetings were held among ERD, project implementation ministries/departments and agencies and ADB to review the implementation progress of the project supported by ADB.
- **Wrap up Meeting:** A total of 39 Wrap up Meetings were held during the Consultation/Fact-Finding/Loan Review Mission to finalize ADB's financial support and review the progress of the project.
- **Missions:** Fifty Six missions were fielded during FY 2021-22.
- **Inter-Ministerial Meeting:** Seven inter-ministerial meetings were held to discuss the Draft Loan Documents and to discuss the implementation issues of the ongoing projects/programmes.
- **Other Meeting:** One SASEC Nodal Official, one SASEC Transport Working Group, one SASEC Cross Border Power Trade Working Group and one SASEC Custom Subgroup meetings were held.

Meetings held abroad

- **ADB's Annual Meeting:** The ADB's annual meeting of the ADB's Board of Governors was held on an annual basis to review and set important policies. So far, 55 annual meetings were held for ADB. The 55th Annual Meeting was held virtually on 05 May 2022. The meeting was attended by the Secretary of the Economic Relations Division (ERD) and also Alternate Governor of the ADB's Board of Governors. The theme of the meeting was “Collaboration for Resilient and Green Recovery”.

Seminars/Workshops/Training

In FY 2021-2022, ADB arranged 67 seminars/workshops/trainings for 297 officials from different ministries/divisions/agencies. All officials virtually/in person joined the programme. These seminars/workshops/trainings helped enhance capacity of the officials.

2.6. Wing-6: Coordination and Nordic

Coordination and Nordic Wing is responsible for the coordination of overall economic cooperation with the Development Partners like Denmark, Sweden, Norway, Finland, Nordic Development Fund (NDF), World Food Programme (WFP) and International Fund for Agricultural Development (IFAD). The key function of this Wing is to provide relevant data and information to the President's Office, Prime Minister's Office, and Cabinet Division. Up to date information for the ECNEC, Cabinet Committee on Government Purchase, Economic affairs, Administrative Development and Reforms, meetings of Secretaries, implementation of the projects as assured by the Hon'ble Prime Minister, preparing, and updating work plan to implement National Integration Strategy.

2.6.1. International Fund for Agricultural Development (IFAD)

International Fund for Agricultural Development is a specialized agency of the United Nations. It was established as an international financial institute in 1977. Since then, IFAD assisted projects have influenced the lives of millions of people of Bangladesh. The priority area of IFAD contribution is aquaculture, technical support in micro-finance, agriculture extension and intensification, rural infrastructure, crop diversification and women empowerment.

IFAD in Bangladesh

IFAD, a long-time development partner of Bangladesh, has been investing in poor rural women and men in Bangladesh since 1978. Bangladesh was one of the first countries to have collaborated with and received financing from IFAD. It financed a total of 34 development projects in Bangladesh. Twenty-seven projects among these have already been completed and seven projects are currently at the implementation stage. The total cost of these projects stands to USD 2.3 billion of which financing of IFAD is USD 913.4 million. These projects have directly benefitted 11.7 million households.

Current Bangladesh Country Programme of IFAD

Currently, IFAD is financing seven projects in Bangladesh in partnership with the Ministry of Agriculture (MoA), Local Government Engineering Department (LGED), Palli Karma-Sahayak Foundation (PKSF) and Bangladesh Water Development Board (BWDB). These ongoing projects are benefitting 4.5 million households or 18.2 million people, which stands for 20% of the rural population of Bangladesh. Another two pipeline projects are under process. (**Annexure 2.f, Page-214-215**)

In the current FY 2021-22 IFAD commitment is USD 1.09 million in grant and USD 18.07 million in loan, the total amount being USD 19.16 million.

Table-01: Total assistance from IFAD during FY 1976-77 to FY 2020-21 and FY 2021-2022 (million USD):

FY	Commitment			Disbursement		
	Grant	Loan	Total	Grant	Loan	Total
FY 1976-2021	36.725	969.030	1005.755	23.463	718.462	741.925
FY 2021-2022	1.09	18.07	19.16	0.5	36.446	36.946

The completion review of the preceding Country Strategic Programme (COSOP), 2012-2022 came to end in 2022. The new COSOP encompasses the 2022-2024 and 2025-2028 cycles of IFAD’s Performance Based Allocation System (PABAS). Based on current PABAS scores, funding of IFAD for the two cycles is estimated to be USD 240 million.

Strategic objective of Bangladesh Country Programme of IFAD is to strengthen climate change adaptation and mitigation capacities of vulnerable rural communities through resilient infrastructure and climate smart agriculture.

A meeting on IFAD Country Strategic Programme (COSOP) was held on 02 February 2022 in ERD.



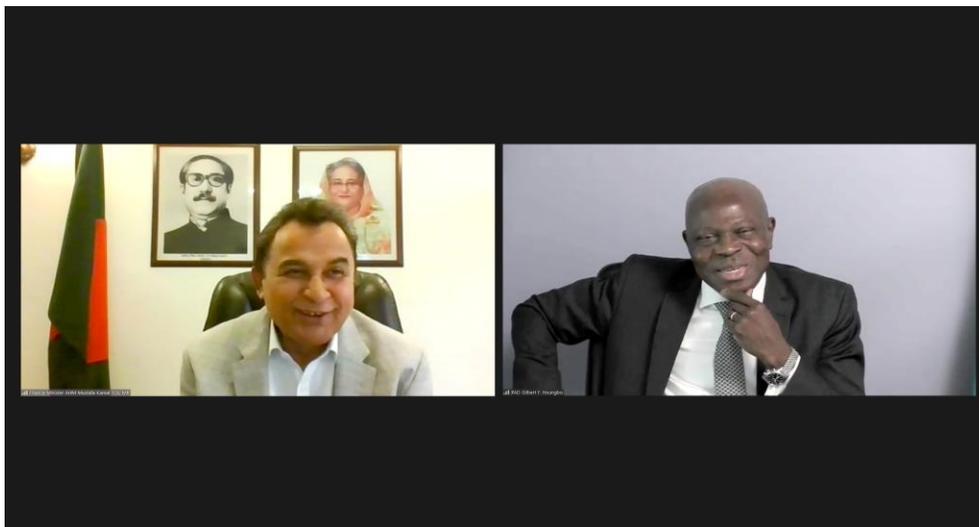
Hon’ble Finance Minister in COSOP meeting held on 02 February 2022.



Glimpse of COSOP meeting held on 02 February 2022

The Governing Council Meeting of IFAD

The 45th Governing Council Meeting of IFAD was held in Rome, Italy on 16 February 2022. The meeting was held on virtual platform. Bangladesh delegations led by the Hon'ble Finance Minister Mr. A H M Mustafa Kamal, FCA, MP participated in the council meeting.



Hon'ble Finance Minister and IFAD President in the IFAD 45th Governing Council virtual meeting held on 16 February 2022

2.6.2. WFP operations in Bangladesh

(i) Capacity Support to the Government

1. Support to reforming programmes for targeted women and children:

WFP has been supporting the Ministry of Women and Children Affairs (MoWCA) in reforming the Vulnerable Group Development (VGD) programme into the Investment Component for Vulnerable Group Development (ICVGD) by adding a one-off cash grant for beneficiaries to invest in income generating activities along with intensive training and system improvements. WFP is also supporting MoWCA in designing the Mother and Child Benefit Programme (MCBP) by integrating the ongoing Maternal Allowance (MA) and Lactating Mothers Allowance (LMA) Programmes with an improvement of targeting efficiency, G2P payment system, and monthly payments instead of six-monthly payments. Once fully operationalized nationwide, these two Programmes are expected to reach more than 10.00 million beneficiaries.

2. Support to scale-up School Feeding Programme:

The objective of the School Feeding Programme is to Support the Ministry of Primary and Mass Education (MoPME) to assist 2.7 million school children with micronutrient enriched biscuits through the School Feeding Programme. In addition, WFP assisted the Ministry to develop the National School Meals Policy which was approved by the Cabinet in 2019. The Government has started scaling up nutritious cooked hot meals in 16 sub-districts in 2020 to distribute cooked hot meals to 400,000 school children. The National School Meal Policy envisions to reach all 16.00 million pre and primary school children in the country by 2025.

3. Support for scaling up post-harvest rice fortification:

WFP has been supporting the Ministry of Food for scaling up distribution of fortified rice to address the prevailing micronutrient deficiencies, primarily for the poor and vulnerable population of the country. The Ministry of Food and MoWCA have been distributing fortified rice among the beneficiaries of Food Friendly Programme (FFP) of MoFood and the ICVGD programme of MoWCA covering over 5.00 million people. Five local companies are producing rice premix kernels and 70 blending units are engaged in blending rice pre-mix kernels with normal rice to produce fortified rice.

4. Developing innovative tools for early actions in disaster management:

WFP has designed an innovative tool called “Forecast-based Financing (FbF)”, which uses reliable weather forecasts to trigger anticipatory actions and release humanitarian funds directly to the pre-listed vulnerable population for pre-agreed activities when weather/climate forecasts indicate an elevated risk. WFP applied this model for the first time in 2019 and again in 2020 flood as an anticipatory early action.

More than 10,000 households received BDT 4,500 each on their mobile accounts three days before the flood water hit the trigger point, which minimized losses and damages and reduced the need for assistance in the aftermath. The Ministry of Disaster Management and Relief (MoDMR) has incorporated FbF in the Standing Orders on Disaster (SoD).

5. Coordination platform to advocate for nutrition sensitive social protection:

To improve coordination amid the line agencies for taking the nutrition agenda forward, WFP has supported the Cabinet Division to establish a multi-sectoral coordination platform at the Cabinet Division. This platform is effectively advocating at the policy level including undertaking policy analysis, providing policy guidance to line ministries, and advising line ministries to take specific actions for enhancing nutrition outcomes of their safety net programmes.

6. Emergency and COVID-19 response:

In response to the multiple emergencies Bangladesh faced last year (COVID-19, monsoon floods and Tropical Cyclone Amphan), WFP reached 400,000 beneficiaries in 2020. WFP's emergency response includes assistance to the poor and vulnerable urban slums in Dhaka North City Corporation in close collaboration with MoWCA and the Ministry of Social Welfare. The lessons learnt from these urban interventions will help design targeted safety-net programmes in urban (such as the VWB Programme by MoWCA).

7. Rohingya Response – Cox's Bazar

General Food Assistance: All Rohingya population in Cox's Bazar receive in-kind food rations of rice, pulses and oil and other commodities through an electronic voucher (e-voucher) modality whereby a family receives a monthly entitlement delivered on a prepaid bio-metric card.

Nutrition: WFP provides specialized nutritious foods to children under five years of age, and pregnant and breastfeeding women. In both the host community and the refugee camps, children identified as moderately undernourished are enrolled in a malnutrition treatment programme called Targeted Supplementary Feeding Programme (TSFP). In the refugee camps, all children under the age of five years and pregnant or breastfeeding women benefit from a preventive Blanket Supplementary Feeding Programme (BSFP).

Targeted Food Assistance: WFP provides targeted food assistance through the implementation of community workfare (cash-for-work) and services, including training on skills to strengthen self-reliance.

Livelihoods Programme in the Host Community: WFP has been supporting 45,600 women in host communities in Cox's Bazar to establish linkage with markets and provide

them a one-time grant for investment in income-earning activities and monthly allowances for consumption support.

Site Maintenance Engineering Project (SMEP): The SMEP project is run jointly by UNHCR, IOM and WFP. The project uses heavy and light machinery and a workforce of over 3500 people from Rohingya and host communities to prepare safer land for families to relocate. SMEP engineers are building bridges and roads for safe access, fortifying embankments, and clearing drainage.

2.6.3. Nordic Countries related Development Assistance:

Nordic Section assesses, mobilizes, and allocates the development assistance from the Nordic countries. Denmark, Sweden, Norway, and Finland are the Nordic Development Partners. In addition, Nordic Development Fund (NDF), the joint multi-lateral development financial institution of Denmark, Sweden, Norway, and Finland, has been assisting Bangladesh for a long time. There are now 15 ongoing projects under the Nordic section. Denmark has been providing loans/grants in agriculture, water & sanitation, climate change, governance and rights. Whereas, Sweden has been providing assistance in poverty reduction, strengthening democracy, respect for human rights and gender equality and sustainable development. NDF is also keen to extend assistance in power, climate change, and private sector partnership development. In the past, Norway assisted in power and energy, investment and trade, education, and private sector development projects.

Denmark

Bangladesh and Denmark have been in four decades-long partnerships since 1972. During this tenure, Denmark has been assisting Bangladesh in the areas of agriculture, transportation, rural road networks, water & sanitation, governance, and rights. They have also been supporting Bangladesh to mitigate the negative impacts of climate change. Bangladesh Country Programme (BCP) between the Government of Denmark and Government of Bangladesh has been extended to 2022 with an additional grant amount of 50 million DKK equivalent to USD 8.20 million for the FY 2020-2021. For the last few years, the Government of Denmark is providing assistance to Bangladesh in mainly three thematic areas under the BCP programme (2013-2021): Agriculture Growth and Employment, Climate Resilience and Sustainable Energy and Governance and Rights. List of ongoing Projects under Denmark assistance. **(Annexure 2.g Page-216)**

Table-1: Total assistance from Denmark during FY 1972-1973 to FY 2020-2021 and FY 2021-22 given below (in million USD):

FY	Commitment			Disbursement		
	Grant	Loan	Total	Grant	Loan	Total
FY1971/72- FY 2020/21	1194.791	516.82	1711.611	1006.924	142.074	1148.998
FY 2021-2022	0.00	0.00	0.00	6.19	0.00	6.19

Sweden:

Sweden is providing financial and technical assistance to Bangladesh since 1972 in the areas of basic education, primary health, human rights, good governance, and urban environment development. Recently, Sweden has expressed its interest to provide assistance for the development of energy, climate change and development sector. Sweden is also providing assistance to government and non-government organizations for the socio-economic development of the country.

Table-12: Total assistance from Sweden during FY 1972-1973 to FY 2020-2021 and FY 2021-22 given below (in million USD):

	Commitment			Disbursement		
	Grant	Loan	Total	Grant	Loan	Total
FY1971/72- FY 2020/21	962.50	33.57	996.07	878.33	24.32	902.65
FY 2021-2022	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

Norway:

Norway is a trusted Development Partner of Bangladesh since 1973. Norwegian cooperation mainly used to focus on some major thematic areas such as investment in trade, power and energy, environment, good governance, gender and human rights, culture, education and private sector development. A memorandum of Understanding (MoU) was signed between the Government of the Kingdom of Norway and the Government of Bangladesh on 20.04.2003 and it expired on 31.05.2009. After that, no Development Cooperation Agreement has been signed between Norway and Bangladesh till to date. Simultaneously, Norway is providing funds through core funding to the UN-system/organizations and multilateral banks.

Table-13: Total assistance from Norway during FY 1972-1973 to FY 2020-2021 and FY 2021-22 given below (in million USD):

	Commitment			Disbursement		
	Grant	Loan	Total	Grant	Loan	Total
FY1971/72- FY 2020/21	764.38	9.16	773.54	709.17	3.33	712.50
FY 2021-2022	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

2.7. Wing-7: Europe

Europe Wing deals with the bilateral and multilateral economic cooperation including mobilization of resources from European Countries except Nordic regions. Development Partners of this wing includes European Union; various countries of Europe like- UK, Germany, France, Switzerland, Russian Federation; development agencies like- Foreign, Commonwealth and Development Office (FCDO), Agency Francaise De Development (AFD), the Swiss Agency for Development Cooperation (SDC), the Deutsche Gesellschaft für Internationale Zusammenarbeit (GIZ), Kreditanstalt Für Wiederaufbau (KfW); and the European Investment Bank (EIB). Development partners provide both loans and grants.

The notable priority sectors under this wing are- power, atomic energy, transport, agriculture, health, education and skill development, water and sanitation, climate change, food security and nutrition, good governance, renewable energy, energy efficiency, sustainable urban development, displacement and migration, development of small and medium enterprises.

2.7.1. Mobilization of Engagement

A total of 15 financing agreements have been signed with various development partners under the management of the Europe Wing in FY 2021-22 with a total amount of USD 952.10 million [**Annexure-1.f (Page no-166-168)**]. These amounts will be spent in the fields of power, energy, renewable energy, economic infrastructure, vaccination and health sector, justice, climate and environment and good governance.

Germany

Germany is one of the longest standing development partners of Bangladesh since 1972. Bangladesh acclaimed Germany's contributions for the past 50 years as well as the constructive progress to which Germany has played a significant role. The total volume of bilateral and technical financial assistance received from Germany since 1972 to June 2022 amounts up to USD 2.18 (Two point one eight) billion.

Climate change mitigation and adaptation, renewable energy and energy efficiency, sustainable urban development is the fundamental areas of Bangladesh-German development cooperation. However, based on the latest 'Consultations on Development Cooperation between the Government of the People's Republic of Bangladesh and the Government of the Federal Republic of Germany' held in March 2022, all aspects around climate change form the centre piece of the joint cooperation and this area has been laid the foundation for the new cooperation model. Therefore, climate issues and energy would form the first cooperation pillar. To accompany Bangladesh in the process of LDC graduation, Germany has proposed to strengthen the cooperation in the area of technical and vocational education and training, diversification of the economy and offers support to Bangladesh's export industry to comply with the increasing social and environmental standards at export destinations.

This would be the second pillar of the joint cooperation. As a third pillar, Germany proposes to continue the work on the protection of the environment, especially for the Mangroves which are a biodiversity hotspot.



Technical Cooperation Agreement signing with H.E Peter Fahrenholtz, Ambassador of the Federal Republic of Germany in Bangladesh and Ms. Fatima Yasmin, Secretary, Economic Relations Division, Ministry of Finance.

Both the governments have agreed that the new cooperation would be centered around three core areas: i) Climate and Energy - Just Transition; ii) Sustainable Economic Development, Training and Employment, and c) Conserving Nature and Natural Resources, Protecting Life on Earth. The bilateral partnership entails a wide range of instruments including technical cooperation, financial cooperation with development loans and grants. Apart from Government-to-Government cooperation, the new partnership aims at improving the exchange between relevant scientific institutions and civil society organizations in Bangladesh and Germany active in this sector. The current German government has established a new partnership category: climate and development partnerships. These partnerships entail a long-lasting, predictable and reliable deepened cooperation in the areas of climate change and development.

The Federal Republic of Germany operates their technical and financial cooperation activities in Bangladesh through three windows/institutions; GIZ, KfW Development Bank and Federal Institute for Geosciences and Natural Resources (BGR): which are over sighted by the Embassy of Germany in Bangladesh. Currently, 23 (twenty three) projects are being financed (loan and grants) by the German government amounting a total contribution of EUR 452.5 million loan and EUR 161.054 million grant. On-going Development Projects [**Project List- Annexure-2-i, j (Page no-218-220)**].

Table-14: Total assistance from Germany during FY 71-72 to FY 20-21 and FY 21-22:

(million USD)

	Commitment			Disbursement		
	Grant	Loan	Total	Grant	Loan	Total
FY71-72 to FY20-21	2240.453	650.285	2890.738	1830.167	334.095	2164.263
FY21-22	36.43	132.85	196.28	4.78	18.46	23.24

The Kingdom of Netherlands

The Royal Netherlands Government has been providing development support to Bangladesh since our independence. The assistance is provided in the form of grants and technical assistance. The Government of Netherlands has made a notable contribution in Bangladesh in the field of land reclamation from different rivers for the development of char. The land reclamation project initiated this concept and the ultimate result is ‘Char Development and Settlement Projects’ (CDSP)-I, CDSP-II, CDSP-III, and CDSP-IV. These projects have benefitted thousands of landless people through rehabilitation. Besides, Government of Netherlands provided their assistance in the Formulation of Bangladesh Delta Plan-2100. Eighty projects, to be implemented by 2030, have been identified as part of the investment plan under the BDP-2100. Among these eighty (80) projects, sixty-five (65) are physical projects and fifteen (15) are institutional and capacity development projects. Project List [**Annexure-2.k (Page no-220-221)**].

Table-15: Total assistance from Netherlands during FY 72-73 to FY 20-21 and FY 21-22:

(million USD)

	Commitment			Disbursement		
	Grant	Loan	Total	Grant	Loan	Total
FY72-73 to FY20-21	1399.11	71.296	1470.406	111.509	71.296	1187.809
FY21-22	1.00	0.00	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

France

France has been a trusted development partner since 1973. At present, the Government of France provides assistance through its organization **Agence Française de Développement (AFD)**. There are 10 Development Projects ongoing with assistance from AFD [Project List-Annex-)]. Annual Consultation meeting between the Economic Relations Division and Agence Française de Développement (AFD) took place in Paris on 16 May 2022. Host Country Agreement was signed on 12 May 2022. Annual Consultation meeting between the Government of the People’s Republic of Bangladesh and the Government of the French Republic also took place after the signing of the Host Country Agreement. On-going Project List [Annexure-2.1 (Page no-221)].



Host Country Agreement signing ceremony with AFD



Portfolio Review meeting with AFD

Table 16: Total assistance from France during FY 72-73 to FY 20-21 and FY 21-22:

(million USD)

Commitment				Disbursement		
	Grant	Loan	Total	Grant	Loan	Total
FY72-73 to FY20-21	401.798	1259.93	1661.22	329.82	540.86	870.68
FY21-22	0.74	450.16	450.90	0.18	164.77	164.95

Swiss Agency for Development and Cooperation (SDC)

The Swiss Agency for Development and Cooperation has been assisting Bangladesh with food aid, commodity aid and project aid from the Swiss Confederation since 1976. Under the Swiss Cooperation Strategy 2018-2021, the SDC engages less in direct service delivery and more in policy influencing and institution-building initiatives. Comparing the SDC's engagement in the previous cooperation strategy, Swiss Cooperation Strategy 2018-2021, in financial terms, it appears that there is a reduction in development funds from CHF 25 million to CHF 21.6 million per year. In the present strategy, the main domains of cooperation are Democratic Governance (SDC theme Governance, SDG 16), Income and Economic Development (SDC theme employment and economic development, SDGs 1 and 8) and Safer Migration (SDC theme migration, SDGs 1, 5, 8, 10, 16). On-going Project List [Annexure-2.m (Page no-221-222)].

Table 17: Total assistance from Switzerland since 1972 (million USD)

Commitment				Disbursement		
	Grant	Loan	Total	Grant	Loan	Total
FY72-73 to FY20-21	216.90	10.00	226.90	135.48	10.00	145.10
FY21-22	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.30	0.00	1.30

FCDO [DFID (UK)]

The United Kingdom (UK) has been providing development assistance to Bangladesh since 1976. The UK Foreign, Commonwealth and Development Office (FCDO) provided assistance in the area of better governance, reducing extreme poverty, vulnerability to climate change, improving basic health, education, water and sanitation and supporting private sector growth for creation of jobs etc. Presently, DFID has been merged with the FCDO. There is one ongoing Development Project under FCDO assistance [**Project List-Annex-2.m (Page no-221-222)**].

Table-18: Total assistance received from DFID (FCDO) during FY 71-72 to FY 20-21 and FY 21-22: (million USD)

Commitment				Disbursement		
	Grant	Loan	Total	Grant	Loan	Total
FY71-72 to FY20-21	3098.94	91.00	3189.94	2638.04	88.73	2726.77
FY21-22	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.74	0.00	1.74

The European Union

The bilateral relationship between the Government of Bangladesh and the European Union (EU) has been continuing since 1973. It is one of the largest Development Partners of Bangladesh. The average amount of development assistance to the Government of Bangladesh provided by this organization is about Euro 90-100 million per annum. All EU assistance to Bangladesh is provided as grants. The main areas where the EU provides assistance to Bangladesh are economic development, human rights, good governance and environment. The office of the European Commission was established in Dhaka in 1982 which was upgraded in 1988 as a full delegation under the Vienna Convention. EU-Bangladesh Framework Agreement was signed in 1984. The first Commercial Cooperation Agreement signed in 1976, was replaced by an updated Trade and Cooperation Agreement in March 2001.

There are 13 (thirteen) ongoing Development Projects under the EU assistance, [Project List- Annexure-2.n (Page no-222-223)].

Table-19: Total assistance from the EU during FY 72-73 to FY 20-21 and FY 21-22:
(million USD)

	Commitment			Disbursement		
	Grant	Loan	Total	Grant	Loan	Total
FY 72-73 -FY20-21	2922.811	48.00	2961.901	2016.623	48.00	2064.623
FY 21-22	43.09	0.00	43.09	0.00	0.00	0.00

Trade and Economic Ties with the EU

European Union trade relations with Bangladesh are based on unilateral trade preferences granted by the EU since 2001 under the Generalized System of Preferences (GSP) Everything But Arms (EBA) duty-free, quota-free market access arrangement for the LDCs. The EU is currently one of the main trading partners of Bangladesh, absorbing more than half of its exports. Between 2017 and 2021 calendar year, EBA exports from Bangladesh to the EU amounted to average 14.8 billion euro. Bangladesh's main export sector to the EU is clothing, which account for more than 90% of total EBA imports. Of the rest, products such as frozen food, agri-products, footwear, leather products and bicycles have generated demands in recent years. EU exports to Bangladesh are dominated by machinery, transport equipment and chemicals.

The EU Assistance to Bangladesh

The EU has a 7-year programming cycle for International cooperation named Multiannual Indicative Programme (MIP) for the period 2021-2027. Allocation of grant contribution for the period 2021-2024 is Euro 306 million with additional funds for the remaining 2025-2027 period. The MIP 2021-2027 focused on the following areas for cooperation:

- i) Human Capital Development (Euro 160.5 million):
 - Full cycle of quality education;
 - Better employment opportunities for Bangladeshi youth;
 - Decent work and social protection for all;
- ii) Green Inclusive Development (Euro 75 million):
 1. Energy efficiency and affordable renewable energy;
 2. Environmental protection and support climate change mitigation and adaptation;
- iii) Good Governance and just Society (Euro 64.3 million):
 1. Women and girls are free from all forms of gender-based violence;
 2. Improve access to justice;
 3. Public service delivery and financial/fiscal management are improved through digital governance;

- iv) Support measures (Euro 6.2 million):
Measures in favour of civil society.

In addition, jointly with the EU member states, two Team Europe initiatives have been identified:

- i) Decent Work; and
- ii) Green Energy

The European Investment Bank (EIB):

The European Investment Bank (EIB) created under the Treaty of Rome in 1958, is the foremost financing arm of the European Union (EU). Under the framework agreement between the People’s Republic of Bangladesh and EIB since the beginning of its operations with the Government of Bangladesh in 2000, the EIB has supported five on-going projects in the country and invested close to €635 million in Health, Water Supply, Transport and Communication sectors. Although the focus of the EIB’s operational activities is on the EU Member States, it manages the EU’s development cooperation programmes covering 160 countries and territories. The priority areas of EIB are Climate, Environment, Infrastructure, SME, Innovation and Skills. **[Project List- Annexure-2,p (Page no-224)].**

Table-20: Total assistance from the EIB since 2013 (Million USD)

	Commitment			Disbursement		
	Grant	Loan	Total	Grant	Loan	Total
FY 12-13 to FY20-21	6.265	498.245	504.511	0.00	162.691	162.691
FY 21-22	0.00	283.06	283.06	0.00	20.72	20.72

Russia:

The bilateral relationship between the Government of Bangladesh and the Russian Federation (former Soviet Union) has been continuing since 1971. USSR is among the first few countries to recognize Bangladesh as an independent country on 25 January 1972. The historic visit of the Father of the Nation Bangabandhu Sheikh Mujibur Rahman to USSR in March 1972 laid the foundation of bilateral relation between the two countries. Recently, Russia has provided USD 11.88 billion in technical and financial support for the ‘Construction of Rooppur Nuclear Power Plant Project’. It is the largest single project support in Bangladesh. The aims of the project is to produce 2400MW of electricity. Russia is also providing technical assistance in launching Bangladesh Satellite-2 Cooperation in the field of education and cultural arena with Russia is also vibrant. **[Project List- Annexure-2.q- (Page no-225)].**

Since 1971-72 Russian Federation has committed USD 12.32 billion as state credit to Bangladesh. Majority of it committed for Rooppur Nuclear Power Plant (Main Phase- USD 11.38 billion and feasibility study- USD 0.500 billion) of Bangladesh. In addition to Project Aid Russia also provided Commodity Aid (USD 48.99 million) and Food Aid (USD 49.92 million) to Bangladesh. Bilateral trade between the countries was USD 2.4 billion in 2020 and USD 2.98 billion in 2021.

Table-21: Total assistance from Russia since 1971: (million USD)

	Commitment			Disbursement		
	Grant	Loan	Total	Grant	Loan	Total
FY71-72 to FY20-21	34.57	12281.75	12316.32	34.57	3427.02	4281.86
FY21-22	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1224.54	1224.54

Bangladesh-Russia Intergovernmental Commission on Trade, Economic, Scientific and Technical Cooperation

Bangladesh-Russia Intergovernmental Commission on Trade, Economic, Scientific and Technical Cooperation (BR-IGC) was formed with the signing of an agreement between Dhaka and Moscow on 01 March 2017. Secretary, Economic Relations Division, is the Chairman of the Bangladesh Part of the Commission and the Co-Chairman of the BR-IGC. The first meeting of the Commission was held in Moscow in 2018, the second meeting in Dhaka in 2019 and 3rd meeting in 2021 (virtual platform).

The Commission encompassed a wide range of areas of cooperation for discussion ranging from trade, investment, power and energy, food, agriculture, fisheries and livestock, science and technology, ICT, education, industry, research, marine transport, and smooth banking transaction. The outcome of each meeting is reflected through a Protocol signed between two sides covering various areas of cooperation. The 4th meeting is expected to be held this year in Moscow in December 2022.



Bangladesh-Russia Intergovernmental Commission Meeting on 15 December 2021

2.8. Wing-8: Asia, JEC and F&F Wing

The Asia, JEC and F&F wing maintains economic relation with various countries and organizations of the Far East Asia, South Asia, Southeast Asia and Oceania regions of the Asia continent. Mobilization of resources i. e. loans, grants, technical assistances and others from various Asian countries like India, China, South Korea, Malaysia, Vietnam, and multilateral banks such as Asian Infrastructure Investment Bank (AIIB), New Development Bank and organizations like SAARC Development Fund (SDF), is the major reasonability of this Wing. In addition, management of some scholarship programmes, and short and long-term training courses offered 2by the development partners is one of the core responsibilities of the Wing. Moreover, the Wing is also responsible for management and coordination of some selected Joint Economic Commissions.

2.8.2. Significant activities in the fiscal year 2021-22

A. India

India-Bangladesh friendship dates back to the pre-independence era of Bangladesh and still remains integral. India has been continuing its development support to Bangladesh since 1972. Visit of the Hon'ble Prime Minister of Bangladesh to India in 2010 opened up a new window to develop the existing economic relations between the two friendly countries and a joint declaration was signed. Accordingly three (03) separate Line of Credit (LoC) Agreements worth USD 862 (Eight Hundred sixty two) million, USD 2000 (Two thousand) million and USD 4500 (Four thousand five hundred) million were signed between two Governments in the year 2010, 2016 and 2017 respectively. Different infrastructure projects especially in Railway Communication, Roads and Highways, Transportation, Shipping, Local Government, Power, ICT, Telecommunications, Civil Aviation, Economic Zones etc. are being implemented with this fund.

Under Indian LoCs, total 42 (forty two) projects were taken out of which 14 (fourteen) had been completed, 08 (eight) are at execution stage, 10 (ten) are at PMC/EPC contractor employment stage and the remaining 10 (ten) are at DPP preparation stage. During the last financial year 02 (two) LoC Review meetings, 02 (two) High Level Project Monitoring Committee's meetings and 02 (two) Technical Committee's meetings were held to monitor the progress of LoC projects. During FY 2021-22 total contract value crossed the milestone of USD 2 (two) billion and total disbursement crossed the milestone of USD 1 (one) billion. Highest ever disbursement worth USD 327.87 million was achieved in FY 21-22, which is 132.32% higher than the previous highest disbursement of USD 141.13 million during FY 2020-21.

Although COVID-19 pandemic has impacted the physical progress of projects, project preparatory works including procurement have been continued during this period. For example, 05 (five) contracts worth USD 1.016 billions have been finalized for the project of Power Evacuation Facilities of Rooppur Nuclear Power Plant under the LoC of USD 4.5 billion. Tenders for several projects in various sectors were floated during this period and some contracts are expected to be awarded soon. Moreover, 02 (two) separate MoUs worth BDT 50.5 crore (1.43 +49.07) had been signed against 02 (two) projects for implementation in Archeology and Education sectors with Indian grant in FY 2021-22.

Three Workshops on Indian LoCs were organized jointly by the Economic Relations Division, High Commission of India in Dhaka and Exim Bank, India in the year 2022 on 18 May, 23 May and 08 June. Exim Bank of India organized a Business Outreach Seminar for Infrastructure Projects under LoCs on 20 June 2022 in New Delhi in association with the Ministry of External Affairs, Government of India and Economic Relations Division, Ministry of Finance, Government of Bangladesh.

List of ongoing projects (8 projects) under LoC is attached **Annexure-2.q (Page no-225)**.

Table-19: Total assistance from India during FY 72 to FY 2021-22:

(million USD)

	Commitment			Disbursement		
	Grant	Loan	Total	Grant	Loan	Total
FY72-FY21	433.46	7555.74	7989.2	419.18	1062.53	1481.71
FY2021-22	5.94	0.00	5.94	1.45	327.87	329.32



2nd High Level Project Monitoring Committee's Meeting held on 27 March 2022



19th LoC Review Meeting held on 27-28 October 2021

B. China

China is one of the major bilateral development partners of Bangladesh since 1975. Bangladesh receives Chinese assistance in both loan and grant. Focus of Chinese assistance is on infrastructure development in sectors like Roads and Highways, Railway, Power and Energy, Telecommunication, ICT, Industry, Shipping, Agriculture, Disaster Management, Health etc. Some projects of Chinese assistance, that demonstrate the upward development of Bangladesh, are ‘Padma Bridge Rail Link Project’, ‘Construction of Multilane Tunnel under the River Karnaphuli’, ‘Padma (Jashaldia) Water Treatment Project’, ‘Establishment of IV Tier National Data Center’, ‘Procurement of Six Vessels for Bangladesh Shipping Corporation’, ‘Dasherbandi Sewerage Treatment Plant’, ‘Shahjalal Fertilizer Project’, ‘Modernization of Telecommunication Network for Digital Connectivity’, ‘Expansion and Strengthening of Power System Network under DPDC Area’, ‘Power Grid Network Strengthening Project under PGCB’ and ‘Construction of Dhaka-Ashulia Elevated Expressway’

Currently 7 (seven) projects amounting to USD 7.64 billion are ongoing under loan assistance of China Exim Bank (Annexer-1). During the visit of honorable Chinese President to Bangladesh in 2016, both countries signed an MoU on Strengthening Investment and Production Capacity Cooperation, and 27 (twenty seven) projects amounting to approximately USD 20 (Twenty) billion were included in it. Out of these 27 (twenty seven) projects, Loan Agreements of 8 (eight) projects amounting to USD 7.80 billion have been signed till June 2022; Loan Application of 3 (three) projects amounting to USD 875.12 million has been sent to Chinese Authority, Commercial Contract Negotiation of 2 (two) projects is undergoing, 6(six) projects are under evaluation by the Chinese Authority and remaining 07 (seven) projects are at different stages in the related Ministries/Divisions/Agencies, such as, project document preparation, approval etc. Loan Agreement of ‘Construction of Dhaka-Ashulia Elevated Expressway Project’ has also been signed in 2021-22.

Table-20: Total assistance from China during FY 75 to FY 21 and FY 21-22 given below: (million USD)

	Commitment			Disbursement		
	Grant	Loan	Total	Grant	Loan	Total
FY75-FY21	588.29	9057.86	9646.15	52.98	5,392.52	5,445.5
FY21-22	--	1126.99	1126.99	24.23	967.54	991.77

China Government had constructed 8 (eight) Bangladesh-China friendship bridges with its grant assistance until now on different rivers that have been playing important role in development of the communication system of this country. Recently the 8th Bangladesh-China Friendship Bridge has been completed with Chinese assistance. China has also expressed her willingness to construct 3 (three) more bridges. Besides, signing of implementation Agreement of “Planning the Road Transportation Network of Bangladesh” is under process and the MoU on “Plan of Special Assistance Projects of Disaster Prevention and Reduction” will be signed soon under which Chinese Government will provide grant assistance to construct a National Emergency Operation Center (NEOC) in Tejgaon, Dhaka and other related projects as deemed appropriate.



Signing of Loan Agreement of Construction of Dhaka-Ashulia Elevated Expressway project through correspondence signing

C. South Korea

The Republic of Korea (ROK), as one of the important development partners of Bangladesh is consistently increasing operation in Bangladesh. Although the ROK has various channels to provide external financing, Bangladesh has resorted to financing from only Economic Development Co-operation Fund (EDCF) through Korean Exim Bank and Korea International Cooperation Agency (KOICA).

C.1. Assistance from EDCF to Bangladesh

Operations of EDCF commenced in Bangladesh through signing an agreement on 2 June 1997. Since its inception, EDCF has been providing soft loan to Bangladesh to implement development projects. Currently, 7 (seven) development projects with EDCF financing are ongoing. On 24 October 2021, a Framework Arrangement for the period of 2021-2025 was signed to provide USD 700.00 million for development projects in Bangladesh. Recently, a Policy Dialogue was held in ERD with Korean Government to increase the soft loan amounting to (approx) USD 3.00 billion for the period 2022-2026 and Framework Arrangement is expected to be signed by December 2022.

During FY 2021-22, USD 203.99 million has been disbursed from EDCF, out of which USD 100.00 million has been allocated to mitigate the adverse impact of the Covid-19 pandemic.



Signing Ceremony Framework Arrangement 2021-2025

C.2. Assistance from KOICA to Bangladesh

Economic relation between the GoB and the Korea International Cooperation Agency (KOICA) commenced on 16 June 1993 by signing a bilateral Agreement. Since its inception, KOICA has been providing grant and technical assistance to Bangladesh. Till now total 32 projects of USD 135.95 million have been undertaken with grants from KOICA, of which 26 projects with a commitment of USD 89.42 have been completed and the rest 6 projects of USD 46.53 million are ongoing. During the FY 2021-22, USD 5.47 million had been disbursed by KOICA.

As part of technical assistance, KOICA invites a significant number of officials from different sectors of Bangladesh to attend various training/seminar/workshop in South Korea every year. KOICA also dispatches volunteers for a period of 2 years to impart training in Bangladesh in various fields. According to recent trend, more than 200 delegates are dispatched every year to work in Bangladesh in various capacities such as project experts, advisors, doctors and volunteers.

C.3. Knowledge Sharing Programme (KSP)

Korea went through phenomenal stages of development that turned the country into one of the prominent hubs of innovation and technology. To disseminate their experiences, Korea regularly arranges idea-exchanging events, which is known as KSP, with Government offices in Bangladesh. Under KSP, several Korean agencies such as Korean Centre for International Economic Studies (CIES), Korean Development Institute (KDI), Korea Fixed Income Research Institute (KFIRI), Korean Capital Market, Sookmyung Women’s University (SWU), Korea Institute of Advancement of Technology (KIAT), Korea Meteorological Institute (KMI) engage in idea-exchanging events to disseminate their learning to countries like Bangladesh.

C.4. Total Flow of Resources from South Korea

Synopsis of total assistance from Korea since FY 94 is given below: (million USD)

	Commitment			Disbursement		
	Grant	Loan	Total	Grant	Loan	Total
FY94-21	119.89	1310.59	1430.48	46.69	916.18	962.87
FY21-22	--	100.00	100.00	5.47	203.99	209.46

D. Asian Infrastructure and Investment Bank (AIIB)

In October 2013, at the Asia-Pacific Economic Cooperation Summit in Bali, Indonesia, China proposed to create a new multilateral development bank to be called the Asian Infrastructure Investment Bank (AIIB). The AIIB was formally established in late 2015 with 57 founding members including Bangladesh. The Bank began its operations in January 2016. As stated in the Articles of Agreement of the Bank, the purpose of the Bank shall be to: (i) foster sustainable economic development, create wealth and improve infrastructure and connectivity in Asia by investing in Infrastructure for Tomorrow i.e., green infrastructure with sustainability, innovation and connectivity and (ii) promote regional cooperation and partnership in addressing development challenge

AIIB’s investment in Bangladesh focuses on sectors like Power and Energy, Roads, Highways and Bridges, Sanitation, Hygiene, Waste Management, Health and so on. Recently AIIB opened up a new window of Social Infrastructure with a view to support countries with loans having buy-down facility meaning more concession and less costly loans.

As one of the founding members of the Bank, Bangladesh has been availing of the facilities of AIIB as loan and grant and signed loan agreement of USD 2.785 billion with AIIB till date. AIIB is one of the development partners, which came forward with support during COVID-19. Out of the total financing mentioned above, AIIB channeled 500 million as Budget support to combat COVID, 300 million as programme based budget support and rest of the amount as project support in various sectors.

In FY 2021-22, Bangladesh and AIIB signed 03 Loan Agreements amounting to 710 million and 02 Grant Agreements of 5.29 million for project preparation. Bangladesh has been successful in building a pipeline of AIIB financing amounting to approximately 05 billion for the next four years. Some significant on-going projects with AIIB financing are ‘Construction of Kewatkhali Bridge at Mymensingh’- (1st steel arch bridge in Bangladesh), ‘Improvement of Sylhet-Tamabil Road to a four lane Highway Project’, ‘Dhaka and Western Zone Transmission Grid Expansion Project’, ‘Bangladesh COVID-19 Emergency and Crisis Response Facility Project’ and ‘IDCOL Multi sector On-lending Facility Project.’

Table- 22: Total assistance from AIIB during FY16 to FY 21 and FY 21-22:
(million USD)

	Commitment			Disbursement		
	Grant	Loan	Total	Grant	Loan	Total
FY16-FY 21	10.23	2,069.00	2,079.23	10.23	428.205	438.435
FY 21-22	5.29	710	715.29	0.00	380.815	380.815



Signing of 200 million Agreement for ‘IDCOL Multi-Sector on-Lending Facility Project



Signing of 260 million Agreement for ‘Construction of Kewatkhali Bridge at Mymensingh project’

E. Australia

An MoU between GoB and Australian government was signed on 20 October 1999 on development cooperation assistance. Since then Australia provided USD 900.00 million as grant support in areas of Health, Education, Social Security, Climate Change, Water and Sewerage development. In addition, about USD 100.00 million has also been disbursed through different NGOs.

F. Training Programmes of FY 2021-22

The following training programmes from different countries/development partners have been received through ERD for FY 2021-22:

Name of the scholarship offering country/organization	Title of the Training	Number of finally selected candidates
China	China (Master’s Course)	3
	China (Short Course)	350
Korea	KOICA (Korea International Cooperation Agency)-Master’s Course	5
	KOICA (Korea International Cooperation Agency)-Short Course	91
Thailand	TICA (Thailand International Cooperation Agency)-Master’s Course	4
Sweden	SIDA (Swedish International Development Cooperation Agency)	These courses are open.
Australia	Australia Awards Scholarship (Master’s Programme)	15
	Australia Awards (Short Course)	80
Bangladesh-Sweden Trust Fund (BSTF)	Applicants 1075	Under Process

2.9. Wing-9: Foreign Aid Budget and Accounts (FABA) & ICT

Foreign Aid Budget and Accounts (FABA) Wing is regarded as the central data bank of ERD. FABA Wing records and preserves all information related to foreign assistance and reports to the government as needed. Preparing annual development programme (ADP/RADP) for foreign financed projects, preparing foreign assistance receipt budget, foreign loan repayment budget and resource budget, formulation and allocation for foreign subsidy projects are the major responsibilities of this Wing. This specialized Wing is thus responsible for the management of foreign debt of the government as a whole. The major functions of FABA Wing for FY 2021-22 are presented below:

2.9.1. Activities related to the estimation and implementation of foreign assistance targets

Commitment

A borrowing programme is created to estimate the target of the commitment for the FY 2022. A total of USD 6,000.00 million foreign assistance commitments were projected from 26 Development Partners. The proposals of foreign assistance are divided into two categories namely: highly probable and probable based on the probability of signing the contract. Review meetings are held regularly to monitor the implementation of the commitment target with the Secretary as the Chair. Data from agreements are collected and recorded on the Data Management and Financial Analysis System (DMFAS).⁸² agreements amounting to USD 8205.03 million were signed during FY 2021-22, which is 136.75% of the estimated target.

Disbursement

Disbursement was estimated at USD 10,765.00 million in the financial year 2021-22. This estimation was made by analyzing the requirements of foreign assistance to current projects in the ADP and the unspent but usable foreign assistance. The information about foreign assistance disbursement is mainly collected directly from the Development Partners, and on a quarterly basis, this information is collected from the concerned section/branch of ERD for verification. At the end of the financial year, this disbursement information is reconciled with Development Partners. In the current financial year, total amount of disbursements amounts USD 10,008.38 million (provisional), which is 92.97% of the revised estimate.

2.9.2. Annual Development Programme related Activities

Annual Development Programme (ADP) and Revised ADP

The project-based allocation is taken in view of the availability of foreign assistance after meeting with the concerned ministries/divisions and project directors. Before this meeting, the requirements of project assistance from ministries/divisions are collected. In the Annual Development Programme, BDT 88024.00 crore (USD 10355.00 million) and BDT 212.50 crore (USD 25.00 million) were allocated as project assistance and food assistance respectively for 308 projects in 15 sectors.

This allocation has been provided to the 53 ministries/divisions/agencies implementing the project. As the demand for project assistance from the project implementing Ministries/Divisions decreased, the allocation of project assistance to the revised ADP was reduced to BDT 70,250 crore (USD 8168.00 million).

Review of the Use of Foreign Assistance for ADP Projects

In the revised ADP, the allocation of project assistance from almost every ministry/division is decreased as the demand for project assistance, in comparison to ADP declines. Implementation challenges of the projects are analyzed to identify the main reasons for the slow implementation of the projects.

2.9.3. Functions relating to Management of Foreign Debt

Functions related to Repayment of Foreign Debt

For the repayment of principal and interest of foreign loan BDT 14,792 crore (USD 1720.00) and BDT 6,243.60 crore (USD 726.00) respectively (total BDT 21,035.60 crore, equivalent to USD 2446.00 million) have been allocated in the budget. The total amount paid is BDT 17,390.40 crore (USD 2017.70 million), of which the principal payment amounts to BDT 13,166.26 crore (USD 1526.72 million) and the Interest payment amounts to BDT 4224.14 crore (USD 490.98 million).

Debt Accounting

FABA Wing has been using ‘Debt Management and Financial Analysis System (DMFAS)’ software of UNCTAD since 1992. The information required for all foreign loans in the system is updated regularly by FABA. The software thus provides updated foreign debt information and future projections. As a result, the stability of the debt sustainability of foreign debt can be easily assessed and analyzed.

2.9.4. Information and Communication Technology (ICT) Cell

The Information and Communication Technology (ICT) Cell of the ERD started operations under a technical project in 1990. Currently, the cell is implementing a long-term plan to implement the vision of the Government of Bangladesh-Vision 2021: “Digital Bangladesh”.

Key Responsibilities:

- Ensure the internet connectivity of the division.
- Manage Local Area Network.
- Ensure Wi-Fi devices and connection;
- Manage different application software;
- Manage e-Nothi System;
- Keep the official website live and updated;
- Assist in maintenance and Troubleshooting of Hardware and Software;

- Provide training on different ICT related issues;
- Perform e-procurement related activities;
- Manage digital attendance; and
- Implement the instructions of the National ICT Policy 2018.

Information and communication technology activities

There are about 311 desktop computers, 35 laptops, 13 servers, 209 printers, 134 scanner in different models for the daily operations in ERD. There is a training lab with 24 desktop computers. 300 Mbps internet bandwidth from BTCL is being used in ERD. In addition, an alternative 120 Mbps internet bandwidth is being used from private Internet Service Provider (ISP). ERD's own website www.erd.gov.bd is being updated regularly. The use of Wi-Fi has been extended to entire office.

Under the Business Process Automation programme currently the following systems are being used in ERD. They are as follows:

SL	Name of the System	Functions of the System
01	AIMS	Aid Information and Management System
02	BSFT	Bangladesh Sweden Trust Fund online Application System
03	DMFAS	Debt Management and Financial Analysis System
04	ERDPEDIA	Digital Archiving System
05	FAMS	Foreign Aid Management System

2.9.5. Other Important Functions

Information Report Preparation and Supply

The foreign assistance information report is prepared and sent to different wings of ERD and other ministries/divisions. It is important to note that information is exchanged regularly with the Finance Division and Bangladesh Bank. Debt data information is also published monthly in ERD's website. FABA Wing represents and coordinates different committees and meetings such as the Resource Committee, Cash and Debt Management Committee, extended meeting of the Planning Commission, Co-ordination Council on the Government's Monetary Currency and Currency Exchange Rate, the Budget Monitoring & Resources Committee and budget preparation process and policy matters.

National Budget Preparation

As part of the National Budget Preparation, FABA works with the Finance Division on budget allocation and modification of project assistance in the budget and development budget.

Transmitting information to the Parliament

FABA prepares answers for the question-answer sessions during parliamentary session and provides information to the meetings of the Standing Committee.

Exchanging information with Development Partners

FABA exchanges information about foreign assistance on a quarterly basis with various Development Partners.

Exchanges with representatives of various foreign missions

FABA exchanges the overall status of foreign assistance with representatives of missions of other organizations including the World Bank and IMF.

Debt Assessment of Bangladesh

FABA provides information about the latest status of foreign debt and debt sustainability with credit rating institutions like Moody's Investors Service (Moody's), Standard and Poor's (S&P), Fitch Ratings.

Secretarial Duties

FABA Wing provides secretarial support to the Standing Committee on Non-concessional Loan, Fast Track Project Monitoring Committee and Fast Track Project Monitoring Taskforce. It is to be noted that FABA is also providing secretarial assistance in carrying out the functions of the 'Committee on Structured and Systematic Change Recommendations at the project preparation and implementation stage' and 'Technical Committee on Checklist Review of Project Preparation', to mobilize the implementation of the project during this financial year.

Annual Publication

FABA Wing compiles and publishes the 'Flow of External Resources in Bangladesh', which is an annual flagship publication of ERD.

2.10. Wing-10: Development Effectiveness

In recent years, there has been a paradigm shift in the foreign assistance and development cooperation scenario globally. The purpose is to focus more on the country ownership over the development process, inclusive partnerships, measurable outcomes, transparency, and mutual accountability amid the partners. In this backdrop, the Development Effectiveness (DE) Wing started its journey as a specialized wing of ERD on 22 September 2015.

2.10.1. Major Activities:

In 2021-2022, Development Effectiveness Wing played an important role through active participation and effective engagement in different national and global level events on behalf of the Government of Bangladesh.

2.10.2. The 78th Annual Session of ESCAP

Economic Relations Division has played an important role through active participation in different programmes of UNESCAP including all activities of 09 (nine) committees of the organization. During this period the following initiatives have been undertaken for heightening the mutual relationship.

Hon'ble Prime Minister's Speech in the 78th Annual Session of ESCAP

The 78th Annual Session of UNESCAP was held on 23-27 May 2022 at the Hybrid Platform in Bangkok. Hon'ble Prime Minister H.E. Sheikh Hasina delivered her speech through video message in the Opening Ceremony of this session. In her address on the main theme of the session "A common agenda to advance sustainable development in Asia and the Pacific", the Hon'ble Prime Minister presented a five-point proposal to strengthen economic cooperation to deal with the regional crisis in the context of the Covid-19 pandemic and the Russia-Ukraine conflict. **First**, taking effective steps to support knowledge and innovation programmes; **second**, providing practical international assistance to countries graduated from least developed to developing countries; **third**, extending cooperation to the countries affected by climate change to be organized to mobilize adequate funding and technical assistance; **fourth**, increasing financial assistance to enhance the capacity for dealing with the regional crisis; and **fifth**, creating employment and increasing technological services. In addition, the Prime Minister highlighted on the expansion of ICT in order to acquire skills in accordance with the Fourth Industrial Revolution, the paperless trade and initiatives related to achieving SDGs.



Hon'ble Prime Minister delivered her speech in the Opening Ceremony of the 78th Annual Session, ESCAP

Hon'ble Prime Minister's speech received international acclaim and was widely reported in the national and international media. Ms. Armida Salsiah Alisjahbana, the Under-Secretary-General of the United Nations and the Executive Secretary of ESCAP has sent a letter of thanks to the Hon'ble Prime Minister. She expressed hope for the participation of the Hon'ble Prime Minister in any future annual session and to work with Bangladesh to strengthen regional cooperation in the Asia-Pacific region to achieve the Sustainable Development Goals.

ESCAP celebrated its 75th anniversary at the 78th Annual Session. On the occasion of its 75th founding anniversary, ESCAP released a memorial book titled “Shaping Future of Regional Cooperation in Asia and the Pacific”. An article titled “Bangladesh: addressing climate change and building resilience” containing Bangladesh's contribution to climate change by the Hon'ble Prime Minister has been published in the fourth chapter of the book.

Secretary, Economic Relations Division delivered Speech in the 78th Annual Session of ESCAP

Ms. Fatima Yasmin, Secretary, ERD called for establishing an integrated regional public health system in order to tackle the Covid-19 situation. She emphasized the importance of enhancing regional cooperation in economic recovery, trade and investment, transport, environment, ICT, energy and achieving the social development and SDGs by the member states of ESCAP.



Secretary, Economic Relations Division delivered her speech in the 78th Annual Session of ESCAP

Side Event at the 78th Annual Session of ESCAP

A side event titled "Sustainable Graduation in the Challenging Situation: Perspectives from Bangladesh and the Region in light of the Doha Programme of Action (DPoA)" was organized by Bangladesh. The Secretary of ERD Ms. Fatima Yasmin delivered a speech at the event.

Participation in the Governing Council Election

Bangladesh achieved the glory of being a member of the Governing Council for the next 03 (three) years (2022-2025) by winning the election of the Governing Councilor of ESCAP's 04 (four) regional institutes-Asian and Pacific Training Centre for Information and Communication Technology for Development (**APCICT**), Asia Pacific Centre for Disaster Information Management (**APDIM**), Centre for Sustainable Agricultural Mechanization (**CSAM**) and Statistical Institute for Asia and the Pacific (**SIAP**).

Workshop on Resource Mobilization for Bangladesh's Smooth Graduation from the LDC Group

On 14 March 2022 a workshop on Resource Mobilization for Bangladesh's Smooth Graduation from the LDC Group was organized virtually in collaboration with ESCAP. The Secretary of ERD chaired the workshop, and the Senior Secretary of Finance Division delivered his speech as the chief guest. A draft study paper titled 'Resource Mobilization for Bangladesh's Smooth Graduation from the LDCs Group: Issues, Challenges, and Way Forward prepared with the technical support of ESCAP was presented. In addition, representatives of concerned ministries/divisions and regional/international organizations participated in the workshop.



Representatives of concerned Ministries/Divisions and regional/international organizations participated in the workshop on Resource Mobilization

2.10.3. Local Consultative Group:

The Local Consultative Group (LCG) is a formal mechanism for dialogue on development effectiveness. It is considered to be a key coordination structure between the Government of Bangladesh and its development partners. Based on internationally agreed development effectiveness principles, the LCG discusses joint priorities of the national development plan, focuses on results, inclusive partnership, transparency and mutual accountability among partners.

The LCG Plenary acts as an effective platform for ongoing dialogue between GoB and DPs on the country's development challenges, national plans, policies and strategies, new development initiatives, and programme implementation procedures.



LCG GoB-DP Virtual Plenary Meeting held on 21 November 2021

In FY 2021-2022, ERD held the LCG GoB-DP Plenary meetings virtually on 21 November 2021. The plenary meeting was chaired by Ms. Fatima Yasmin, Secretary, ERD and Co-Chaired by Ms. Mia Seppo, UN Resident Coordinator (UNRC) in Bangladesh. The representatives from Government and Development Partners (DP) were present in the meeting.

According to the decision of the LCG GOB- DP Plenary meeting, the 14 LCG Working Groups (WG) were restructured for ensuring effective coordination among ERD, DPs and lead Ministries of LCG Working Groups (WG).

As per the decision of the LCG GOB-DP plenary meeting, the previously formed 18 LCG-WGs have been restructured and converted into 14 WG in consultation with various Ministries/Divisions and Development Partners in order to strengthen them in the current context. As per the decision of the Plenary meeting, the Economic Relations Division issued a notification to restructure the LCG Working Groups. As per the notification, concerned Ministries/Divisions formed their respective LCG Working Groups and developing the ToRs. On 20 March 2022 an Inter-Ministerial meeting, chaired by Additional Secretary and Wing Chief, Development Effectiveness Wing, ERD was held in order to ensure effective coordination among the lead Ministries/Divisions of the LCG WGs.

According to the decision of the LCG GOB-DP plenary meeting, ERD as a lead division, constituted the Development Cooperation Effectiveness (DCE) WG, developing its ToR and comprising members from senior officials of concerned Ministries/Divisions and Development Partners and thereby, issued a notification on 16 May 2022.



The First Meeting of the DCE WG of the FY 2021-2022-16 June 2022

The First Meeting of the DCE WG was held on 16 June 2022. The meeting was chaired by Additional Secretary and Wing Chief, Development Effectiveness (DE) Wing, ERD and co-chaired by Resident Representative, UNDP Bangladesh.

In addition, as per the decision of the meeting of LCG GOB-DP Plenary, the LCG Virtual Secretariat was formed to provide support to the LCG mechanism. A notification in this regard was issued on 22 June 2022.

2.10.4. Colombo Plan:

- The Colombo Plan Secretariat organized Council Meeting in 2020-2021. The representative of Bangladesh High Commission in Sri Lanka attended the meeting as every year.
- In 2021-2022 FY, ERD subscribed annual fee USD 16,000 to the Colombo Plan Secretariat (CPS) and USD 14,388 to the Colombo Plan Staff College (CPSC).
- Necessary arrangements have been undertaken for the government officials to participate in the technical and contemporary development training programmes offered and organized by the Colombo Plan Secretariat and Colombo Plan Staff College.

2.10.5. Commonwealth:

- The Commonwealth Finance Ministers Meeting (CFMM) was held on 12 October 2021 virtually. Hon'ble Minister of Finance as the Head of Delegation and Mr. Md. Mostafizur Rahman, Additional Secretary and Wing Chief, FABA and ICT Wing, ERD, Mr. Farid Aziz, Additional Secretary and Wing Chief, DE Wing, ERD and Dr. Md Khairuzzaman Mozumder, Additional Secretary, Macroeconomics wing, Finance Division participated in this virtual meeting. The theme of the meeting was "**Commonwealth Recovery Agenda: Securing Fiscal Sustainability and Driving Resilient Jobs and Growth**". In session 4 of the agenda of the CFMM meeting, the Commonwealth Secretariat proposed Bangladesh to chair the CFMM meeting to be held in 2022. Hon'ble Finance Minister agreed to the proposal.
- In 2021-2022 FY, the ERD subscribed to the Commonwealth Foundation amounted 23,760 Pound Sterling and Commonwealth Fund for Technical Cooperation (CFTC) amounted 1,48,704 Pound Sterling.

2.10.6. The Implementation of Agenda 2030 (SDGs)

Effective partnerships are a cornerstone for achieving the 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development. Economic Relations Division (ERD) plays an instrumental role in attaining Bangladesh's SDGs through mobilising foreign resources as well as strengthening relationships with the Development Partners (DPs) and International organisations. For harnessing resources to support SDGs implementation in Bangladesh, it has undertaken several strategic institutional and policy measures to speed up resource mobilisation and project implementation process through strengthening partnership with different line Ministries/Divisions. As per SDGs Mapping ERD has the role of coordinator for Goal 17: **Strengthen the means of implementation and revitalize the global partnership for sustainable development**. Economic Relations division has been assigned the role of Lead for 12 Targets, 12 Indicators and responsible for providing data for 23 different Indicators.

ERD's Role in Development Cooperation and SDG implementation

- ERD plays coordinating SDG 17 "Global Partnership for Sustainable Development" focuses on strengthening international cooperation.
- ERD mobilizes external resources for implementing development projects. Towards attaining LDC graduation and achieving SDGs, ERD interfaces between the DPs and executing agencies.
- ERD facilitates increased participation in south-south cooperation initiatives over the years. ERD had been engaged in the inception of the new multilateral banks- AIIB, NDB.
- ERD bridged out the NRBs for filling gaps in knowledge, technology and financing

ERD made important progress in achieving assigned targets

SDGs Targets assign (Lead)	Action taken against the targets (project/programme)
4.b : Scholarship	Completed Masters of 119 & Still Studying of 59 Govt. Officers from different universities of Japan
7.a : Renewable energy	About 4.13 million Solar Home System have been installed under the programme with an installed capacity of 185 MWp
10.b: Encourage Official Development Assistance and Financial flows	ERD developed Foreign Aid Management System (FAMS) for managing ODA and sharing run-time information among key stakeholders.
15.a : increase financial resources to conserve and sustainably use biodiversity and ecosystems	Through Green Climate Fund (GCF) as National Development Authority and Global Environment Facility (GEF), ERD facilitated financing for community based adaptation programs
17.3 : Mobilize additional financial resources for developing countries from multiple sources	ERD has been catering external financing resources to meet the need of fast-growing Bangladesh economy. To this end, ERD had been actively engaged in the formation of AIIB, NDB and other MDBs. ERD is also exploring new bilateral development patterns for channeling financial flows that support SDGs.
17.9 : South-South and triangular cooperation	ERD has establish a dedicated cell on SSC. To provide necessary capacity-building supports and prepare Smooth Transition Strategy, ERD has undertaken a project titled “Support to Sustainable Graduation Project”

Second National Conference on SDGs Implementation Review (SIR) 2022

Second National Conference on SDGs Implementation Review (SIR) 2022 was held during 16-18 May, 2022 at BICC, Dhaka. General Economics Division (GED) of the Bangladesh Planning Commission and Governance Innovation Unit (GIU) of the Prime Minister’s Office has jointly organized this important event.

Hon'ble Prime Minister of the Government of the People's Republic of Bangladesh has graced the occasion as the Chief Guest. The opening session was chaired by Hon'ble Planning Minister. Minister's, Members of the Parliament, Senior Secretaries/Secretaries, High official of the GoB, Representatives from DPs NGOs, CSOs, FBCCI and others have attended the opening session as well as other plenary sessions.

Following the opening sessions, eight plenary sessions on different topics were held during 3 days conference where different ministries/divisions, NGO, DP, Private Sector representatives have made their presentation. Representative from ERD has delivered a Power Point presentation on 16 May 2022 at the first plenary session and highlighted the ERD's role and effective contribution in materializing SDG goals and targets nationally. Relevant Challenges and the way forward were also pointed out extensively. It was highly appreciated by all concerned attended the session.

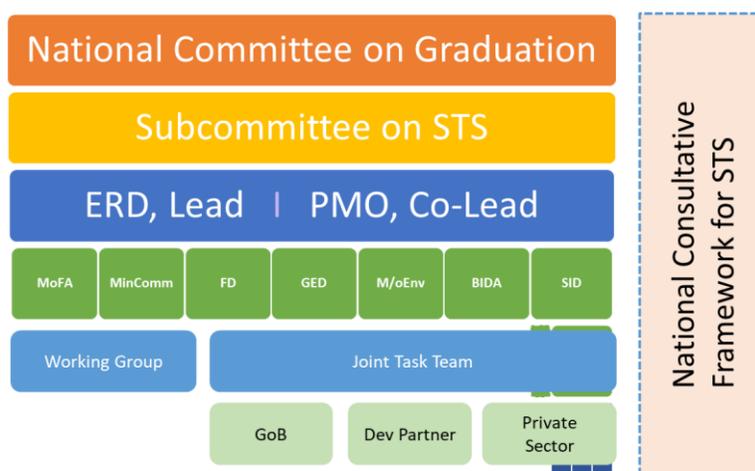
2.10.7. International Aid Transparency Initiative (IATI)

IATI is a voluntary, multi-stakeholder initiative that seeks to increase the transparency of development cooperation, and improve its effectiveness in tackling poverty. IATI brings together development partners and developing countries, civil society organizations and other experts in aid information who share the aspirations of the original IATI Accra Statement as well as paragraph 23.c. of the Busan Outcome Document and are committed to working together to increase the transparency of aid data in a timely, comprehensive and forward-looking manner.

The Government of Bangladesh pays 2200 USD as yearly membership contribution.

2.10.8. Smooth Transition from LDCs Category

The United Nations recommended that a graduating LDC should prepare a national Smooth Transition Strategy (STS) during the preparatory period in cooperation with its development and trading partners and with targeted assistance from the UN system. The 9-member Subcommittee on STS led by the Secretary of the Economic Relations Division (ERD) and co-led by the Secretary of the Prime Minister's Office is tasked with the formulation of the STS. SSGP is providing necessary technical support to the subcommittee on STS in carrying out its mandate of identifying areas for graduation related research and preparing a detailed roadmap on the Smooth Transition Strategy.



A ‘Working Group’ comprising the officials from relevant ministries and private sector, and a ‘Joint Task Team’ comprising representatives from government, private sector and development partners have also been formed to support the Subcommittee on STS in preparing an effective and inclusive transition strategy for sustainable graduation. SSGP is providing necessary technical support to the Joint Task Team as well as the Working Group in formulating the Smooth Transition Strategy.

As per the Guidance Note of the UN Committee for Development Policy, the STS needs to be formulated through a ‘Consultative Mechanism’ involving all the stakeholders, including public and private sector, development and trading partners. Accordingly, SSGP had prepared a draft concept note and action plan for STS which was shared with the members of the JTT as well as the STS Subcommittee and Working Group. SSGP had also prepared a draft STS Framework and consulted with the STS Subcommittee, Working Group and JTT. Apart from that, a draft outline mapping the STS framework had also been developed by SSGP to identify the support required from the stakeholders for preparing the STS and ensuring a smooth and sustainable graduation.

The government is planning to carry out and produce in-depth sectoral studies, research works and technical papers to assess the impacts of LDC graduation and formulate the relevant strategies accordingly. Consequently, in line with the decision coming from the National Committee on LDC graduation— the concerned subcommittees sent several study proposals to ERD for analyzing the socioeconomic impact of LDC graduation. Subsequently, SSGP has provided technical support in this regard by compiling and analysing the study proposals and draft ToRs received from various subcommittees, categorizing the study proposals in various clusters through intense analysis, and preparing the draft ToRs for each of the clusters.

2.10.9. Steering Committee Meeting of the Global Partnership for Effective Development (GPEDC)

The GPEDC, established in 2012, is a global forum which brings together development actors around a set of four internationally agreed development effectiveness principles that form the foundation of effective development co-operation: ownership by developing countries, a focus on results, inclusive partnerships, and transparency and accountability between development partners/actors. Bangladesh has been the member of Steering Committee since inception of GPEDC. The current government is a great promoter of development effectiveness principles both globally and locally. In recognition to its commitment to development effectiveness, Bangladesh was elected as one of the Co-Chairs of GPEDC in 2nd High Level Meeting of GPEDC in Nairobi in 2016. Bangladesh for the third time continuing Co-chairman position with Switzerland, DRC and Reality of Aid Africa. GPEDC organizes Steering Committee Meeting (SCM) twice a year.

The 21st SCM was held on 7-8 July 2021 with four sessions. Thomas Gass, Ambassador, Assistant Director General, Swiss Agency for Development and Cooperation chaired and moderated Session 1: Delivering development better to advance progress on the SDGs - Preparing for the next GPEDC High-Level Meeting. Ms. Fatima Yasmin, Secretary, ERD, Ministry of Finance, Bangladesh chaired and moderated the session 2: Action Dialogues – Maximizing impact in light of COVID-19. H.E. Mr. Christian Mwando Nsimba, Minister of Planning, DR Congo chaired and moderated the session 3: The Review of the Global Partnership. Mr. Vitalice Meja, Non-Executive Co-Chair chaired and moderated the session 4: The Global Partnership monitoring reform: towards new evidence, better accountability, and more relevance Session.

Ms. Fatima Yasmin, Secretary of the Economic Relations Division in the Ministry of Finance (Bangladesh), representing H.E. Mr. Mustafa Kamal, Minister of Finance, reminded members that the recovery from the pandemic is still some way off, with many countries facing new ‘waves’ of the pandemic. Against this background, the Global Partnership should support principles-based and evidence-led action to improve partnerships on the ground and leave no one behind. Ms Yasmin invited members to consider how to mobilise political engagement in the lead up to the next High-Level Meeting, especially recipients of development co-operation.

The 22nd SCM was held on 15 -16 December 2021 with four sessions – 1. The Political Strategy for the GPEDC 2022 High-Level Meeting 2. Responding to the GPEDC Review recommendations 3. The Global Partnership Monitoring Reform 4. The Road to the 2022 GPEDC High-Level Meeting. ERD representative delivered opening remarks along with Co-chair H.E. Mr. Thomas Gass, Switzerland, and moderated session 2. Following key decisions were taken in the SCM.

2.10.10. Total Official Support for Sustainable Development (TOSSD) Pilot Study

TOSSD is expressly designed to track resources invested to achieve the SDGs and will encompass all financing provided by official bilateral and multilateral institutions, regardless of the level of concessionality involved or instrument used. It is particularly relevant for today’s development context, where many middle-income countries are both becoming less reliant on official development assistance (ODA) and more dependent on other types of official support, where private capital is playing an increasingly pivotal role, and where an ever-expanding number of actors and sources of finance figure in the international development finance landscape.

Bangladesh participated TOSSD pilot study in 2021 based on data available in Aid Information Management System (AIMS) and other sources in this regard The study is based on quantitative and qualitative comparison of the TOSSD dataset with the datasets. Cameroon and Colombia also participated in the study. OECD shared a draft study report with a set of recommendations to the Task Force to further develop the TOSSD framework.

2.10.11. Development Cooperation Forum (DCF) Survey

Since 2008, the Development Cooperation Forum (DCF) Surveys by UNDESA have been providing evidence on the state of play in effectiveness of development cooperation on the ground. Bangladesh participated in 2020 in the study on the sixth Development Cooperation Forum (DCF) survey at a time when the world faces the unprecedented challenge of the COVID-19 pandemic. Bangladesh also participated in the 7th UN Development Cooperation Forum (DCF) survey in 2021. Total 49 countries from the regions of Latin America Caribbean, Asia Pacific, Africa and Eastern Europe. To do this ERD nominated focal point (Masud Rana Chowdhury, Joint Secretary, DE 2) to review responses and country profiles from past DCF surveys and coordinate among different stakeholders. With this regard DE wing organized a virtual stakeholder consultation on 9 January 2022 engaging govt. officials, DP's representatives, UNRCO, academia and CSOs.

CHAPTER 3

COMPANIES UNDER THE DIVISION

3.1. Infrastructure Development Company Limited (IDCOL)

Infrastructure Development Company Limited (IDCOL), a government-owned public limited company, incorporated on 14 May 1997, started its journey as a non-bank financial institution in February 1998 with a nominal paid-up capital of BDT 1 lac only. With an equity contribution of BDT 35 crore from the Government of the Bangladesh (GoB), the company's paid-up capital now stands at BDT 738 crore, the remaining being generated out of the company's retained earnings, portrays an exemplary performance of the company over the years. Since its inception, IDCOL has been playing a major role in bridging the financing gap for developing large infrastructure, renewable energy and energy efficiency projects in Bangladesh.

IDCOL promotes and finances a diverse range of projects and programmes to help ensure economic development of the country and improve standard of living of the people through sustainable and environment-friendly investments. IDCOL's aim is to catalyze and optimize private sector participation in promotion, development, and financing of infrastructure, renewable energy, and energy efficient projects in a sustainable manner. Total loan portfolio of IDCOL now stands at BDT 7,514.19 crore including BDT 3,277.37 crore in power sector, BDT 1,597.54 crore in renewable energy sector, BDT 1,216.16 crore in energy efficiency sector, BDT 10.14 crore in telecommunication & IT sector, BDT 2.55 crore in ports and BDT 1,410.43 crore in other sectors like economic zone, social/tourism infrastructure, solar BTS, environmental services, infrastructure backward linkage industry etc. Besides, under its initiatives to finance renewable energy programmes and projects, IDCOL has disbursed more than BDT 1,413.9 crore as grant support. Apart from that, IDCOL offers a diverse range of financial and advisory products in its core business areas along with extending grant and/or commercial/concessionary credit, advisory services and capacity development. IDCOL has a target to finance an amount of BDT 1,870.21 crore during FY 2022 in various infrastructure development projects like power, energy efficiency, information technology, tourism, communication, port, renewable energy etc.

In 2003, IDCOL started its SHS Programme with an initial target to finance 50,000 SHSs with financial assistance from the World Bank and Global Environment Facility (GEF). The programme has been acclaimed as the largest off-grid electrification programme in the world. Till date, about 4.13 million SHSs have been installed under the programme with an installed capacity of 185 MWp in remote areas where electrification through grid expansion was challenging and costly. Thus, the programme has ensured the supply of solar electricity to 18 million people i.e. 12% of the country's total population who previously used kerosene lamps for lighting purposes.

In addition, IDCOL has financed more than 61,134 biogas plants, 2.90 million of Improved Cooking Stoves (ICS), 1,515 Solar Irrigation Pumps (SIP), 26 Solar Mini Grids (SMG), 10 biogas-based power plants, 15 Rooftop Solar projects and 138 solar power based telecom towers till December 2021 through Participating Organizations and direct disbursement. In its drive towards promoting alternative sources of energy, IDCOL finances projects and programmes that utilize various forms of renewable sources. Through startup subsidy, concessionary credit and capacity development support, IDCOL complements the Government's mission of generating 10% of the country's total electricity from renewable sources by 2025. All these programmes of IDCOL are playing a vital role in ensuring the energy security of the country.

From the very beginning, IDCOL has been operating as a profitable organization. It was one of the few government-owned organizations that pay a dividend to the government on a regular basis. After a couple of decades, the company now stands as the market leader in private sector energy and infrastructure financing in Bangladesh. IDCOL has already emerged as a development financial institution and a partner of choice.

Mentionable achievements of IDCOL in the financial year 2021:

- Total assets stood at BDT 10,012.90 crore at the end of the year.
- Overall percentage of loan repayment was 90.65%.
- Percentage of classified loans was 5.74%.
- IDCOL reported gross revenue of BDT 529.07 crore, profit before tax and provision was BDT 397.67 crore and net profit after tax was BDT 109.67 crore.
- Retained earnings were BDT 271.48 crore at the end of the year.
- During the year, IDCOL has paid a dividend of BDT 46 crore to the government of Bangladesh from its retained earnings out of which cash dividend was BDT 23 crore and bonus share was issued for an amount of BDT 23 crore.
- Paid-up capital of the company increased to BDT 738 crore from last year's balance of BDT 715 crore.
- During the period, IDCOL contributed BDT 177.52 crore to the national exchequer including BDT 149.73 crore as corporate tax, BDT 3.42 crore was deducted as tax at source (TDS), BDT 1.37 crore was deducted as VAT at source (VDS) and BDT 23 crore was paid as cash dividend to the government.

Other achievements of IDCOL in recent times:

- The National Board of Revenue (NBR) awarded IDCOL as the Highest Income Tax Payer for the Assessment Year 2020-2021 under Non-Bank Financial Institution category.
- IDCOL won '21st ICAB National Awards for Best Presented Annual Reports 2020' in Public Sector category by Institute of Chartered Accountants of Bangladesh (ICAB).

- IDCOL received “Certificate of Merit” in SAFA Best Presented Annual Report Awards 2020 under Public Sector Entities category.
- IDCOL organized the workshop on installation of industrial rooftop solar system at InterContinental Hotel, Dhaka on 30 November 2021.
- IDCOL arranged the dialogue on ‘Prospect of Solar-Powered Irrigation to Enhance Climate Resilience in Bangladesh’ at Bangladesh pavilion on the sidelines of the Conference of Parties (COP) - 26 in Glasgow of Scotland on 8 November 2021.
- IDCOL organized a stakeholder consultation workshop on “Mujib Climate Prosperity Plan-Decade 2030” on 29 March 2021.
- IDCOL in consortium with Ricardo-AEA Limited, UK received funding from UK Government under its UK PACT Green Recovery Challenge Fund for identifying scalable business models and a financing ecosystem for businesses with an aim for Electric Vehicle uptake in Bangladesh.

3.2. Infrastructure Investment Facilitation Company (IIFC)

About IIFC

IIFC is a Company Limited by Guarantee having no shares under Economic Relations Division, Ministry of Finance, Government of Bangladesh, registered with the Registrar of Joint Stock Companies & Firms (RJSC), Bangladesh under Section 28 of the Companies Act, 1994. It was incorporated in 1999 with the aim of facilitating more private sector investments in infrastructure development. During the initial years of operation, the Company was financed by the Government of Bangladesh (GoB), IDA and supported by consultants financed by the Department for International Development (DFID) of the UK and Canadian International Development Agency (CIDA). Both CIDA and DFID support have ended in December 2003 and May 2004 respectively. Support from GOB ended in mid-2005 and support from the Private Sector Infrastructure Development Project (PSIDP) has ended in March 2007. From April 2007, IIFC has been completely self-sustaining and has made significant progress both financially and operationally after 2007.

IIFC specializes in public and private procurement and PPP transaction, research, survey and feasibility studies, financial and economic analysis, impact assessment, training and capacity building, institutional reforms, policy, and advocacy. The company works internationally.

IIFC’s two core areas of operations are to developing projects and extending project related advisory services and providing capacity-building supports to its clients in both private and public sectors. The company is bidding for consultancy services to private and public sectors and expanding its businesses at home and abroad.

Board of Directors

The company has a seven-member Board of Directors. The overall policy-making decisions of IIFC are vested with the Board of Directors. Three directors are from the government; three from the private sector and the Managing Director is an ex-officio member of the Board. Mrs. Sharifa Khan, Secretary of Economic Relations Division is the Chairman of IIFC and Mr. Md. Shahabuddin Patwary, Former Additional Secretary, ERD, Ministry of Finance is the Managing Director of IIFC.

Objectives

IIFC's primary goal is to facilitate private investment in infrastructure in Bangladesh. With this focus, it has adopted the following set of objectives:

- To introduce, promote, encourage, facilitate and assist all and form of private sector participation through Public-Private Partnership (PPP)
- To assist and advise Ministries, government departments, agencies and other public sector bodies with the identification, prioritization, preparation, evaluation, award and implementation of PPP infrastructure projects in which the private sector may participate.
- To assist the private sector to identify, understand, bid for, evaluate and negotiate PPP infrastructure projects.
- To research, collate, publish and otherwise provide technical regulatory, procure finance, statistical, demographic, geographic, political, economic, procurement and other relevant information and policy for the purposes of encouraging PPP in infrastructure projects.

IIFC Strengths

- A trusted government-owned enterprise.
- Included in the list of sole sources for procurement of consultancy services under Public Procurement Rules - 2008, and hence can be awarded any consultancy work through direct procurement method (DPM).
- Rich experience in more than two hundred feasibility and other important studies in various sectors.
- A company specialized in PPP projects development.
- Proficiency in providing transaction advisory services.
- Leader in conducting performance audits for power sector entities.
- Human resources with diverse academic backgrounds, expertise and experience.
- Familiarity with local and international procurement rules and practices.

- Excellent Working Relationship with Development Partners, Government Ministries, executing agencies and renowned national and international consulting companies.
- Expertise in International Event Management and Project Management.
- Experience in framing Government Policies.
- Compliance with Internationally Accepted Accounting Principles.

Role in the economy of Bangladesh

IIFC played a very vital role in the economy of Bangladesh in many ways.

- PPP capacity building in Bangladesh.
- Foreign currency earner from international assignments.
- Employment generation.
- Contribution to the national exchequer through taxes and ripple effects.
- Creating international quality consultants.

Current Projects of IIFC

Current list of projects of IIFC:

1. Feasibility Study under Poverty Reduction & Efficiency Improvement by using Electricity” Project
2. Feasibility Study under Rehabilitation of BREB’s Risky Distribution Lines” Project
3. FS on Development of Infrastructure for Learning Management System (LMS) in Affiliated Colleges
4. Feasibility Study of Establishment of Memorial Centre for 4 (four) National Leaders
5. Feasibility Study of Establishment of new buildings in Shilpacharya Zainul Abedin Sangrahashala at Mymensingha
6. “Replacement and Improvement of Existing Gas Network in Dhaka City and Narayangonj city corporation to Enhance Gas Supply, Improve Low Pressure Scenario and Prevent Gas Leakage, Preparation of Integrated GIS design of the Network and Installation of SCADA for TGTDCCL’s Gas Network projecet”
7. Road Safety Audit of 255 Kilometer of Dhaka (Banani) – Joydebpur - Mymensingh-Road (N3) = 90 Km and Dhaka (Jatrabari) -Mawa-Bhanga – Barisal - Patuakhali (N8) = 165 Km National Highways during the Fiscal Year 2021-2022

8. Feasibility Study of Rangpur EPZ at Gaibandha District
9. Feasibility study for "replacement of dilapidated and narrow bailey bridge at important points (Chattogram zone)
10. Initial Environmental Examination (IEE), Census Survey and Boundary Demarcation for proposed 100 MW Solar Power Plant Project at Madarganj, Jamalpur
11. Strengthening of RTHD through Study and Research under Project for Study on Plan Preparation, Implementation and Policy Affairs
12. Initial Environmental Examination IEE & Environmental Impact Assessment EIA for 2D Seismic Survey over Exploration Block-6B South and 10 projects
13. Initial Environmental Examination (IEE) and Environmental Impact Assessment (EIA) for 3D Seismic Survey over Zakiganj and Patharia west structure project
14. Feasibility Study including ESIA, LAP and RAP for “Resettlement of the Non Bengali from the Geneva Camp, Mohammadpur, Dhaka” Project
15. Feasibility Study of Rehabilitation/Maintenance of Railway Track and Feasibility Study Along with Detailed Design for Rehabilitation/ Reconstruction of the Bridges in Western Region
16. Feasibility Study for Establishment of Sheikh Russel Digital Lab in Primary Schools
17. Implementation Resettlement Plan Evaluation Consultancy services for the project “Padma Bridge Rail Link Project
18. Feasibility Study for project entitled “Replacement of the existing gas network of TGTDCCL along Dhaka –Tangail 4 lane highway” under SASEC road connection project
19. Feasibility Study for project entitled “Replacement of Existing Gas Network of TGTDCCL along Joydebpur-Mymensingh 4 Lane Highway”
20. Feasibility Study of the project entitled "Improvement of Natural gas transmission and distribution capacities of Titas Gas Transmission and Distribution Company Limited
21. Feasibility Study of Rehabilitation/ Maintenance of Railway Track and Feasibility Study Along with Detailed Design for Rehabilitation/Reconstruction of the Bridges in Eastern Zone of Bangladesh Railway

22. Initial Environmental Examination (IEE) & Environmental Impact Assessment (EIA) for “01 Exploration Well (Srikail North-1A) and 02 Development Wells (Sundalpur-3 & Begumganj-4 West) Drilling” Project
23. Establishment of Power Distribution Automation /SCADA-ADMS System in BREB Distribution Network” Project in 13 (Thirteen) PBS
24. Feasibility Study including ESIA, RAP & LAP for “Rental Housing for Low Income People Project” (RHLIPP) at Tongi, Gazipur
25. Finding Root cause of Black dust powder/internal Corrosion in 30” OD Bakhrabad-Shiddhirganj gas Transmission Pipeline and recommendation of mitigation plan
26. Digitalization of Gas Distribution Network in particular area within Dhaka City
27. Performance Audit of Generation, Transmission and Distribution Units of Power Sector Entities
28. Construction of Proposed (a) Langolband - Maowa and Janjira - Tekerhat and (b) Khulna - Gopalganj - Tekerhat Gas Transmission Pipeline Project
29. Four Sites (Pabna, Kushtia, Chandpur-2, Narail) Feasibility Studies including RAP & ESIA Economic Zone
30. Appointment of Certification Body to conduct certification audit and two surveillance audits to establish and implement a Quality Management System (QMS) compliant to ISO 9001:2015 Certificate
31. Review Design, Drawing and Supervision of Godown Construction for Temporary Facilitating Chemical Storage Project, Shyampur, Dhaka
32. Feasibility Study, Topographic survey, Route Survey, IEE & RAP for Bangladesh Power Transmission Network Infrastructure Development Project
33. Feasibility Study of Infrastructure Construction of Gas, Electricity and Communication at Moheshkhali Economic Zone
34. Feasibility Study of Jashore EPZ at Jashore District
35. De-radicalization Activities for 2021-2022 under Construction of Counter Terrorism and Transnational Crime Protection Centre
36. Training, Workshop, Seminar, Research and Publication Programme for 2021-2022 FY under the Project of the Construction of Counter Terrorism and Transnational Crime Protection Centre

37. Social Awareness Programme for 2021-2022 FY under the Project of the Construction of Counter Terrorism and Transnational Crime Protection Centre
38. Programme and Campaign through Social and Mass Communication for 2021-2022 FY under the Project of the Construction of Counter Terrorism and Transnational Crime Protection Center
39. Rehabilitation Programme for 2021-2022 FY under the Project of the Construction of Counter Terrorism and Transnational Crime Protection Centre
40. FS of Extending WiFi Internet Services to Government Education Institutes through Optical Fiber Network (Phase-II) Project
41. Installation of 31 Lakh Smart Pre-Payment Meter under Rural Electrification Programme
42. Comprehensive Commercial Feasibility Study to Construct Multi-storied Commercial Building
43. "Replacement and Improvement of Existing Gas Network in Dhaka City and Narayangonj Municipality Area to Enhance Gas Supply, Improve Low Pressure Scenario and Prevent Gas Leakage, Preparation of Integrated GIS of the Network and Installation of SCADA for TGTDCCL's Gas Network"
44. Feasibility study on "Ensuring improved health and social security through early cognitive health care, equipment supply, skills development training for women and young people in corona risk management" project
45. The Feasibility Study for Expansion of Health Services in Divisional Medical College Hospitals
46. Feasibility Study and ESIA Study for a Proposed Private Hi-Tech Park at Konapara, Demra
47. Transaction Advisory Services for Construction of Bridge on Bhulta-Araihazar-Bancharampur road over the river Meghna under PPP Basis
48. Feasibility Study of up-gradating Pabna Mental Hospital to International Standard and Establishment of Full Fledged Mental Health Services Unit in the Divisional Level Medical College Hospitals
49. Feasibility study to procure an Oceanographic research Vessel for Bangabandhu Sheikh Mujibur Rahman Maritime University, Bangladesh
50. Risk Assessment of Hydrogen Sulfide (H₂S) Gas at Every Tannery & CETP in Tannery Industrial Estate, Dhaka
51. Feasibility Study and Environmental & Social Impact Assessment (ESIA) of Bogura Economic Zone of BEZA

52. Consulting Services for Environmental, Social Safeguard Monitoring (ESSM) and RAP Implementation Support under Southwest Transmission Grid Expansion Project (STGEP)
53. Preparation of EIA and Resettlement Action Plan (RAP) for the Construction of Bridge at ferry location of 17th km on Kachua-Betagi-Patuakhali-Lohalia-Kalaya Road (Z8052) (At Pairakunju Ferryghat) Over Paira River
54. Pre-feasibility study for Construction of Slipway with associated Machinery and Equipment
55. Feasibility Study of Modernization and Capacity Enhancement of BREB Network (Barishal Division)
56. Feasibility Study of 19 (Nineteen) PBS's under Modernization and Capacity Enhancement of BREB Network (Chattogram-Sylhet Division)
57. Feasibility Study of 21 (Twenty one) PBS's under Modernization and Capacity Enhancement of BREB Network (Rajshahi-Rangpur Division)”
58. Feasibility Study of 25 (Twenty Five) PBS's under Modernization and Capacity Enhancement of BREB Network (Dhaka-Mymensingh Division)
59. Environmental Impact Assessment (EIA) of Water Treatment Plant at Bangabandhu Sheikh Mujib Shilpanagar
60. Preparation of Land Acquisition Plan (LAP) for the Construction of Bridge at 17th km of Kochua-Betagi-Patuakhali-Lohalia-Kalaya Road (Z8052) (At Pairakunju Ferryghat) Over Paira River)
61. Preparation of UN Standard “Booklet” in Bengali and English in connection with the achievements of Bangladesh Railways in different years (1996-2001 and 2009 to till date) during the tenure of Hon’ble Prime Minister Sheikh Hasina
62. Citizen Engagement management platform of Dhaka North City Corporation (Shobar Dhaka)
63. The Preparation of Tender Document and Completion of the Evaluation Process to Enlist Ship Handling Operator at Outer Anchorage of Chittagong Port
64. Preparation of Tender Document, Appointment of Berth Operators (6) and Recommendation for monitoring Programme at Outer Anchorage of Chittagong Port
65. Amendment and Translation into Bengali Version of the Railways Act 1890 (Act No. IX of 1890) of Bangladesh Railway

66. Supporting Bangladesh Economic Zone Authorities PPP Initiatives for Development of Economic Zones
67. Feasibility Study for the Procurement of Required Numbers of Hovercrafts including the Repair Facilities and Infrastructures in order to facilitate Fast and Easy Transport System in the Inland and Coastal Areas
68. Transaction advisory services for development of 13 textile mill sites of BTMC on PPP
69. Land Acquisition Consultancy services for the Project “Construction of dual Gauge Double Lin between Joydebpur-Ishurdi Sections of Bangladesh Railway” Project
70. Feasibility study of twelve economic zones
71. Technical Advisory Services to Support Project Implementation Unit (Package No: IPFF II SIA)
72. Transaction Advisory Services for Construction of Khan Jahan Ali Airport Through PPP

IIFC Training Programmes

IIFC also conducts training programmes on Public Private Partnership, Project Management and Procurement Management regularly facilitating more private sector engagement and building capacity of all stakeholders. Participants from different public and private organizations participate in these training programmes.

CHAPTER 4

OTHER ACTIVITIES OF THE ECONOMIC RELATIONS DIVISION

4.1. Implementation of the Right to Information Act, 2009

The ERD is working to implement the Right to Information Act, 2009. Subsequently, the officers and appellate authorities have been appointed in this division and an information providing unit has been set up also. The contact information of the designated officers and appellate authorities are as follows:

Name of the Designated Officer and contact address:

Name and Designation	Office Address	Contact
The Designated Officer		
Mr. Md. Ohidul Islam Deputy Secretary	Block#10, Room#13 Economic Relations Division, Sher-e-Bangla Nagar, Dhaka-1207	Phone: +88-02- 9180798 Mobile: +88 01712630863 Fax: +88-02-9180788 Email: budget@erd.gov.bd
The Alternative Designated Officer		
Mr. Md. Sabbir Biswas Senior Programmer	Block#15, Room#35, Economic Relations Division, Sher-e-Bangla Nagar, Dhaka-1207	Phone: +88-02-48119879 Mobile: +8801677237170 Fax: +88-02-9180788 Email: srp@erd.gov.bd
The Appellate Authority		
Ms. Sharifa Khan Secretary	Block#8, Room#3,4, Economic Relations Division, Sher-e-Bangla Nagar, Dhaka-1207	Phone: +88-02-48117636 Fax: +88-02-9180788 Email: secretary@erd.gov.bd

Citizen charter is being published regularly on the website of the RTI section (www.erd.gov.bd) for public. Information are being provided from this division through e-mail when we are asked for.

4.2. The Innovation Team

4.2.1. Objectives of the Innovation Team:

Innovation and development of workplaces in public administration to increase work mobility and innovative skills and to accelerate and simplify citizen service delivery. Encouraging innovation in Government work by promoting the culture and field of creative practice, bringing about a change in the internal processes of service of our own office, serving as a model of change, and bringing about change in the internal work process, enhancing the breadth of ICT and all innovative activities.

4.2.2. Innovation Team Performance:

- To bring about quality change in the service delivery process and internal processes of our own offices;
- Prepare annual action plans for these related activities and get approval and implementation at monthly coordination meetings at the beginning of the year;
- Monthly team meeting events, review progress on implementation of action plans and present at monthly coordination meetings;
- Coordinate within ERD and other innovation teams formed at the Ministry/ Division/Department/District/Upazila level; and
- Prepare a full annual report every year for the year preceding January 5, send it to the Cabinet Division and publish on its website.

4.2.3. Duties and Functions of Chief Innovation / Innovation Officer:

- Lead the Innovation Team in its own office;
- To serve as a model of change in its office and to create quality change in the internal working process, to foster creative work culture and fields, to promote innovation in public functioning by promoting the ICT and all innovative activities, to develop team members through necessary training and innovation. Participating in fair competitions;
- Reforming existing arrangements for facilitating citizen service and the implementation of the Citizens Charter;
- Encouraging the coordinator to transform all possible services of his office into e-service and to adopt e-file management procedures and electronic communication such as correspondence, documents, etc.
- Taking steps to create and update the profile of the organization by inserting all the information of its own office and regularly updating the website of the office and taking complaint and disposal of the website;
- Ensure proper implementation of the OVA non-profit councils as outlined in the National ICT Policy;
- Budget preparation for ICT related task, project adoption, financing arrangements, monitoring of activities, evaluation of progress, and presenting at

monthly coordination meetings of ICT activities;

- Coordination with the designated officer in his office as per the Right to Information Act; and according to Notification No.18-04.00.0000.232.35.006.13 of the Cabinet Division dated 08 April 2013 and Letter NO.17 - 09.00.0000.252.16.002.19 of ERD dated 06 August 2019 Innovation Team was reconstituted with 9 following officials in the following sections.

4.2.4. ERD Innovation Team is structured as follows

No	Name and Designation	Wings/Branch	Responsibility
1	Abdul Baki Additional Secretary	Wing Chief (World Bank)	Chief Innovations Officer
2	Dr. Ziaul Abedin (6541) Joint Secretary	Asia-2 Branch	Member
3	Dr. Delwar Hossain (20358) Joint Secretary	WB-4 Section	Member
4	Musammat Shahina Akter (16286) Deputy Secretary	DE-1 Section	Member
5	Selina Kazi (16259) Deputy Secretary	ME-2 Section	Member
6	Md. Sabbir Biswas Senior Programmer	ICT Cell	Member
7	Mst. Ulfat Ara Begum (16915) Senior Assistant Secretary	World Bank-4 Branch	Member
8	Sabrina Sharmin (16772) Senior Assistan Secretary	WB-1 Section	Member
9	Mohammad Shahedul Islam Programmer	ICT Cell	Member
10	Mohammad Sayed Momen Majumdar (16515) Senior Assistant Secretary	UN-7 Section	Member-Secretary

4.2.5. National ICT Policy 2018 Implementation Committee:

The Government of Bangladesh has enforced ‘National Information and Communication Technology Policy 2018’. The vision of the policy is to establish a transparent, loyal and accountable government by delivering services of the public and private organizations towards the doorsteps of the people. Its main focus is to build ‘Digital Bangladesh’ by 2021 and knowledge based developed country by 2041. In the policy Economic Relations Division (ERD) has been asked to implement 56 action plans jointly with other Ministry/ Division/ Organization and 1 action separately. In order to implement the ‘ICT Policy 2018’ ERD has a committee with the following members:

SL	Name and Designation	Responsibility
01	Mahbooba Panna (6082), Additional Secretary and Wing Chief, Admin and Middle East	Convener
02	Masuma Akter (20376), Joint Secretary Asia-3 Section	Member
03	Myenul Hasan (7925), Deputyt Secretary World Bank-5 Section	Member
04	Farzana Ahmed (15739), Deputy Secretary FABA-1 Section	Member
05	Md. Al-Amin, Deputy Secretary Admin-5 (Attached)	Member
06	Mahmudul Islam Khan (8150), Deputy Secretary ADB-4 Section	Member
07	Farzana Ferdous Zaman(16683), Senior Assistant Secretary DE-6 Section	Member
08	Mohammad Shahedul Islam, Programmer ICT Cell	Member
09	Md. Sabbir Biswas, Sr. Programmer ICT Cell	Member-Secretary

4.2.6. Citizen Charter Committee:

Economic Relations Division (ERD) is continuously providing services to its stake holders. In order to monitor the activities there is a citizen charter committee with the following members:

1	Wing Chief, Admin and Middle East Wing	Chairperson
2	Deputy Secretary, Asia-4 Section	Member
3	Deputy Secretary, World Bank-5 Section	Member
4	Deputy Secretary, Budget Management Section	Member
5	Deputy Secretary, Europe-1 Section	Member
6	Deputy Secretary, Coordination-6 Section	Member
7	Senior Assistant Secretary, UN-3 Section	Member
8	Senior Assistant Secretary, ADB-3 Section	Member
9	Senior Programmer, ICT-Cell	Member Secretary

4.3. Annual Performance Agreement (APA) of ERD

The Annual Performance Agreement (APA) has been introduced with the purpose of promoting greater transparency and accountability in the Government organizations, proper utilization of resources and increasing institutional efficiency. The Economic Relations Division (ERD) has been signing the APA with the Cabinet Division since FY2014-15. As per the agreement, like other Ministries/Divisions, ERD has undertaken relentless efforts not only to implement the mandatory strategic goals, but also to successfully implement the specialized strategic goals specially bestowed upon this division.

ERD has consistently been successful in negotiating and signing of agreements with the Development Partners; achieving the commitment and disbursement targets; improving the utilization capacity of foreign assistance; and in the areas of external debt management and debt servicing. Initially, several effective steps were taken by this division to achieve the specific targeted goals of the APA. Under the direction and direct supervision of the Secretary of the division, efforts were further strengthened to increase the mobilization of foreign assistance and its utilization at the desired level. Consequently, it became possible to achieve 94.91%, 94.38%, 91.88% and 87.59% success in FY2016-17, FY2017-18, FY2018-19, and FY2019-20 respectively as against the APA targets of the respective year. The achievement of APA in FY 2020-21 was 94.5% (12th position out of 51 Ministries/Divisions).

As part of the implementation of the APA, ERD has been able to obtain a commitment of USD 34.53 (average USD 11.51) billion foreign assistance from FY2017-18 to FY 2019-20. This commitment is 14% higher than that of previous three years (FY2014-15 to FY2016-17). On the other hand, the total amount of foreign assistance disbursement from FY2017-18 to FY2019-20 was USD 20.03 (average 6.68) billion which is 95.8% higher than those of previous three years (FY2014-15 to FY 2016-17).

The commitment of foreign assistance from FY2018-19 to FY2020-21 was USD 29.15 (average 9.27) billion which was a bit lower than the total commitment of previous three years (FY2015-16 to FY2017-18). The disbursement of the same period was 21.88 (average 7.29) billion which was around 37.8% higher than that of previous three years (FY2015-16 to FY2017-18).

As a result of continued adoption of prudent policy in maintaining the external debt and debt servicing to a sustainable level, Bangladesh's foreign debt and debt repayment are still at a satisfactory level as per the internationally acceptable indicators. The Economist magazine recently ranked a list of 66 emerging stable economies according to four measures of financial strengths including public debt as a percentage of GDP, total foreign debt, and costs of borrowing. Bangladesh was ranked 9th from the top. Due to adopting continued sound macro-economic policies, our external Debt-to-GDP ratio is still as low as 15%.

According to the latest APA of ERD, the future plans of this division include mobilization of foreign assistance at higher rate for meeting the investment target of the 8th Five Year Plan in the area of infrastructure including power, energy, bridges and roads, ICT, and railways sectors. At the same time, more budget supports and project financing will be sought to address the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic. To achieve the SDG targets, persistent efforts will be carried out in mobilizing more foreign assistance in the areas of education, technical education, health, and social security sectors. Efforts will be strengthened further to diversify the sources of external resources. Activities related to Green Climate Fund (GCF), South-South Cooperation (SSC), non-resident Bangladeshis (NRB) and LDC graduation will be expanded further.

4.4. Implementation of National Integrity Strategy (NIS)

NIS Activities performed in 2021-2022:

- Organized Ethics Committee meeting to implement National Integrity Strategy;
- Provided quarterly reports to the Cabinet Division on implementation integrity activities;
- Organized various training for 420 officials on Integrity;
- Awarded six ERD officials the National Integrity Prize 2021-22 on 15 June 2022.

Other significant activities performed on integrity:

- Performing purchase activities through e-tender/e-GP;
- Ensuring the uses of e-filing;
- Using online response system for official work;
- Arranging stakeholder meetings and online teleconference;
- Applying Unicode to discharge all official activities;
- Formulating targets of National Integrity Strategy;
- Promoting integrity related activities;
- Implementing of other goals of NIS.

4.5. Economic Relations Documentation Center (ERDOC)

ERDOC is the central information repository of ERD. To ensure the implementation of the goals and objectives of ERD, ERDOC arranges for the collection, storage, and distribution of various types of foreign and local documents for the purpose of necessary information. In addition, both local and foreign documents including reports are regularly received by the Secretary's office and Wing Chief Offices are collected by ERDOC.

Financial Agreement:

Financial agreements are the main materials of ERDOC. Most of the original agreements (technical, grant and loan) signed with various countries and international organizations across the globe are collected by ERDOC for the purpose of supporting foreign finance in the development process.

So far, ERDOC has collected around 3224 agreements. In the FY 2021-22, ERDOC has collected 95 agreements. The development partner with whom contract have been signed in FY 2021-22 are as follows: Japan (JICA), IDA, ADB, IDB, FAO, Germany (KfW, GIZ, german cooperation), China, AIIB, ITFC, UNEP, France (AFD), UNODC, India, South Korea (EDCF), Netherlands, UAE, IOM, Vital Strategies, OPEC Fund, EIB, UNOPS, USA, ILO, Switzerland(SDC), UNCDF, EU, Bill and Melinda Gates Foundation, Bloomberg Philanthropies, USAID.

Document collection and Services:

Total collections of ERDOC are more than 16000 including books, periodicals, magazines, journals, newsletters, gazettes etc. Collected documents have been uploaded to the Information Repository System. ERDOC has collected and preserved two leading daily newspapers one Bengali (The Prothom Alo) and one English (The Daily Star). ERD officials, including the Secretary's Office, have received information from time to time from ERDOC. Digital ERDOC information service is available (Information Repository System) at <http://erdpedia.erd.gov.bd> .

Reference Books:

ERDOC collects many reference books such as Encyclopedia Britannica, Banglapedia, Bengali and English Dictionary, Bangladesh Code (Law Code), Annual Development Programme, Five Year Plan, Establishment Manual, Bangladesh Service Rules, Annual report of Local and International Organizations, Flow of External Resources into Bangladesh (1979 to 2021) etc.

CHAPTER 5

PROJECTS UNDER IMPLEMENTATION

5.1. Japan Human Resources Development Scholarship (JDS) (3rd revised) Project.

Japan Human Resource Development Scholarship (JDS) (3rd revised) Project has been implemented by ERD since 2001 and it will be terminated in 2025, mention that the Ph. D is since to 2018. The total estimated cost of the project is BDT 43108.05 lac in which GoB's contribution is BDT 528.25 lac and Japanese assistance is BDT 42579.80 lac. So far, Japan has provided JPY 6895.00 million as a grant for this project. The main objective of the project is to provide an opportunity for the officials of Bangladesh Civil Service, Bangladesh Judicial Service, Class-1 Officials from Legislative & Parliamentary Affairs Division and Bangladesh Bank to study Master and Ph.D. Degree. Courses in Japan to contribute to the country's development by applying their knowledge on return.

Under this Programme, 385 officers successfully completed their Master and Ph.D. Degree (383 is for Master and 02 is for Ph.D.) successfully completed from renowned Japanese universities and returned to Bangladesh. A total of 68 officials of Master 19th, 20th and Ph.D. 2nd, 3rd & 4th batch (59 for Masters and 9 for Ph.D.) are presently studying in Japan. Selection is made through open competition among eligible officers. JDS fellows can pursue Master and Ph.D. Degree in the following areas under JDS Programme:

- Enhancement of Capacity for Public Administrative Government;
- Enhancement of Legal Capacity and Policy;
- Enhancement of Capacity for Urban and Rural Planning and Policy; and
- Enhancement of Capacity for Policy Planning of Public Finance, Investment Management and Economic Growth.

The Government of Japan also provides short-term trainings for different Government officials. In FY 2021-2022, 70 officials were provided training through Japanese grants assistance.

5.2. Knowledge for Development Management (K4DM) Project Phase-II

Project at a glance:

1.0	Project Title	Knowledge for Development Management (K4DM) Phase II
1.1	Sponsoring Ministry/Division	Ministry of Finance, Economic Relations Division (ERD)
1.2	Implementing Agency	UN Wing, Economic Relations Division
1.3	Project Implementation Period Date of Commencement Date of Completion	July 2021 June 2024
1.4	Estimated Cost of the Project (BDT in Lac) Total: GOB: PA (UNDP): Own Fund:	2667.00 77.00 2590.00 -

Project Brief:

Bangladesh is progressing towards graduating from a least-developed country (LDC) as it pursues constantly sustainable and inclusive economic growth, especially in the last 12 years under the charismatic leadership of the present regime. However, given the global situation and the national and international context of COVID-19 Bangladesh also has faced challenges in its ongoing progressive development. In this context, K4DM Phase II has targeted to achieve the following two major outcomes:

Outcome 1: Evidence-based policymaking toward national development aspirations practised

Outcome 2: External resource mobilization strategy and international economic collaboration strengthened.

The following five outputs will contribute to producing the outcomes:

Output 1: Institutional approach for capacity building adopted.

Output 2: Enabling environment for evidence-based policymaking strengthened.

Output 3: External resource mobilization capacity strengthened.

Output 4: Engagement of NRBs with the Government improved.

Output 5: Institutions and modality for South-South & Triangular Cooperation strengthened.

Major Progress achieved in 2021-22:

- **Inception Workshop:** The project officially kicked off on 06 April 2022 through an Inception Workshop where the goals, objectives, and strategies of the new phase of the project as well as the achievements, and lessons learned from the previous phase were shared with the stakeholders from the GoB, DPs, private sector, civil society, and UN agencies.
- **Inter Wing Peer Learning Sessions:** A total of Sixteen (16) Inter Wing Peer Learning Sessions were conducted where 800 ERD officials [Male: 520 (65%); Female: 280 (35%)] participated. Through the sessions, a comprehensive learning and knowledge-sharing environment have been created within ERD to work in a coordinated manner. These sessions provided an insight into each wing's working method, areas of work, challenges, and scope of strengthening collaboration to mitigate the challenges along with NIS, APA, RTI, loan negotiation process, debt sustainability, concessional and non-concessional loans, different floating rates of the loans etc.
- **Seminar on Economic Crisis in Sri Lanka: Lessons Learning for Other Countries:** K4DM Phase-II organized a Seminar on 'Economic Crisis in Sri Lanka: Lessons Learning for Other Countries' on 11 May 2022 with the participation of 70 ERD officials. The factors behind the economic fallout of Sri Lanka and what other countries like Bangladesh should learn from it were widely discussed and emphasis was given to making better policies to avoid similar consequences.
- **Seminar on National Budget from the Perspective of ERD:** A Seminar on 'National Budget from the Perspective of ERD' was organized on 26 June 2022 where 65 ERD officials participated. In this seminar, the National Budget 2022-23 was analyzed from the ERD perspective along with the formulation process, main factors, different projections, assumptions, challenges, and mitigation strategies of the National Budget. Importance was given to enhancing the analytical and planning skills of ERD officials to face the upcoming challenges and play vital roles in external resource mobilization.
- **Workshop on Annual Work Plan 2022-23 (July to June):** K4DM Phase-II organized a two-day-long workshop on Annual Work Plan for July 2022- June 2023 from 9 to 11 June 2022. In the workshop, 26 ERD officials from all the wings of ERD along with representatives from UNDP identified the major needs for ERD and proposed required activities to be implemented by K4DM Phase-II in the fiscal year 2022-23.

5.3. Central Coordination Unit of the Private Investment and Digital Entrepreneurship (CCU-PRIDE) Project for the Financial Year ending on 30 June 2022.

5.3.1. Introduction

The Central Coordination Unit of the Private Investment and Digital Entrepreneurship (CCU-PRIDE) Project established at Economic Relations Division (ERD) is a coordinating body between the World Bank and the Implementing Agencies (IAs) of the PRIDE Project. PRIDE is a new investment project that has been built upon the successful implementation of the Private Sector Development Support Project (PSDSP) that was implemented from January 2012 to 28 February 2021 in two phases. At the close of the PSDSP, it was deemed necessary to keep the momentum of the project, and the project PRIDE was conceived.

5.3.2. Key Information of the PRIDE Project

a. Fund Approval, Financing Agreement, and the Effectiveness of the Project

The fund for the PRIDE Project was approved by the World Bank on 19 June 2020, and for certain obvious reasons—COVID-2019 Pandemic and closing of the Private Sector Development Support Project (PSDSP), the Financing Agreement was signed on 13 April 2021. It is a 05-year project that started from 01 January 2021 and is scheduled to be ended on 31 December 2025. Though the new project PRIDE started officially from 01 January 2021, the project marked its beginning since its effectiveness on 11 July 2021.

b. Funding Arrangements

The project is funded by the International Development Association (IDA) credit under Scale-Up-Facility (SUF) of USD 500.00 million (EURO 459,800,000.00 million) in which BEZA's portion is USD 467.05= EURO 429,499,180.00 million (93.41% of total fund), BHTPA's portion is USD 30.00= EURO 27,588,000.00 million (6% of total fund) and ERD's portion is USD 2.95=EURO 2,712,820.00 million (0.59% of total fund). The fund disbursement arrangement is in EURO. However, the project has USD 55.00 million GoB fund for BEZA and BHTPA. The CCU- PRIDE project does not have GoB portion. The PRIDE Project uses a new lending instrument of the World Bank, where Disbursement Linked Indicators (DLIs) is the guiding principles. Out of USD 500.00 million fund the portion of DLIs based is USD 150.00 million and the Non-DLIs based portion is USD 350.00 million. DLIs based fund focuses the 'results and outputs and outcomes.'

c. Implementing Agencies

PRIDE is an umbrella project. The project has two important Implementing Agencies (IAs) of Government such as the Bangladesh Economic Zones Authority (BEZA) under the Prime Minister's Office (PMO) and the Bangladesh Hi-Tech Park Authority (BHTPA) under Information and Communication Technology Division of the Ministry of Posts, Telecommunication and Information Technology (PTIT). The two projects under the two IAs are Bangabandhu Sheikh Mujib Shilpa Nagar (BSMSN) Development Project and Digital Entrepreneurship and Innovation Eco-System (DEIE) Development Project respectively. Economic Relations Division (ERD) coordinates among the IAs and the World Bank through a Central Coordination Unit (CCU) at ERD.

5.3.3. The Objectives and functions of the PRIDE and the CCU-PRIDE Projects.

a. The Objectives of the PRIDE Project

The Project Development Objectives (PDOs) are to promote private investment, job creation and environmental sustainability in participating economic zones and software technology parks in Bangladesh.

The PRIDE project likes to introduce a modern regime that relies more on private investment and sustainability. The project is designed to developing a greener and climate resilient BSMSN, strengthening the digital entrepreneurship and innovation eco-system and thus, contribute to national development through implementing BEZA and BHTPA's agendas.

b. The Functions of the PRIDE Project

The following activities are being carried out through the PRIDE Project:

- i. Creating an environment conducive to private investment and sustainable development;
- ii. Performing all the activities of public-private-partnership by forming a special operations unit in BEZA;
- iii. Developing Bangabandhu Sheikh Mujib Shilpa Nagar (BSMSN) as a phased green and environmentally resilient industrial city;
- iv. Utilizing the land suitable for industrialization and creating of dynamic private markets in economic zones set up on the basis of public, government to government, private, public-private partnerships; and
- v. Creating entrepreneurs in the Information Technology Sector and Strengthening environmentally Friendly Innovative activities.

c. The Objectives of the CCU-PRIDE Project

The objectives of the CCU-PRIDE project are to coordinate, evaluate, monitor and perform fiduciary functions for better implementation of the PRIDE project.

5.3.4. CCU-PRIDE Project– Functions (In Brief)

The CCU is responsible for performing the following activities:

- Serve as the secretariat to the Project Advisory Committee (PAC). The Hon'ble Secretary, ERD is the Chairman of the committee.
- Prepare all progress reports- financial, physical, results framework reports (monthly and quarterly) and submit the reports to IMED, CAFO-ERD and the World Bank.
- Coordinate with the Independent Verification Consultancy Firm- International for DLIs activities and provide reports to WB.
- Convene training and study visits at home and abroad for the related officials of PRIDE project, related Ministries and ERD, IMED and Planning. Organizing workshops/seminars at home with the significant issues.
- Hold project progress review meetings with the IAs and the CCU-PRIDE's own project.
- Prepare Financial Statement and coordinate audit work with the FAPAD and the IAs and follow up audit report(s).
- Coordinate with the World Bank Implementation Support Mission, Mid- term Review Mission, and follow up Aide Memoires.

5.3.5. CCU-PRIDE Project's Achievements in the FY 2021-2022

- The revised allocation of fund for CCU-PRIDE project for the FY 2021-2022 was BDT 351.00 lakh against which BDT 301.14 lakh was spent up to 30 June 2022 (achievement 85.80%).
- As against a total of ten (10) packages of procurement – goods, individual consultancy, non-consulting services and service firms, nine (09) had been completed and 'Financial Proposal Evaluation' of one package is on-going (achievement 90%).
- Quarterly Financial Reports [Interim Unaudited Financial Reports (IUFRR)] had been prepared and transmitted to the World Bank along with the procurement status reports.

- Two (02) Implementation Support Review (ISR) Missions and one (01) PPP Technical Mission conducted reviews in the FY 2021-2022, and the CCU played a significant role by providing various types of reports, giving comments on Draft Aide Memoires, and following up of the implementation of the Aide Memoires.
- The PRIDE project had been delayed thirteen (13) months from the date of fund approval to the effectiveness of the project, and hence ‘Project Restructuring’ was inevitable. The CCU finalized the ‘Restructuring Proposal’ and sent the same on 09 June 2022 for the consideration of the World Bank. The feedback is yet to be received.
- The CCU conducted coordination meetings held virtually and in-person also for opening of Convertible BDT Special Accounts (CONTASA) for the DLIs portions of the BSMSN and the DEIE Development Projects and took up the issue with the Finance Division (FD) of the Ministry of Finance (MoF). The issue is yet to be resolved.
- Two (02) Project Advisory Committee (PAC) meetings and four (04) Project Implementation Committee (PIC) meetings were arranged, held, the minutes of the meetings were communicated to the officials concerned and the decisions of the meetings were followed up.
- As part of ‘Capacity Building,’ 02 nos. of workshops, 04 nos. of local training, 02 nos. of field visits (Economic Zones) alongside special training outside Dhaka were held and 276 nos. of participants attended the programmes.

Concluding Remarks:

- Notwithstanding the relentless efforts of ERD, Implementing Ministries, Implementing Agencies and the World Bank, there has been delayed in starting the PRIDE Project. This is due to uncontrollable factor- COVID-19 Pandemic. In our views, the CCU-PRIDE Project played its role significantly, assisted the IAs and coordinated with the World Bank. We are committed to adhere to attaining the predetermined objectives of the PRIDE Project in general and the CCU-PRIDE Project in particular.

5.4. Support to Sustainable Graduation Project (SSGP)

Meeting the graduation criteria is certainly a great international recognition of Bangladesh’s development achievement. Sustainable graduation from the LDC category will elevate Bangladesh to a new height of development trajectory and offer new opportunities for socioeconomic progress. Therefore, to make this achievement sustainable— a range of policies, strategies, and programmes have been envisaged in the Support to Sustainable Graduation Project, initiated by the Economic Relations Division (ERD) in response to the guidance of the Prime Minister’s Office. The project has four components: i) M & E of LDC sensitive criteria and Policy gap analysis; ii) Capacity enhancement of Data Management and Information System; iii) Campaign & Advocacy

for graduation; iv) Knowledge management products and tools on sustainable graduation. The project is structured to conduct research and studies, introduce capacity development programmes, launch massive advocacy, and campaign programmes, and develop knowledge products as policy tools.

5.4.1. Major Progress Achieved in 2021-22

Under the guidance of the Prime Minister's Office the Development Effectiveness Wing of ERD has organized a national level celebration of Bangladesh's LDC graduation with the support of SSGP. Besides, other local level and nationwide events have been organized campaigning to commemorate the graduation from LDC status. Training of Trainers (ToT) Programme regarding Graduation, meeting with CDP mission on Enhanced Monitoring Mechanism, Strategic dialogue, other training, and workshops were also organized with the effective supports of the project.

5.4.2. National level celebration of Bangladesh's LDC graduation

A national level celebration of Bangladesh's LDC graduation was organized with support from SSGP at the Bangabandhu International Conference Centre in Dhaka on 02 January 2022. Hon'ble Prime Minister Sheikh Hasina graced the occasion by virtually joining the programmes the chief guest from her Ganabhaban residence. Hon'ble Finance Minister Mr. A H M Mustafa Kamal, FCA, MP chaired the event. Hon'ble Speaker Dr. Shirin Sharmin Chaudhury, MP, Education Minister Dr. Dipu Moni, MP and State Minister for ICT Mr. Zunaid Ahmed Palak, MP, among others, also spoke on the occasion. The then ERD Secretary Ms. Fatima Yasmin delivered the welcome address of the event.



Hon'ble Prime Minister Sheikh Hasina speaking as the chief guest of the LDC Graduation celebration event organized on 2nd January 2022.

It is worth mentioning that Bangladesh met all the criteria for LDC graduation for the second consecutive time during the latest triennial review of the Committee for Development Policy (CDP) of the United Nations back in February 2021. The recommendation had been duly endorsed by the Economic and Social Council (ECOSOC) of the United Nations on 08 June 2021. Consequently, United Nations General Assembly (UNGA) adopted the resolution of ECOSOC's recommendation for Bangladesh's LDC graduation on 24 November 2021. In this context, the celebration event was organized to commemorate this historic milestone and also to congratulate and show gratitude to our Hon'ble Prime Minister Sheikh Hasina for her commendable guidance and leadership in paving the way towards a graduated nation from LDC status.

Speaking on the occasion, Hon'ble Prime Minister Sheikh Hasina said that the government had started formulating a Smooth Transition Strategy to ensure a smooth and sustainable LDC graduation for Bangladesh. The Hon'ble Prime Minister also hoped that the aforementioned national document would outline effective strategies and directions for tackling future challenges while utilizing the opportunities offered by LDC graduation. At the same time, she also called for devising an evidence-based, timely and effective strategy that would be based on facts and figures coming from necessary research and surveys.

Several audio-visual materials on Bangladesh's LDC graduation and economic progress were screened during the event. The programme also featured cultural performances by the country's prominent artists. Various important locations of the capital were adorned with banners to raise public awareness about this historic feat. This event has created massive awareness about this historic national achievement-- which will act as an inspiration for the whole nation in moving forward in the future.

5.4.3. Local level celebration of Bangladesh's LDC graduation

A daylong campaigning event on Bangladesh's LDC graduation took place with the support of SSGP in Cox's Bazar on 31 March 2022. Hon'ble Prime Minister Sheikh Hasina, MP joined the event virtually from her official Ganabhaban residence. Hon'ble Finance Minister Mr. A H M Mustafa Kamal, FCA, MP also spoke on the occasion. Hon'ble Minister of the Ministry of Land Mr. Saifuzzaman Chowdhury, MP; Hon'ble State Minister for Power, Energy, and Mineral Resources Mr. W Nasrul Hamid, MP; Hon'ble State Minister for Shipping Mr. Khalid Mahmud Chowdhury, MP; Hon'ble State Minister for Civil Aviation and Tourism Mr. Md. Mahbub Ali, MP; and Hon'ble State Minister for Youth and Sports Mr. Md. Zahid Ahsan Russel, MP delivered speeches on the ongoing local development schemes during the event. Principal Secretary to the Hon'ble Prime Minister and the Chair of the National Committee on LDC Graduation Dr. Ahmad Kaikaus moderated the session. The then Secretary of ERD Ms. Fatima Yasmin delivered the welcome speech of the event.



Hon'ble Prime Minister Sheikh Hasina, MP speaking during the campaigning event on LDC Graduation in Cox's Bazar on 31 March 2022.

Hon'ble Prime Minister Sheikh Hasina, in her speech, said that Bangladesh should march ahead in the path of development to retain the dignity achieved through LDC graduation. "We have already attained the status of a developing country. Now we need to move ahead to retain the dignity achieved through LDC graduation so that we can build up a prosperous Bangladesh dreamt by the Father of the Nation", she added.



Distinguished guests of the event are visiting the stalls of the development fair organized at the venue



Crests are being handed over to the winners of the school-level competitions organized as part of the campaign



Artists are performing during the cultural programme



A group photo of the winners of the school-level competitions organized as part of the campaigning programme

A development fair and a cultural programme were organized at the Laboni sea beach as part of the daylong awareness event. In addition-- music, art, poem recitation, and essay competitions were organized at the school level. Senior officials from various government ministries, divisions and agencies; officials from district administration as well as representatives of the private sector and civil society organizations participated in the event.

The event was organized to raise mass awareness about Bangladesh's LDC graduation journey at the local level. The campaigning event also played an effective role in raising awareness about the major development schemes of Cox's Bazar like Matarbari Power Plant, Matarbari Deep Sea Port, the Asrayan project and the extension of the railway up to Ghumdhum while sensitizing people about the potential of the local tourism industry as well as the cultural heritage of the local indigenous population.

5.4.4. Training of Trainers (ToT) Programme on Bangladesh's Graduation from LDC Category



Participants speaking during the workshop on the ToR of the proposed study on “Transition Financing for Sustainable Graduation” organized on 19 May 2022.

A three-day long Training of Trainers (ToT) Programme on **Bangladesh's Graduation from LDC Category** was organized with the support of SSGP at the Bangladesh Public Administration Training Centre (BPATC) at Savar from 21 to 23 June 2022. Officials or trainers from national training institutes like BPATC, Bangladesh Institute of Administration and Management (BIAM), National Academy for Planning and Development (NAPD), Bangladesh Civil Service (Admin.) Academy and ERD participated in the ToT programme. The major objectives of the ToT programme were to:

- (i) Develop a group of trainers from renowned national training institutes, like BPATC, BIAM, NAPD, the Bangladesh Civil Service (Admin.) Academy and ERD; and
- (ii) Conduct training programmes for trainers through this to approach to disseminate knowledge and necessary information on the LDC graduation-related issues as well as other development-related issues to the relevant stakeholders, particularly the government officials.



Group Photo of ToT Participants and Relevant Officials



The then Member of the Planning Commission and present ERD Secretary Ms. Sharifa Khan conducting the working session on Impacts of LDC Graduation



Certificates are being handed over to the participants of the ToT Programme

Participants of the programme observed that a workshop should be organized in the near future engaging all the relevant training institutes to design and further improve the contents and modality of this ToT programme and to develop a unified training content for future ToT programmes on LDC graduation issues.

5.4.5. Meeting with CDP mission on Enhanced Monitoring Mechanism

To help graduated and graduating countries in preparing for graduation and smooth transition in a post-Covid-19 environment, the CDP has proposed dedicated capacity development support through an LDC Sustainable Graduation Support Facility (SGSF) piloted by the CDP Secretariat of the CDP. SGSF would provide capacity building support through six Service Offering Lines (SOLs). Bangladesh, with support from SSGP, had already participated in the SGSF survey and expressed its interest to receive capacity building support through each of the SOLs.

Consequently, in line with the request coming from CDP, SSGP has prepared a detailed outline elaborating the capacity building supports that might be required under each of 6 SOLs and 16 sub-SOLs. ERD, with support from SSGP is now formulating specific proposals for capacity building support under each of the SOLs and sub-SOLs through a series of consultations with the relevant ministries—which would consequently be put forward to CDP.



Meeting with CDP mission on Enhanced Monitoring Mechanism

Subsequently, a one-member mission from the CDP Secretariat visited Dhaka from 24 to 26 April 2022 to hold consultations with the local stakeholders on the implementation of CDP's Enhanced Monitoring Mechanism in the context of Bangladesh. The CDP mission agreed that regular consultation meetings could be organized between CDP and Bangladesh hinted of monitoring based only on a few indicators.

The CDP mission also agreed that the consultation agenda might be drawn from important global, regional or sub regional themes that could have an impact on the graduation trajectory of Bangladesh.

Bangladesh, like other graduating LDCs, is mandated to submit an annual report to CDP on the progress made by the country with regard to the preparation of LDC Graduation. ERD, with support from SSGP, prepared and submitted the annual country report to CDP for the year 2021 which was highly appreciated by the concerned UN entities.

5.4.6. Strategic dialogue on the side lines of the 78th Session of UNESCAP

The Government of Bangladesh, in association with UNESCAP, hosted a strategic dialogue with support from SSGP on the side lines of the 78th Session of UNESCAP on “Sustainable Graduation in the Challenging Situation: Perspectives from Bangladesh and the Region in the light of Doha Programme of Action (DPoA)” on 23 May 2022.



The then ERD Secretary Ms. Fatima Yasmin speaking during the side event



ESCAP Executive Secretary H.E. Ms. Armida Salsiah Alisjahbana joined the event from ESCAP headquarter in Bangkok, Thailand

The then Secretary of ERD Ms. Fatima Yasmin chaired the side event. The then Member (Secretary) of the Planning Commission of Bangladesh and present ERD Secretary Ms. Sharifa Khan delivered the keynote presentation of the event. A recorded statement of the President of ECOSOC H. E. Mr. Collen Vixen Kelapile was aired during the event. UN under Secretary General & ESCAP Executive Secretary H.E. Ms. Armida Salsiah Alisjahbana also spoke during the event. Ambassador of Bangladesh to Thailand and Cambodia and Permanent Representative of Bangladesh to UNESCAP H. E. Mr. Mohammed Abdul Hye delivered the welcome remarks.

Speakers at the event observed that there should be a specific implementation plan along with source of financing for implementing the Doha Programme of Action at the country level. Noting that the LDCs had been worst hit by the recent COVID-19 pandemic and geopolitical upheavals, it called for the continuation of LDC-specific preferences as well as the LDC-specific special and differential treatment for an extended period after a country’s exit from the LDC category.

5.4.7. Nationwide celebration of Bangladesh's LDC graduation

SSGP supported ERD in organizing a nationwide campaigning programme at the Upazilla level during late March 2022 to raise mass awareness about Bangladesh's LDC graduation journey at the grassroots level. Cultural programmes, discussion sessions, rallies and development fairs were organized around the country as part of the campaigning scheme. Various audio-visual materials like documentaries, TVCs, docudramas and theme songs based on Bangladesh's LDC graduation and development progress were screened during the programmes.



Crests are being handed over during the campaigning event on LDC graduation that took place at Choaddagram of Cumilla on 31 March 2022



Cultural programme organised as part of the campaigning event in Jeshore Sadar



Discussion session organized as part of the campaigning event at Bhuapur of Tangail



People are participating in a rally organized as part of the campaigning event at Sundargaj Upazilla of Gaibandha

5.4.8. Workshop on the proposed national budget for the fiscal year 2022-23

A peer learning workshop on the proposed national budget for the fiscal year 2022-23 was organized with the support of SSGP on 26 June 2022. Additional Secretary and Wing Chief of the Development Effectiveness Wing of ERD and Project Director of the SSGP Mr. Farid Aziz chaired the event. Officials from ERD, Ministry of Planning, IMED, and SSGP took part in the event.



Interactive Discussions during the peer learning workshop on the National Budget for FY 2022-23

Speakers at the workshop observed that the budget for FY 2022-23 had extensively highlighted the importance of smooth and sustainable graduation. However, they also opined that such emphasis should also be translated into actionable strategies.

5.5 Project Brief of "Strengthening Capacity of ERD Officials"

Project Name: Strengthening Capacity of ERD Officials

Executing Agency: Economic Relations Division, Ministry of Finance.

Implementing Agency: ADB Wing, Economic Relations Division, Ministry of Finance.

Project Implementation Duration: July 2019-June 2023.

Total estimated cost: Total estimated cost of the said project is 600.00 lac.

Name of the Development Partner: Japan, Debt Relief Grant Assistance-Counterpart Fund (DRGA-CF)

Objectives and Targets:

The overall objectives of the project are to contribute to economic development through rapid mobilization and management of foreign financing.

The specific objectives are:

- (i) To enhance professional capability of ERD and related ministries' officials through foreign training to meet the challenges of foreign assistance management.
- (ii) To improve the borrowing management; and
- (iii) To improve working environment through infrastructural development and supply of modern equipment's.

Activities in FY 2021-22:

- 2nd Training Programme was conducted virtually by SOAS University of London, UK to enhance professional capacity of ERD Officials. 20 Officials participated in the training.
- 3rd Training Programme was conducted at NIPFP, New Delhi, India to enhance professional capacity of ERD Officials. 20 Officials participated in the training.
- 02 Laptops were procured to be used by ADB Wing officers as part of the modernization of IT Equipment of the wing.
- Despite COVID-19 Pandemic, the project achieved remarkable progress which was 85.90% in FY 2021-22.

CHAPTER 6

ANNEXURE

Annexure 1

Wing wise Signed Loan and Grant Agreement list for FY 2021-2022

Wing-1: America & Japan

Annexure 1.a

1	Agreement Name	COVID-19 Crisis Response Emergency Support Loan Phase 2
	Amount and Signing Date	JPY 40,000 million (Loan), 22.11.2021
	Implementing Ministry/Division/Agency	Finance Division/HSD/MEFWD
2	Agreement Name	Dhaka Mass Rapid Transit Development Project (MRT Line 6) (5th tranche)
	Amount and Signing Date	JPY 18,285 million (Loan), 29.03.2022
	Implementing Ministry/Division/Agency	Road Transport and Highways Division/Dhaka Mass Transit Company Limited (DMTCL)
3	Agreement Name	Dhaka Mass Rapid Transit Development Project (MRT Line 5 Northern Route) (2nd tranche)
	Amount and Signing Date	JPY 133,399 million (Loan), 28.06.2022
	Implementing Ministry/Division/Agency	Road Transport and Highways Division/Dhaka Mass Transit Company Limited (DMTCL)
4	Agreement Name	Southern Chattogram Regional Development Project
	Amount and Signing Date	JPY 32,462 million (Loan), 28.06.2022
	Implementing Ministry/Division/Agency	Local Government Division/LGED
5	Agreement Name	The Project for Human Resource Development Scholarship
	Amount and Signing Date	JPY 462 million (Grant), 22.10.2021
	Implementing Ministry/Division/Agency	Economic Relations Division

6	Agreement Name	The Project for Improvement of Meteorological RADAR System in Dhaka and Rangpur
	Amount and Signing Date	JPY 128 million (Grant), 28.06.2022
	Implementing Ministry/Division/Agency	Ministry of Defence Bangladesh Meteorological Department

7	Agreement Name	The Fourth Primary Education Development Programme (PEDP IV)
	Amount and Signing Date	JPY 500 million (Grant), 22.10.2021
	Implementing Ministry/Division/Agency	Ministry of Primary & Mass Education Directorate of Primary Education

8	Agreement Name	The Project for the Improvement of Governance and Management Research and Training Facilities
	Amount and Signing Date	JPY 2,429 million (Grant), 21.10.2021
	Implementing Ministry/Division/Agency	Ministry of Public Administration BIGM

Annexure 1

Wing wise Signed Loan and Grant Agreement list for FY 2021-2022

Wing-2: World Bank Annexure 1.b

1	Agreement Name	Chattogram Water Supply Improvement and Sanitation Project-II, Project Preparation Advance (PPA) No. IDA V401-BD
	Amount and Signing Date	USD 1.70 million (Loan), 30.12.2021
	Implementing Ministry/Division/Agency	Chittagong WASA under Local Government Division (LGD)
2	Agreement Name	Enhancing Digital Government & Economy (EDGE) Project (Credit No. 6675-BD)
	Amount and Signing Date	USD 295.00 (Loan), 09.01.2022 (SUW)
	Implementing Ministry/Division/Agency	Bangladesh Computer Council under ICT Division
3	Agreement Name	Climate Smart Agriculture and Water Management Project (CSAWMP)
	Amount and Signing Date	USD 120 million, 15.03.2022
	Implementing Ministry/Division/Agency	1. Bangladesh Water Development Board (BWDB) under Ministry of Water Resources 2. Department of Agriculture Extension under Ministry of Agriculture 3. Department of Fisheries under Ministry of Fisheries and Livestock
	Loan Modality (IDA/SUF)	The loan from IDA19 Scale-Up Window (SUW). The rate of interest is Reference rate + Fixed Spread with one time Front-end Fee 0.25% of the credit amount. Commitment charge 0.25% per annum on the Undisbursed Credit Balance. The financing shall have a maturity of 35 years, including a 5-year grace period.
4	Agreement Name	Recovery and Advancement of Informal Sector Employment (RAISE) Project
	Amount and Signing Date	USD 200 million, 27.10.2021
	Implementing Ministry/Division/Agency	Wage Earners' Welfare Board (WEWB) under the Ministry of Expatriates' Welfare & Overseas Employment. Palli Karma-Sahayak Foundation (PKSF) under the Financial Institutions Division
	Loan Modality	(IDA)

5	Agreement Name	Bangladesh-First Recovery and Resilience Development Policy Credit (DPC1)
	Amount and Signing Date	USD 250 million, 18.04.2022
	Implementing Ministry/Division/Agency	Finance Division
	Loan Modality	(IDA)

6	Agreement Name	Accelerating and Strengthening Skills for Economic Transformation (ASSET) Project Cr Number 6874-BD
	Amount and Signing Date	USD 300 million, 18.10.2021
	Implementing Ministry/Division/Agency	Directorate of Technical Education under the Technical and Madrasah Education Division

7	Agreement Name	Additional Financing for Quality Learning for All Programme (QLEAP) under Fourth Primary Education Development Programme (PEDP4). GPE Grant
	Amount and Signing Date	USD 53.525 million (Grant), 30.06.2022
	Implementing Ministry/Division/Agency	Directorate of Primary Education under Ministry of Primary and Mass Education (MoPME), -Directorate of Secondary and Higher Education, Secondary and Higher Education Division (SHED), Ministry of Education (MoE); and Directorate of Technical and Madrasa Education, Technical and Madrasa Education Division, Ministry of Education (MoE).

8	Agreement Name	Electricity Distribution Modernization Programme (EDMP)
	Amount and Signing Date	500.00 (SUW) (Loan) 15.00 (Clean Technology Fund (CTF) (Grant), 29.06.2022
	Implementing Ministry/Division/Agency	Bangladesh Rural Electricity Board, Power Division

Annexure 1

Wing wise Signed Loan and Grant Agreement list for FY 2021-2022

Wing-3: Administration and Middle East Annexure 1.c

SI No.	Name of the Budget Support	Amount (Million USD)	Date of Signing	Development Partner
01	Sustainable Economic Recovery Programme (SERP)	75.00	14.02.2022	OFID
02	Inclusive and Integrated Sanitation and Hygiene Project in 10 Priority Towns in Bangladesh	56.00	20.02.2022	IsDB

SI No.	Name of the Project	Amount (Million USD)	Date of Signing	Development Partner
03	Grant Agreement for the procurement of equipment for public hospitals in Bangladesh under Covid-19 restore programme	0.05	03.09.2021	ITFC

Annexure 1
Wing wise Signed Loan and Grant Agreement list for FY 2021-2022
Wing-4: United Nations **Annexure 1.d**

1	Agreement Name	Farmers' Market- Safe horticultural crop production in peri- urban areas and marketing in Dhaka City to mitigate the impact of COVID-19 crisis
	Amount and Signing Date	USD 0.265 million (Grant), 01.07.2021
	Implementing Ministry/Division/Agency	Ministry of Agriculture
	Development Partner	FAO

2	Agreement Name	Global Action to Prevent and Address Trafficking in Persons and the Smuggling of Migrants-Bangladesh
	Amount and Signing Date	USD 2.238 (Grant), 21.11.2021
	Implementing Ministry/Division/Agency	Ministry of Agriculture
	Development Partner	UNODC

3	Agreement Name	A Path to Phased Elimination of Malaria from Bangladesh (Additional Funding)
	Amount and Signing Date	USD 10.127 (Grant), 02.11.2021
	Implementing Ministry/Division/Agency	Ministry of Health and Family Welfare, Health Services Division
	Development Partner	The Global Fund

4	Agreement Name	Integrated Tuberculosis Care and Prevention for Enhancing Case Finding, Health System Strengthening and Sustainability (Additional Funding)
	Amount and Signing Date	USD 4.776 (Grant), 02.11.2021
	Implementing Ministry/Division/Agency	Ministry of Health and Family Welfare, Health Services Division
	Development Partner	The Global Fund

5	Agreement Name	Resilience Strengthening through Agri-Food System Transformation in Cox's Bazar
	Amount and Signing Date	USD 4.560 (Grant), 30.12.2021
	Implementing Ministry/Division/Agency	Ministry of Agriculture
	Development Partner	FAO

6	Agreement Name	Sustainable Productivity in Agriculture in the Context of CSA and Agro ecology
	Amount and Signing Date	USD 0.175 (Grant), 13.03.2022
	Implementing Ministry/Division/Agency	Ministry of Agriculture
	Development Partner	FAO

7	Agreement Name	Building Climate Resilient Livelihoods in Vulnerable Landscapes in Bangladesh (BCRL)
	Amount and Signing Date	USD 8.932 (Grant), 13.03.2022
	Implementing Ministry/Division/Agency	Ministry of Environment, Forest and Climate Change
	Development Partner	FAO

8	Agreement Name	Strengthening sustainable wetland agriculture for resilient farmers livelihoods and ecosystems
	Amount and Signing Date	USD 0.067 (Grant), 13.03.2022
	Implementing Ministry/Division/Agency	Ministry of Agriculture
	Development Partner	FAO

9	Agreement Name	Technical Support to Deploy Digitization Programmes in Food and Rural Sectors and Facilitate Digital Village Pilots in Support of Rural Transformation and Achievement of SDG 1 and 2
	Amount and Signing Date	USD 0.122 (Grant), 13.03.2022
	Implementing Ministry/Division/Agency	Ministry of Agriculture
	Development Partner	FAO

10	Agreement Name	Prioritized HIV prevention services for key populations (PWID, FSWs, MSM, MSWs and hijra) in Bangladesh (Additional Funding)
	Amount and Signing Date	USD 0.543 (Grant), 02.11.2021
	Implementing Ministry/Division/Agency	Ministry of Health and Family Welfare, Health Services Division
	Development Partner	The Global Fund

11	Agreement Name	Integrated Tuberculosis Care and Prevention for Enhancing Case Finding, Health System Strengthening and Sustainability (Additional Funding)
	Amount and Signing Date	USD 23.456 (Grant), 22.05.2022
	Implementing Ministry/Division/Agency	Ministry of Health and Family Welfare, Health Services Division
	Development Partner	The Global Fund

12	Agreement Name	Increasing Capacities and Scale for Anticipatory Action Including Through Social Protection Systems
	Amount and Signing Date	USD 0.811 (Grant), 23.06.2022
	Implementing Ministry/Division/Agency	Ministry of Disaster Management and Relief
	Development Partner	FAO

13	Agreement Name	Remittance for Development in Bangladesh (R4DB) Promoting Innovation in Cross-Border Remittances and Maximizing the Development impact of Migration
	Amount and Signing Date	USD 1.85 (Grant), 26.06.2022
	Implementing Ministry/Division/Agency	Financial Institutions Division (FID)
	Development Partner	UNCDF

14	Agreement Name	Safe and Environmentally Sound Recycling in Bangladesh Phase III (SENSREC Project Phase III-Capacity Building)
	Amount and Signing Date	USD 14.00 (Grant), 15.01.2022
	Implementing Ministry/Division/Agency	Ministry of Shipping
	Development Partner	IMO

15	Agreement Name	Diagnostic Trade Integration Study Update (DTISU) Repackaged Project of Bangladesh
	Amount and Signing Date	USD 0.2 (Grant), 29.11.2021
	Implementing Ministry/Division/Agency	Ministry of Commerce
	Development Partner	UNOPS

16	Agreement Name	A Comprehensive Counter Trafficking Programme meto address Human Trafficking in Bangladesh
	Amount and Signing Date	USD 5.75 million (Grant), 30.12.2021
	Implementing Ministry/Division/Agency	Ministry of Home Affairs
	Development Partner	IOM

17	Agreement Name	Asian Regional Child Labour Programme (ARC)
	Amount and Signing Date	USD 1.2 million (Grant), 10.05.2022
	Implementing Ministry/Division/Agency	Ministry of Labour and Employment.
	Development Partner	ILO

18	Agreement Name	Support for Preparation of the Fourth National Report to Cartagena Protocol on Biosafety- ASIA-PACIFIC, GRULAC, CENTRAL AND EASTERN EUROPE REGIONS
	Amount and Signing Date	USD 0.025 million (Grant), 16.09.2021
	Implementing Ministry/Division/Agency	Department of Environment (DoE)
	Development Partner	UNEP- GEF

19	Agreement Name	Bangladesh Climate-Resilient Infrastructure and Nature-Based Solutions Investment Assessment
	Amount and Signing Date	USD 0.59 million (Grant), 02.08.2021
	Implementing Ministry/Division/Agency	Ministry of Environment, Forest and Climate Change
	Development Partner	UNOPS- GCA

Annexure 1
Wing wise Signed Loan and Grant Agreement list for FY 2021-2022
Wing-5: ADB **Annexure 1.e**

1	Agreement Name	Sustainable Economic Recovery Programme
	Amount and Signing Date	USD 250 million (Loan) (OCR), 04.10.2021
	Implementing Ministry/Division/Agency	Finance Division
	Main Objectives	Strengthening public financial management systems and improving access to finance for underserved market segments.

2	Agreement Name	SASEC Dhaka Sylhet Corridor Road Project – Tranche 1
	Amount and Signing Date	USD 400 million (Loan) (OCR), 04.10.2021
	Implementing Ministry/Division/Agency	Road Transport & Highways Division
	Main Objectives	Improve the sub-regional transport and trade through upgrading the corridor (209.33km) to a four lane standard with feature of slow moving vehicular traffic (SMVT) lane. It will also reduce Dhaka-Sylhet travel time by approximately 2 hours.

3	Agreement Name	Post COVID-19 Small Scale Employment Creation Project
	Amount and Signing Date	USD 150 million (Loan) (COL), 29.11.2021
	Implementing Ministry/Division/Agency	Finance Division
	Main Objectives	To foster recovery from the detrimental effects of COVID-19 pandemic by restoring employment, income, and economic activities. Soft loans will be provided to unemployed or underemployed youth, returning migrants, and rural entrepreneurs, with a focus on women.

4	Agreement Name	Irrigation Management Improvement Project Add. Financing
	Amount and Signing Date	USD 13.50 million (Loan) (COL), 23.12.2021
	Implementing Ministry/Division/Agency	Ministry of Water Resources
	Main Objectives	Reduce poverty by enhancing food security through increased yields of crops as well as to achieve sustainable development through effective operation and maintenance of Muhuri Irrigation Project, ensuring effective participation of beneficiaries, increasing production and effective management of water systems.

5	Agreement Name	Flood & River Bank Erosion Risk Management Investment Programme Tranche 2
	Amount and Signing Date	USD 157 million (Loan) (COL), 01.03.2022
	Implementing Ministry/Division/Agency	Ministry of Water Resources
	Main Objectives	Sustain economic growth, poverty reduction and livelihoods of people living in the areas threatened by riverbank erosion along the Jamuna & Padma Rivers and also to enhance resilience to flood & riverbank erosion risks through improvement of infrastructures

6	Agreement Name	Dhaka Environmentally Sustainable Water Supply Project – Add. Financing
	Amount and Signing Date	USD 135 million (Loan) (COL- 50; OCR- 85), 01.03.2022
	Implementing Ministry/Division/Agency	Local Government Division
	Main Objectives	Avail more surface water instead of underground water for the fulfillment of increasing demand of pure water in the Dhaka city.

7	Agreement Name	Strengthening Social Resilience Programme Sub Programme-II
	Amount and Signing Date	USD 250 million (Loan) (OCR), 14.06.2022
	Implementing Ministry/Division/Agency	Finance Division
	Main Objectives	Improvement of coverage and efficiency of social protection; Improvement of financial inclusion of disadvantaged people; Strengthening response to life-cycle social and health needs.

8	Agreement Name	SASEC Integrated Trade Facilitation Sector Development Programme
	Amount and Signing Date	USD 143 million (Loan) (COL), 15.06.2022
	Implementing Ministry/Division/Agency	National Board of Revenue (NBR), MoC & BLPA.
	Main Objectives	To take policy actions in order to comply with World Trade Organization (WTO) Trade Facilitation Agreement (TFA) & implement Customs Modernization Strategic Action Plan, 2019- 2022.

9	Agreement Name	Emergency Assistance Project- Additional Financing
	Amount and Signing Date	USD 30 million (Loan) (COL), 29.06.2022
	Implementing Ministry/Division/Agency	Local Government Division
	Main Objectives	Establish safe & eco-friendly 80.76 km road link between Cox's Bazar & Teknaf in order to facilitate movement of communication, commodity & goods for purpose of socio-economic development

10	Agreement Name	Support for Health Care Improvement Project
	Amount and Signing Date	USD 1 million (TA), 29.12.2021
	Implementing Ministry/Division/Agency	Health Services Division
	Main Objectives	Project readiness for “Support for Health Care Improvement Project” & to assist in the implementation of ongoing “Responsive COVID-19 Vaccines for Recovery Project under the Asia Pacific Vaccine Access Facility”

11	Agreement Name	Updating the Revised Strategic Transport Plan for Dhaka
	Amount and Signing Date	USD 2.88 million (TA), 29.12.2021
	Implementing Ministry/Division/Agency	Road Transport & Highways Division
	Main Objectives	Planning and programming of urban transport services in Dhaka improved. To achieve this, the TA will (i) update the revised strategic transport plan for Dhaka; and (ii) enhance planning capacity in the urban transport sector of Dhaka.

12	Agreement Name	Support to Southwest Area Integrated Water Resources Planning and Management Project- Add. Financing
	Amount and Signing Date	USD 1 million (TA), 28.12.2021
	Implementing Ministry/Division/Agency	Ministry of Water Resources
	Main Objectives	To support the government in project preparatory activities for the ensuing project and additional capacity building activities under the ongoing project; To develop rural livelihoods action plan; and To strengthen the capacity of water management organizations and beneficiary groups.

13	Agreement Name	Capacity Development for Post COVID-19 Small-Scale Employment Creation
	Amount and Signing Date	USD 0.90 million (TA), 13.12.2021
	Implementing Ministry/Division/Agency	Finance Division
	Main Objectives	To help strengthen the institutional capacity of Bangladesh Bank and PFIs and will support the project implementation.
14	Agreement Name	Institutional Strengthening of Roads and Highways Department on Road Safety and Maintenance
	Amount and Signing Date	USD 3.00 million (TA), 03.01.2022
	Implementing Ministry/Division/Agency	Road Transport & Highways Division
	Main Objectives	Institutional Strengthening of Roads and Highways Department on Road Safety and Maintenance.
15	Agreement Name	Flood & River Bank Erosion Risk Management Investment Programme Tranch 2
	Amount and Signing Date	USD 17.89 million (Grant), 01.03.2022
	Implementing Ministry/Division/Agency	Ministry of Water Resources
	Main Objectives	Sustain economic growth, poverty reduction and livelihoods of people living in the areas threatened by riverbank erosion along the Jamuna & Padma Rivers and also to enhance resilience to flood & riverbank erosion risks through improvement of infrastructures
16	Agreement Name	Dhaka Environmentally Sustainable Water Supply Project – Additional Financing
	Amount and Signing Date	USD 5.00 million (Grant), 01.03.2022
	Implementing Ministry/Division/Agency	Local Government Division
	Main Objectives	Avail more surface water instead of underground water for the fulfillment of increasing demand of pure water in the Dhaka city.
17	Agreement Name	Emergency Assistance Project- Additional Financing
	Amount and Signing	USD 41.40 million (Grant), 29.06.2022
	Implementing Division	Local Government Division
	Main Objectives	To provide food, water, health care and temporary accommodation to the forcibly displaced Myanmar nationals (FDMN) who have taken refuge in Bangladesh and also to develop necessary infrastructure for delivery of various humanitarian assistance by national and international organizations.

Annexure 1
Wing wise Signed Loan and Grant Agreement list for FY 2021-2022
Wing-7: Europe **Annexure-1.f**

1	Agreement Name	Financial assistance to energy efficiency, renewable energy and women entrepreneurship linked projects (BIFFL)
	Amount and Signing Date	USD 59.36 (Million), 12.08. 2021
	Implementing Ministry/Division/Agency	Energy and Mineral Resources Division
	Development Partner	AFD

2	Agreement Name	Digitalization of the Bhomra Land Port
	Amount and Signing Date	USD 1.14 Million (Grant), 20.06.2022
	Implementing Ministry/Division/Agency	Ministry of Shipping
	Development Partner	SDC

3	Agreement Name	Health Budget Support FEXTE
	Amount and Signing Date	USD 0.74 million (Grant), 29.06.2022
	Implementing Ministry/Division/Agency	Health Service Division
	Development Partner	AFD

4	Agreement Name	Vaccination and Health Sector Budget Support
	Amount and Signing Date	USD 236.85 million (Loan), 10.11.2021
	Implementing Ministry/Division/Agency	Health Service Division
	Development Partner	AFD

5	Agreement Name	Dhaka Environmentally Sustainable Water Supply project (DESWSP)
	Amount and Signing Date	USD 153.95 million (Loan), 10.11.2021
	Implementing Ministry/Division/Agency	LGD
	Development Partner	AFD

6	Agreement Name	Modernization of Power Distribution-Smart Grids Phase 1
	Amount and Signing Date	USD 119.58 million (Loan), 25.10.2021
	Implementing Ministry/Division/Agency	Power Division
	Development Partner	KfW

7	Agreement Name	Programme for Sustainability in the Textile and Leather Sector' (STILE)
	Amount and Signing Date	USD 7.97 million (Grant), 08.07.2021
	Implementing Ministry/Division/Agency	Ministry of Commerce
	Development Partner	GIZ

8	Agreement Name	Climate Resilient Inclusive Smart Cities (CRISC)
	Amount and Signing Date	USD 4.98 million (Grant), 15.11.2021
	Implementing Ministry/Division/Agency	Local Government Division
	Development Partner	GIZ

9	Agreement Name	Strengthening Access to Justice and Legal Reforms (SAJLeR)
	Amount and Signing Date	USD 8.14 million (Grant), 13.12.2021
	Implementing Ministry/Division/Agency	Law and Justice Division
	Development Partner	GIZ

10	Agreement Name	Improved Coordination of International Climate Finance (ICICF)
	Amount and Signing Date	USD 3.49 million (Grant), 21.06.2022
	Implementing Ministry/Division/Agency	ERD
	Development Partner	GIZ

11	Agreement Name	Urban Climate Resilient Infrastructure Project (UCRIP)
	Amount and Signing Date	USD .73 million (Grant), 03.03.2022
	Implementing Ministry/Division/Agency	Local Government Division
	Development Partner	KfW

12	Agreement Name	“Water as Leverage, Natural Drainage Solutions for Khulna City” Local Government Division (Khulna City Corporation)
	Amount and Signing Date	USD 0.91 million (Grant), 27.12.2021
	Implementing Ministry/Division/Agency	Local Government Division (Khulna City Corporation)
	Development Partner	Netherlands

13	Agreement Name	Supporting Host and Forcibly Displaced Myanmar Nationals Communities (SHFDMNC)
	Amount and Signing Date	USD 7.97 million (Grant), 13.12.2021 (Additional Amount)
	Implementing Ministry/Division/Agency	Ministry of Disaster Management and Relief
	Development Partner	GIZ

14	Agreement Name	Promoting Justice for all: A more inclusive and effective Justice System in Bangladesh
	Amount and Signing Date	Euro 38.00 (Grant), 27.06.2022
	Implementing Ministry/Division/Agency	(1) Local Government Division and (2) Legislative and Parliamentary Affairs Division
	Development Partner	EU

15	Agreement Name	Bangladesh Covid -19 Public Health Programme
	Amount and Signing Date	Euro 250.00, 02.12.2020
	Implementing Ministry/Division/Agency	(1) Health Services Division and (2) Finance Division
	Development Partner	EIB

Annexure 1
Wing wise Signed Loan and Grant Agreement list for FY 2021-2022
Wing-8: Asia, JEC and F&F Annexure- 1.g

1	Agreement Name	Technical Assistant Project with Feasibility Study for Madunaghat-Bhulta 765 KV Transmission Line Project
	Amount and Signing Date	USD 3.29 million (Grant), 31.08.2021
	Implementing Ministry/Division/Agency	Power Division/ Power Grid Company of Bangladesh Ltd.
	Development Partner	AIIB

2	Agreement Name	Technical Assistance Project on Integrated Solid Waste Management Improvement Project
	Amount and Signing Date	USD 2.00 million (Grant), 30.09.2021
	Implementing Ministry/Division/Agency	LGD/Local Government Engineering Department
	Development Partner	AIIB

3	Agreement Name	Sustainable Economic Recovery Programme (Subprogramme-1)
	Amount and Signing Date	USD 250 million (Loan), 22.10.2021
	Implementing Ministry/Division/Agency	Finance Division
	Development Partner	AIIB

4	Agreement Name	Construction of Kewatkhali Bridge at Mymensingh Project
	Amount and Signing Date	USD 260 million (Loan), 01.11.2021
	Implementing Ministry/Division/Agency	RT&HD/Roads and Highways Department
	Development Partner	AIIB

5	Agreement Name	IDCOL Multi-Sector On-Lending Facility Project
	Amount and Signing Date	USD 200 million (Loan), 26.04.2022
	Implementing Ministry/Division/Agency	Ministry of Finance/IDCOL
	Development Partner	AIIB

6	Agreement Name	Addendum to the Financing Agreement of "The Extended Development Work of Shilaidaha Rabindra Kuthibari, Shilaidaha"
	Amount and Signing Date	USD 0.16 million (Grant), 23.11.2021
	Implementing Ministry/Division/Agency	Ministry of Cultural Affairs/Department of Archeology
	Development Partner	India

7	Agreement Name	Memorandum of Understanding of "Construction of Fine Arts Faculty Building at Jahangirnagar University"
	Amount and Signing Date	USD 5.77 million (Grant), 15.12.2021
	Implementing Ministry/Division/Agency	Ministry of Education/University Grant Commission
	Development Partner	India

Annexure 2

Wing wise ongoing Project list for FY 2021-22

Wing-1: Japan & America

Annexure-2.a

Sl.	Name of Project Implementing Ministry/ Division Executing Agency	DP	Type Loan/ Grant	Commitment		Date of Signing
				Currency	Amount (Million)	
1	Matarbari Ultra Super Critical Coal-Fired Power Project (I) (BD-P88) Implementing Ministry/ Division: Power Division and Road Transport and Highways Division Executing Agencies: The Coal Power Generation Company Bangladesh Limited (CPGCBL), Power Grid Company of Bangladesh Limited (PGCB) and Road and Highways Department (RHD)	JICA	Loan	Japanese Yen	37,821	29.06.2016
	Matarbari Ultra Super Critical Coal-Fired Power Project III (BD-P96)	JICA	Loan	Japanese Yen	10,745	29.06.2017
	Matarbari Ultra Super Critical Coal-Fired Power Project IV (BD-P103)	JICA	Loan	Japanese Yen	67,311	14.06.2018
	Matarbari Ultra Super Critical Coal-Fired Power Project (V) (BD-106)	JICA	Loan	Japanese Yen	143,127	30.06.2019
	Matarbari Ultra Super Critical Coal-Fired Power Project (VI) (BD-118)	JICA	Loan	Japanese Yen	137,252	22.11.2021
2	Dhaka Mass Rapid Transit Development Project (MRT-Line 6) (III) (BD-P102) Road Transport and Highways Division/Dhaka Mass Transit Company Limited	JICA	Loan	Japanese Yen	79,271	14.06.2018
	Dhaka Mass Rapid Transit Development Project (MRT line 6) (IV) (BD-P112)	JICA	Loan	Japanese Yen	72,194	12.08.2020

Sl.	Name of Project Implementing Ministry/ Division Executing Agency	DP	Type Loan/ Grant	Commitment		Date of Signing
				Currency	Amount (Million)	
	Dhaka Mass Rapid Transit Development Project (MRT line 6 (V) (BD-P119)				18,285	29.03.2022
3	Dhaka Mass Rapid Transit Development Project (Line 1) (E/S) (BD-P95) Road Transport and Highways Division/ Dhaka Mass Transit Company Limited	JICA	Loan	Japanese Yen	5,593	29.06.2017
4	Dhaka Mass Rapid Transit Development Project (Line 1) (I) (BD-P107) Road Transport and Highways Division/Dhaka Mass Transit Company Limited	JICA	Loan	Japanese Yen	52,570	29.05.2019
	Dhaka Mass Rapid Transit Development Project (Line 1) (II) (BD-P117)	JICA	Loan	Japanese Yen	115,027	22.11.2021
5	Dhaka Mass Rapid Transit Development Project (Line 5) (E/S) (BD-P101) Road Transport and Highways Division/Dhaka Mass Transit Company Limited	JICA	Loan	Japanese Yen	7,358	14.06.2018
	Dhaka Mass Rapid Transit Development Project (Line- 5 Northern Route) (I) (BD-P113)	JICA	Loan	Japanese Yen	55,696	12.08.2020
	Dhaka Mass Rapid Transit Development Project (Line 5 Northern Route) (II) (BD-P121)	JICA	Loan	Japanese Yen	133,399	28.06.2022
6	Cross-Border Road Network Improvement Project (Bangladesh) (BD-P89) Road Transport and Highways Division/Roads and Highways Department	JICA	Loan	Japanese Yen	28,698	29.06.2016
7	Kanchpur, Meghna and Gumti 2nd Bridges Construction Project(II) (BD-P94) Road Transport and Highways	JICA	Loan	Japanese Yen	52,730	29.06.2017

Sl.	Name of Project Implementing Ministry/ Division Executing Agency	DP	Type Loan/ Grant	Commitment		Date of Signing
				Currency	Amount (Million)	
	Division/Roads and Highways Department					
8	Western Bangladesh Bridge Improvement Project(BD-P82) Road Transport and Highways Division/Roads and Highways Department	JICA	Loan	Japanese Yen	29,340	13.12.2015
9	Jamuna Railway Bridge Construction Project (E/S) (BD- P92), Ministry of Railways/ Bangladesh Railway	JICA	Loan	Japanese Yen	2,464	29.06.2016
	Jamuna Railway Bridge Construction Project (I) (BD-P100)	JICA	Loan	Japanese Yen	37,217	14.06. 2018
	Jamuna Railway Bridge Construction Project (II) (BD- P110)	JICA	Loan	Japanese Yen	89,016	12.08.2020
10	Hazrat Shahjalal International Airport Expansion Project (II) (BD- P93) Ministry of Civil Aviation and Tourism/Civil Aviation Authority of Bangladesh	JICA	Loan	Japanese Yen	76,825	29.06.2017
	Hazrat Shahjalal International Airport Expansion Project (II) (BD- P111)	JICA	Loan	Japanese Yen	80,000	12.08.2020
11	Matarbari Port Development Project (E/S) (BD-P99) Ministry of Shipping/Chittagong Port Authority (CPA) and Roads and Highways Department	JICA	Loan	Japanese Yen	2,655	14.06.018
	Matarbari Port Development Project (I) (BD-P105)	JICA	Loan	Japanese Yen	38,866	29.05.2019
12	National Power Transmission Network Development Project (BD-P70) Ministry of Power/Power Grid Company of Bangladesh Ltd. (PGCB)	JICA	Loan	Japanese Yen	18,736	20.02.2013

Sl.	Name of Project Implementing Ministry/ Division Executing Agency	DP	Type Loan/ Grant	Commitment		Date of Signing
				Currency	Amount (Million)	
13	Dhaka-Chittagong main Power Grid Strengthening Project (BD- P81) Power Division/ PGCB	JICA	Loan	Japanese	43,769	13.12.2015
14	Bheramara Combined Cycle Power Plant Development Project (BD- P71) Power Division/North-West Power Generation Co. of Bangladesh Ltd. (NWPGL)	JICA	Loan	Japanese Yen	41,480	20.02.2013
15	Energy Efficiency and Conservation Promotion Project (BD-P90) Power Division/ Sustainable and Renewable Energy Development Authority (SREDA), Bangladesh Infrastructure Finance Fund Limited (BIFFL) and Infrastructure Development Company Limited (IDCOL).	JICA	Loan	Japanese Yen	11,988	29.06.2016
16	Energy Efficiency and Conservation Promotion Project (II) (BD-P109)	JICA	Loan	Japanese Yen	20,076	29.05.2019
17	Dhaka Underground Substation Construction Project (BD-P97) Power Division/DESCO, DPDC	JICA	Loan	Japanese Yen	20,477	29.06.2017
18	Foreign Direct Investment Promotion Project (BD-P86) Prime Minister's Office and Bank and Financial Institutions Division/ BEZA, Bangladesh Bank	JICA	Loan	Japanese Yen	15,825	13.12.2015
	Foreign Direct Investment Promotion Project (II) (BD-P108)	JICA	Loan	Japanese Yen	21,147	29.05.2019
19	Small and Marginal Sized Farmers Agricultural Productivity Improvement and Diversification Financing Project (BD-P77) Financial Institutions Division/ Bangladesh Bank	JICA	Loan	Japanese Yen	9,930	16.06.2014

Sl.	Name of Project Implementing Ministry/ Division Executing Agency	DP	Type Loan/ Grant	Commitment		Date of Signing
				Currency	Amount (Million)	
20	Natural Gas Efficiency Project (BD-P78) Energy and Mineral Resources Division/ BGFCL, GTCL, TGDCL, KGDCL	JICA	Loan	Japanese Yen	23,598	16.06.2014
21	Karnaphuli Water Supply Project (Phase 2) ((BD-P73) Local Government Division/CWASA	JICA	Loan	Japanese Yen	34,847	10.03.2013
22	Northern Bangladesh Integrated Development Project ((BD-P74) Local Government Division/Local Government Engineering Department	JICA	Loan	Japanese Yen	20,556	10 .03.2013
23	Inclusive City Governance Project (BD-P79) Local Government Division/Local Government Engineering Department	JICA	Loan	Japanese Yen	30,690	16.06. 2014
24	Upazila Governance and Development Project (BD-P85) Local Government Division/LGED	JICA	Loan	Japanese Yen	14,725	13.12.2015
25	Small Scale Water Resources Development Project (Phase 2) (BD-P98) Local Government Division/LGED	JICA	Loan	Japanese Yen	11,853	29.06.2017
26	Haor Flood Management and Livelihood Improvement Project (BD-P80) Ministry of Water Resources and Local Government Division/ BWDB, LGED	JICA	Loan	Japanese Yen	15,270	16.06.2014
27	Disaster Risk Management Enhancement Project(BD-P91) Ministry of Disaster Management and Relief/ DDM, LGED, BWDB	JICA	Loan	Japanese Yen	16,996	29.06.2016
28	Urban Building Safety Project (BD- P84) Ministry of Housing and Public Works/PWD, BB	JICA	Loan	Japanese Yen	12,086	13.12.2015

Sl.	Name of Project Implementing Ministry/ Division Executing Agency	DP	Type Loan/ Grant	Commitment		Date of Signing
				Currency	Amount (Million)	
29	MNCH and Health System Improvement Project (BD-P83) Health Services Division/Directorate General of Health Services (DGHS)	JICA	Loan	Japanese Yen	17,520	13.12.2015
30	Health Services Strengthening Project (BD-P104) Health Services Division/ DGHS	JICA	Loan	Japanese Yen	6,559	14.06.2018
31	Food Value Chain Improvement Project (BD-P115) Finance Division/Bangladesh Infrastructure Finance Fund Limited (BIFFL)	JICA	Loan	Japanese Yen	11,218	12.08.2021
32	Urban Development and City Governance Improvement Project (BD-P116) Local Government Division/ LGED	JICA	Loan	Japanese Yen	28,217	12.08.2021
33	COVID-19 Crisis Response Emergency Support Loan Phase 2 (BD-C 22) Finance Division	JICA	Loan	Japanese Yen	40,000	22.11.2021
34	'Project of Enhancing DPHE Capacity in Aquifer Investigation through Deep drilling in Technically difficult areas of Cox's Bazar' [under "Economic and Social Development Programme."] Local Government Division Department of Public Health Engineering	JICA	Grant	Japanese Yen	500	27.01.2020
35	The Project for Human Resource Development Scholarship Economic Relations Division	JICA	Grant	Japanese Yen	5,981 + 462 = 6,443	24.11.2001 To 22.10.2021

SI	Name of Project Implementing Ministry/Division/Executing Agency	DP	Type Loan/ Grant	Commitment		Date of Signing
				Currency	Amount (Million)	
36	The Project for Improvement of Meteorological RADAR System in Dhaka and Rangpur Ministry of Defence Bangladesh Meteorological Department	JICA	Grant	Japanese Yen	24 + 2881 + 128 = 3,033	18.03.2015, 24.06.2015 and 28.06.2022
37	Procurement of Saline Water Treatment Plant (2ton truck mounted) (“Improvement of Capabilities to Cope with Natural Disasters Caused by Climate Change”) Ministry of Disaster Management & Relief Department of Public Health Engineering (DPHE)	JICA	Grant	Japanese Yen	1,500	25.04.2010
38	“Enhancement of Capacity of Civil Aviation Authority of Bangladesh on Public Security at Hazrat Shahjalal International Airport” [under “Economic and Social Development Programme.”] Ministry of Civil Aviation and Tourism	JICA	Grant	Japanese Yen	500	30.03.2017
39	“Enhancement the Capacity of Dhaka Metropolitan Police on Counter terrorism and Public Security” [under “Economic and Social Development Programme.”] Public Security Division	JICA	Grant	Japanese Yen	500	30.03.2017
40	“The Project for Improvement of Rescue Capacities in the Coastal and Inland Waters” Public Security Division Bangladesh Coast Guard	JICA	Grant	Japanese Yen	2,729	27.08.2018
41	The Fourth Primary Education Development Programme (PEDP IV) Ministry of Primary & Mass Education Directorate of Primary Education	JICA	Grant	Japanese Yen	500+500+500 = 1,500	10.12.2018, 27.08.2020 and 22.10.2021

SI	Name of Project Implementing Ministry/Division/Executing Agency	DP	Type Loan/ Grant	Commitment		Date of Signing
				Currency	Amount (Million)	
42	The Project for the Densification of Global Navigation Satellite System Continuously Operating Reference Station Network and the Modernization of Tidal Stations in Bangladesh Ministry of Defence Survey of Bangladesh	JICA	Grant	Japan ese Yen	1,258	30.06.2019
43	“Economic and Social Development Programme.” Ministry of Home Affairs Public Security Division	JICA	Grant	Japan ese Yen	500	24.07.2017
44	The Project for the Improvement of Governance and Management Research and Training Facilities Ministry of Public Administration BIGM	JICA	Grant	Japan ese Yen	2,429	22.10.2021
45	The Project for Technical Development to Upgrade Structural Integrity of Buildings in Densely Populated Urban Areas and its Strategic Implementation Towards Resilient Cities in Bangladesh (SATREPS) Ministry of Housing and Public Works Housing and Building Research Institute	JICA	Grant (TA)	-	-	-
46	The Project for Improvement of Design and Construction Quality for Resilience of Private Building Ministry of Housing and Public Works Rajdhani Unnayan Kartripokkha (RAJUK)	JICA	Grant (TA)	-	-	-
47	Project for Development of Policy and Guidelines for Transit Oriented Development along Mass Transit Corridors Ministry of Housing and Public Works Rajdhani Unnayan Kartripokkha (RAJUK)	JICA	Grant (TA)	-	-	-
48	Dhaka Integrated Traffic Management Project Roads and Highways Division Ministry of Road Transport and Bridges.	JICA	Grant (TA)	-	-	-

SI	Name of Project Implementing Ministry/Division/Executing Agency	DP	Type Loan/ Grant	Commitment		Date of Signing
				Currency	Amount (Million)	
49	Project for Establishment of Clearing House for Integrating Transport Ticketing System in Dhaka City Area (Phase II). Roads and Highways Division Ministry of Road Transport and Bridges. Dhaka Transport Coordination Authority	JICA	Grant (TA)	-	-	-
50	The project on Technical Assistance for Mass Rapid Transit Safety Management System of Line 6 Roads and Highways Division Ministry of Road Transport and Bridges. Dhaka Mass Transit Company Limited	JICA	Grant (TA)	-	-	-
51	The project for Capacity Development of Managing and Controlling Overloaded Vehicles Roads and Highways Division Ministry of Road Transport and Bridges. Roads and Highways Department	JICA	Grant (TA)	-	-	-
52	Project for Strengthening Health Systems through Organizing Communities (SHASTO) Health Services Division Ministry of Health and Family Welfare	JICA	Grant (TA)	-	-	-
53	Project for Capacity Building of Nursing Services Phase II Medical Education and Family Welfare Division/ Directorate General of Nursing and Midwifery Ministry of Health and Family Welfare	JICA	Grant (TA)	-	-	-
54	The Project for Improvement of Comprehensive Management Capacity of DPHE on Water Supply (Phase 2) Department of Public Health Engineering/Local Government Division	JICA	Grant (TA)	-	-	-
55	The project for Strengthening of Solid Waste Management in Dhaka North City, Dhaka South City and	JICA	Grant (TA)	-	-	-

SI	Name of Project Implementing Ministry/Division/Executing Agency	DP	Type Loan/ Grant	Commitment		Date of Signing
				Currency	Amount (Million)	
	Chittagong City. Dhaka North and South City Corporation, Chittagong City Corporation/ Local Government Division					
56	Project for Strengthening Capacity for City Corporations Local Government Division	JICA	Grant (TA)	-	-	-
57	Upazila Integrated Capacity Development Project Local Government Division	JICA	Grant (TA)	-	-	-
58	The Project for Skill's development of ICT Engineers Targeting Japanese Market Bangladesh Computer Council ICT Division	JICA	Grant (TA)	-	-	-
59	Project for Formulation of Integrated Energy and Power Master Plan Power Division/Energy and Mineral Resources Division Ministry of Power, Energy and Mineral Resources	JICA	Grant (TA)	-	-	-
60	National Integrity Strategy (NIS) Support Project (Phase II) Cabinet Division	JICA	Grant (TA)	-	-	-
61	The Project for Improving Ground Handling Capacity at Hazrat Shahjalal International Airport Ministry of Civil Aviation and Tourism	JICA	Grant (TA)	-	-	-
62	Project for Capacity Building of zoo management and animal's disease diagnosis, treatment, prevention and control Bangladesh National Zoo/ Ministry of Fisheries and Livestock	JICA	Grant (TA)	-	-	-
63	Fisheries Livelihood Enhancement Project in the Coastal Area of the Bay of Bengal Department of Fisheries/Ministry of Fisheries and Livestock	JICA	Grant (TA)	-	-	-
64	Project for Establishment of national Spatial Data Infrastructure (NSDI) for Bangladesh, Survey of Bangladesh/	JICA	Grant (TA)	-	-	-

SI	Name of Project Implementing Ministry/Division/Executing Agency	DP	Type Loan/ Grant	Commitment		Date of Signing
				Currency	Amount (Million)	
	Ministry of Defence					
65	The Project for Strengthening the Capacity of Weather and Climate Services Bangladesh Meteorological Department/Ministry of Defence	JICA	Grant (TA)	-	-	-
66	Project for Developing Risk Mitigation Programme for Sustainable Poverty Reduction Palli Karma-Sahayak Foundation (PKSF)/Bank and Financial Institutions Division	JICA	Grant (TA)	-	-	-
67	JICA Support Programme 3 for Strengthening Mathematics and Science in Primary Education Project Directorate of Primary Education/ Ministry of Primary and Mass Education	JICA	Grant (TA)	-	-	-
68	Project for Strengthening of Crime Prevention Capacity of Bangladesh Police Bangladesh Police/Ministry of Home Affairs	JICA	Grant (TA)	-	-	-
69	Dhaka Road Traffic Safety Project Dhaka Metropolitan Police/Public Security Division	JICA	Grant (TA)	-	-	-
70	Strengthening Public Investment Management System (SPIMS) Project Phase 2, Planning Commission/ Programming Division	JICA	Grant (TA)	-	-	-
71	Project on Capacity Development for the Implementation of Bangladesh Delta Plan 2100 Planning Commission/ General Economics Division	JICA	Grant (TA)	-	-	-
72	The Project for Gas Network System Digitalization and Improvement of Operational Efficiency in Gas Sector Energy and Mineral Resources Division	JICA	Grant (TA)	-	-	-
73	The Project for Capacity Enhancement on Formulation and Implementation of Local Disaster Risk Reduction Plan Department of Disaster Management	JICA	Grant (TA)	-	-	-

SI	Name of Project Implementing Ministry/Division/Executing Agency	DP	Type Loan/ Grant	Commitment		Date of Signing
				Currency	Amount (Million)	
	Ministry of Disaster Management and Relief					
74	Project for Planning Capacity Enhancement and Establishment of a Technology Adaptation Cycle on Comprehensive Nodi (River) Management Bangladesh Water Development Board Ministry of Water Resources	JICA	Grant (TA)	-	-	-
75	The Project for Strengthening the inspection, regulatory and coordinating function of the Bangladesh Food Safety Authority Bangladesh Food Safety Authority Ministry of Food	JICA	Grant (TA)	-	-	-
76	The Market-oriented Agriculture Promotion Project for Smallholder Horticulture Farmers through Multi-stakeholder Partnerships (Bangla-SHEP). Department of Agriculture Extension Ministry of Agriculture	JICA	Grant (TA)	-	-	-
77	The Project for Capacity Development, on Operation, Maintenance and Management in Matarbari Port. Chittagong Port Authority Ministry of Shipping	JICA	Grant (TA)	-	-	-
78	Project for Promoting Investment and Enhancing Industrial Competitiveness Bangladesh Industrial Technical Assistance Centre (BITAC)/ Small and Medium Enterprise Foundation (SMEF)/ Bangladesh Economic Zones Authority (BEZA)/ and Bangladesh Investment Development Authority (BIDA) Prime Minister's Office and Ministry of Industries	JICA	Grant (TA)	-	-	-
79	The Project for Capacity Building of BEZA on EZ Management and Investment Promotion Bangladesh Economic Zones Authority Prime Minister's Office	JICA	Grant (TA)	-	-	-

80	The Project for Improvement of Technical Education for Industrial Human Resources Development. Directorate of Technical Education (DTE) Ministry of Education/ Technical and Madrasah Education Division	JICA	Grant (TA)	-	-	-
81	Capacity Enhancement of the Core Courses of BPATC (01.07.2016-31.12.2022) BPATC, Ministry of Public Administration	JICA	DRGA-CF	Tk.	5000.00	-
82	Project for Construction of a Dual Gauge Line parallel to the existing Meter Gauge Line in Dhaka-Narayangonj Section (01.07.2014-31.12.2022) Ministry of Railways	JICA	DRGA-CF	Tk.	37865.57 (GoB 12911.06 DRGA-CF 24954.51)	-
83	Safe Motherhood Promotion-operations Research on Safe Motherhood and Newborn Survival (01.07.2015-30.06.2022) ICDDR'b, Health Services Division	JICA	DRGA-CF	Tk.	3248.97	-
84	Support to Sustainable Graduation Project (01.12.2018-30.06.2024) Economic Relations Division Ministry of Finance	JICA	DRGA-CF	Tk.	13475.00 (DRGA-CF 9010.40)	-
85	Strengthening Capacity of ERD Officials (July 2019-June 2023) Economic Relations Division Ministry of Finance	JICA	DRGA-CF	Tk.	600.00	-
86	Strengthening Institutional Capacity of BIAM for Conducting Core Courses. (01.07.2019-30.06.2023) BIAM Ministry of Public Administration	JICA	DRGA-CF	Tk.	4771.65	-
87	Scaling up an integrated intervention package to reduce maternal and neonatal morbidity and mortality in rural Bangladesh (01.01.2018-31.12.2022) Health Services Division, ICDDR'B	JICA	DRGA and DRGA-CF	Tk.	655.00 (DRGA-555.00 DRGA-CF-100.00)	-

Sl.	Name of Project Implementing Ministry/Division/Executing Agency	DP	Type Loan/ Grant	Commitment		Date of Signing
				Currency	Amount (Million)	
88	Procurement of Medical Equipment's for National Heart Foundation of Bangladesh (April 2019-December 2021) Health Services Division National Heart Foundation	JICA	DRGA and DRGA- CF	Tk.	655.00 (DRGA- 555.00 DRGA- CF- 100.00)	-

Annexure-2

Wing wise ongoing Project list for FY 2021-22

Wing-2: World Bank

Annexure-2.b

Sl.	Name of Project Implementing Ministry/ Division Executing Agency	DP	Type Loan/ Grant	Commitment		Date of Signing
				Currency	Amount (Million)	
1	Second Rural Transport Improvement Project (RTIP-II) Additional Financing (AF) Local Government Division (LGD)	WB (IDA)	Loan	USD	302.00 100.00 (AF)	23.09.2012 06.12.2018
2	Municipal Governance and Services Project (MGSP) Local Government Division (LGD)	WB (IDA)	Loan	USD	410.00	10.02.2014
3	Multipurpose Disaster Shelter Project (MDSP) Local Government Division (LGD)	WB (IDA)	Loan	USD	375.00	26.01.2015
4	Income Support Programme for the Poorest (ISPP) Local Government Division (LGD)	WB (IDA)	Loan	USD	300.00	09.02.2015
5	Local Governance Support Project (LGSP-III) Local Government Division (LGD)	WB (IDA)	Loan	USD	300.00	06.03.2017
6	Bangladesh Weather and Climate Services Regional Project Ministry of Defense, Ministry of Water Resources and Ministry of Agriculture	WB (IDA)	Loan	USD	113.00	18.04.2017
7	Digitizing Implementation Monitoring and Public Procurement (DIMAPP) Project Additional Financing (AF)	WB (IDA)	Loan	USD	55.00 40.00 (AF)	29.08.2017 12.04.2021

Sl.	Name of Project Implementing Ministry/ Division Executing Agency	DP	Type Loan/ Grant	Commitment		Date of Signing
				Currency	Amount (Million)	
8	National Strategy for Development of Statistics Implementation Support Project (NSDS) Bangladesh Bureau of Statistics (BBS)	WB (IDA)	Loan	USD	15.00	28.06.2018
9	Operation for Supporting Rural Bridges Local Government Division (LGD)	WB (IDA)	Loan	USD	425.00	06.12.2018
10	Emergency Multi-Sector Rohingya Crisis Response Project Additional Financing (AF) LGED, DPHE	WB (IDA)	Grant	USD	165.00 100.00 (AF)	08.05.2019 19.11.2020
11	Bangladesh Municipal Water Supply and Sanitation Project (BMWSSP) Local Government Division (LGD)	WB (IDA)	Loan	USD	100.00	30.10.2019
12	Dhaka Sanitation Improvement Project (DSIP) Local Government Division (LGD)	WB (IDA)	Loan	USD	170.00	30.06.2020
13	Western Economic Corridor and Regional Enhancement Programme (WeCARE) Phase-I RTHD & LGD	WB (IDA)	Loan	USD	500.00	01.02.2021
14	Rural Water, Sanitation and Hygiene for Human Capital Development Project DPHE & PKSf	WB (IDA)	Loan	USD	200.00	09.02.2021
15	Chattogram Water Supply Improvement and Sanitation Project-II, (PPA)	WB (IDA)	Loan	USD	1.70	30.12.2021
16	Enhancing Digital Government & Economy (EDGE) Project	WB (IDA- SUW)	Loan	USD	295.00	09.01.2022

Sl.	Name of Project Implementing Ministry/ Division Executing Agency	DP	Type Loan/ Grant	Commitment		Date of Signing
				Currency	Amount (Million)	
17	Climate Smart Agriculture and Water Management Project Ministry of Water Resources Ministry of Fisheries and Livestock Ministry of Agriculture	WB (SUW)	Loan	USD	120.00	15.03.2022
18	Coastal Embankment Improvement Project (CEIP) Phase-I Ministry of Water Resources	WB (IDA)	Loan	USD	375.00	01.10.2013
19	Livestock and Dairy Development Project Ministry of Fisheries and Livestock	WB (IDA)	Loan	USD	500.00	19.12.2018
20	Modern Food Storage Facilities Project (MFSFP) Ministry of Food Additional Financing (AF)	WB (IDA)	Loan	USD	210.00 202.00 (AF)	07.04.2014 19.10.2022
21	National Agricultural Technology Programme (NAPT- 2) Ministry of Agriculture Ministry of Fisheries and Livestock	WB (IDA)	Loan	USD	176.06	24.05.2016
22	Safety Net Systems for the Poorest (SNSP) Ministry of Disaster Management and Relief Statistics and Informatics Division Additional Financing (AF) Second Additional Financing (AF)	WB (IDA)	Loan Loan Grant	USD	500.00 245.00 (AF) 100.00 (2 nd AF)	04.10.2013 09.01.2018 21.09.2020
23	Sustainable Coastal and Marine Fisheries (SCMF) Project Ministry of Fisheries and Livestock Financial Institutions Division	WB (IDA)	Loan	USD	240.00	25.10.2018

Sl.	Name of Project Implementing Ministry/ Division Executing Agency	DP	Type Loan/ Grant	Commitment		Date of Signing
				Currency	Amount (Million)	
24	Investment Promotion and Financing Facility (IPFF-II) Bangladesh Bank, Finance Division	WB (IDA)	Loan	USD	356.70 (SUF 100.00)	05.11.2017
25	Bangladesh Insurance Sector Development Project. IDRA, Financial Institutions Division	WB (IDA)	Loan	USD	65.00	10.04.2018
26	Sustainable Enterprise Project (SEP) PKSF	WB (IDA)	Loan	USD	110.00	16.05.2018
27	Cash Transfer Modernization (CTM) Project M/O Social Welfare	WB (IDA)	Loan	USD	300.00	28.10.2018
28	Strengthening Public Financial Management Programme to Enable Service Delivery (PFM) Finance Division	WB (IDA)	Loan	USD	100.00	27.04.2019
29	Bangladesh Private Investment and Digital Entrepreneurship (PRIDE) Project. BHTPA, BEZA, ERD	WB (IDA)	Loan	USD	500.00	13.04.2021
30	Resilience, Entrepreneurship and Livelihood Improvement Project (RELI) SDF, FID	WB (IDA)	Loan	USD	300.00	27.06.2021
31	Recovery and Advancement of Informal Sector Employment (RAISE) PKSF, Wage Earners' Board	WB (IDA)	Loan	USD	200.00	27.10.2021
32	College Education Development Project (CEDP) National University, SHED	WB (IDA)	Loan	USD	100.00	08.09.2016
33	Export Competitiveness for Jobs (EC4J) Ministry of Commerce	WB (IDA)	Loan	USD	100.00	05.11.2017

Sl.	Name of Project Implementing Ministry/ Division Executing Agency	DP	Type Loan/ Grant	Commitment		Date of Signing
				Currency	Amount (Million)	
34	Transforming Secondary Education for Results Operation (TSERO) SHED	WB (IDA) GFF	Loan Grant	USD USD	510.00 10.00	13.08.2018
35	Accelerating and Strengthening Skills for Economic Transformation (ASSET) Project BTE, TMED	WB (IDA)	Loan	USD	300.00	18.10.2021
36	Low Income Community Housing Support Project (LICHSP) NHA, PKSf	WB (IDA)	Loan	USD	50.00	30.06.2016
37	Urban Resilience Project (URP) Disaster Management Department, DNCC Part, PCMU, RAJUK	WB (IDA)	Loan	USD	173.00	30.06.2015
38	Health Sector Support Project (HSSP) Health Services Division	WB (IDA)	Loan	USD	500.00 (Loan)	28.08.2017
			Grant		15.00 (Grant)	
					41.67 (Grant)	
39	Dhaka City Neighborhood Upgrading Project LGED	WB (IDA)	Loan	USD	100.50	29.05.2019
40	Covid-19 Emergency Response and Pandemic Preparedness Project Health Services Division	WB (IDA)	Loan	USD	100.00 100.00 (AIIB)	10.04.2020 19.02.2021
41	Health and Gender Support Project Health Services Division	WB (IDA)	Grant	USD	150.00	04.06.2020
42	We CARE Phase-1: Jhenaidah-Jeshore Highway (N-7) Improvement Project Roads and Highway Division	WB (IDA)	Loan	USD	318.50	01.02.2021

Sl.	Name of Project Implementing Ministry/ Division Executing Agency	DP	Type Loan/ Grant	Commitment		Date of Signing
				Currency	Amount (Million)	
43	Fourth Primary Education Development Programme (PEDP-4)	WB (IDA)	Loan	USD	700.00	28.06.2018
		WB (GPE)	Grant	USD	53.525	30.06.2022
44	Sustainable Forests and Livelihood (SUFAL) Project. Ministry of Environment, Forest and Climate Change, Department of Forest	WB (IDA)	Loan	USD	175.00	05.11.2018
45	COVID-19 School Sector Response Project (GPE Grant)	WB (GPE)	Grant	USD	14.80	15.02.2021
46	Ghorashal Unit 4 Repowering Project (Credit No. 5758-BD). Power Division	WB (IDA)	Loan	USD	217.00	07.04.2016
47	Bangladesh Regional Waterway Transport Project-1 Ministry of Shipping	WB (IDA)	Loan	USD	360.00	21.12.2016
48	Bangladesh Regional Connectivity Project-1 Ministry of Shipping, Ministry of Commerce and NBR	WB (IDA)	Loan	USD	150.00	17.08.2017
49	Bangladesh Power System Security and Efficiency Improvement Project Power Division	WB (IDA)	Loan	USD	59.00	07.12.2017
50	Additional Financing for Rural Electrification and Renewable Energy Development II Enhancement Project (IDA- 6202) Power Division	WB (IDA)	Loan	USD	55.00	30.06.2018
51	Enhancement and Strengthening of Power Transmission Network in Eastern Region Power Division	WB (IDA)	Loan & Grant	USD	450.64	10.04.2018
52	Bangladesh Scaling-Up Renewable Energy Project. Power Division	WB (IDA)	Loan & Grant	USD	29.25 156.00 (Loan)	29.08.2019

Annexure-2
Wing wise ongoing Project list for FY 2021-22

Wing-3: Administration and Middle East

KFAED, OFID and SFD

Annexure-2.c

Sl.	Name of Project/ Implementing Ministry/ Division Executing Agency	DP	Type Loan/ Grant	Commitment		Date of Signing
				Currency	Amount (Million)	
1	Urban Infrastructure Improvement Project Implementing Ministry/Division: Local Government Division Executing Agency: Local Government Engineering Department	KFA ED	Loan	KD	KD: 15.00 million Equivalent 51.00 million USD	27.03.2018
2	Construction of Paira Bridge (Lebukhali Bridge) over the River Paira on Barisal-Patuakhali Highway Implementing Ministry/Division: Road Transport & Highways Division,Executing Agency: RHD	KFA ED: & OFID	Loan	KD USD	1st Loan : KD 14.00 million 2 nd Loan KD:15.00 million Equivalent Total: 98.00 million USD 30 million USD	1st Loan: 13.03.2012, 2 nd Loan: 04.05.2016 OFID: 17.01.2018
3	“Construction of Panguchi Bridge Project” Implementing Ministry/Division: Local Government Division Executing Agency: Local Government Engineering Department	KFA ED	Loan	KD	KD 14.50 million Equivalent Total: 50.00 million USD	24.05.2021
4	South Asia Sub-regional Economic Cooperation (SASEC) Road Connectivity Project Implementing Ministry/Division: Road Transport & Highways Division,& Executing Agency: RHD	OFID & ADF D	Loan	USD & Dirham	OFID: 1 st Loan: 30.00 million 2 nd Loan: 30.00 million ADFD: 110,190,000 Equivalent 30.00 million USD	Ist Loan: 13.8.2013 2 nd Loan: 17.01.2018 11.07.2013
5	Construction of Teesta River Bridge and Access Roads Project at Gaibandha	OFID &	Loan	USD	OFID: 25.00 million	OFID: 29.06.2015

	Implementing Ministry/Division: Local Government Division Executing Agency: LGED	SFD		Saudi Riyal	187,500,000 Equivalent 50.00 million USD	SFD: 26 th December 2014
6	Third Urban Governance and Infrastructure Improvement Sector Project Implementing Ministry/Division: Local Government Division Executing Agency: LGED	OFID	Loan	USD	40.00 million	05.02.2015
7	“Nalua-Baherchar Bridge Project” Implementing Ministry/Division: Road Transport & Highways Division,& Executing Agency: RHD	OFID	Loan	USD	75.00	20.06.2021
8	Construction of 3 rd Shitalakhya Bridge Project at Bandor, Narayanganj. Implementing Ministry/Division: Road Transport & Highways Division Executing Agency: RHD	SFD	Loan	Saudi Riyal	168,750,000 Equivalent 45.00 million USD	28.02.2011
9	Establishment of Burn and Plastic Surgery Units Project. Implementing Ministry/Division: Health Services Division Executing Agency: DG Health Services	SFD	Loan	Saudi Riyal	112,500,000 Equivalent 30.00 USD	08.09.2017
Total= 584 million USD						

IsDB

Sl.	Name of Project/ Implementing Ministry/ Division Executing Agency	DP	Type Loan/ Grant	Commitment		Date of Signing
				Currency	Amount (Million)	
1	Power Grid Expansion Project Implementing Ministry/ Division:Power Division Executing Agency:PGCB	IsDB	(Istis na'a + Loan)	USD	165.00	19.10.2014
2	Rural Access Road Improvement Project in Sylhet Division Implementing Ministry/ Division: Local Government Division Executing Agency: Local Government Engineering Department (LGED)	IsDB	(Istis na'a + Loan)	USD	30.00	11.06.2015
3	400 MW Ashuganj (East) Power Plant Efficiency Improvement Project Implementing Ministry/ Division:Power Division Executing Agency:APSCCL	IsDB	Lease	USD	85.00	31.07.2018
4	Rural and Peri-Urban Housing Finance Project Implementing Ministry/ Division:Financial Institutions Division Executing Agency:Bangladesh House Building Finance Corporation	IsDB	(Loan + Instal ment Sale)	EURO	94.75	03.04.2018
5	Medical Mobile Units for Health Care in Rural Areas in Bangladesh Implementing Ministry/ Division:Ministry of Health and Family Welfare Executing Agency:Friendship NGO	IsDB	Grant	USD	30.00	17.05.2015
6	Establishment of Dhaka Technical Teachers Training Institute Project Implementing Ministry/ Division: Ministry of Expatriates' Welfare and Overseas Employment Executing Agency:BMET	IsDB	Loan	USD	8.30	17.05.2016
7	Urban Water Supply and			USD	89.30	10.01.2017

	Sanitation in 23 Pourashavas Project in Bangladesh Implementing Ministry/ Division:Local Government Division Executing Agency:Department of Public Health Engineering	IsDB	(Istis na'a + Loan)			
8	Rangpur Division Agriculture and Rural Development Project Implementing Ministry/ Division:Ministry of Agriculture Executing Agency:LGED+DAE	IsDB	(Istis na'a + Loan)	USD	33.20	16.05.2017
9	Establishment of Cyclone Shelters in the Coastal Belts of Bangladesh Under (KAAP) King Abdullah bin Abdulaziz Program	IsDB	Grant	USD	130.00	12.05.2008
10	Reverse Linkage Project on Enhancing Capacity in Cotton Varieties Development Implementing Ministry/ Division:Ministry of Agriculture Executing Agency:Bangladesh Cotton Development Board	IsDB	Grant	USD	0.28	04.12.2018
11	Line of Finance of Support SMEs Project under the IsDB SPRP for Covid-19 Restore Track	IsDB	Loan	USD	47.00	24.06.2021
12	Inclusive Sanitation and Hygiene Project in 10 (Ten) Priority Towns in Bangladesh	IsDB	Loan + Grant	USD	56.00	20.02.2022
Total= 774.08 million USD						

Annexure-2
Wing wise ongoing Project list for FY 2021-2022
Wing-4: United Nations

Annexure-2.d

Sl.	Name of Project Implementing Ministry/ Division Executing Agency	DP	Type Loan/ Grant	Commitment		Date of Signing
				Currency	Amount (Million)	
1	Aspire to Innovate (a2i) Programme Implementing Ministry/ Division: ICT Division	UNDP	Grant	USD	70.2	17.11.2019
2	Activating Village Courts in Bangladesh (Phase-II) Implementing Division: Local Government Division	UNDP	Grant	USD	36.5	13.12.2018
3	Knowledge for Development Management (K4DM Phase- II) for ERD UN Wing Implementing Ministry/ Division: Economic Relations Division	UNDP	Grant	USD	3.15	11.03.2021
4	Strengthening Inclusive Development in Chittagong Hill Tracts Implementing Ministry/ Division: Ministry of Chittagong Hill Tracts Affairs	UNDP	Grant	USD	31.62	01.12.2016
5	Integrated National Financing Framework for Accelerating Achievement of SDGs (INFF4SDGs) in Bangladesh Implementing Ministry/ Division: DEX Modality, UNDP	UNDP	Grant	USD	11.11	30.05.2021
6	Social Security Policy Support (SSPS) Programme Implementing Ministry/ Division: General Economic Division (GED) and Cabinet Division	UNDP	Grant	USD	7.00	23.02.2014
7	Human Rights Programme Implementing Ministry/ Division: DEX Modality, UNDP	UNDP	Grant	USD	10.59	28.04.2016
8	Local Government Initiative on Climate Change (LoGIC) Implementing Division: Local Government Division	UNDP	Grant	USD	20.00	22.11.2016

Sl.	Name of Project Implementing Ministry/ Division Executing Agency	DP	Type Loan/ Grant	Commitment		Date of Signing
				Currency	Amount (Million)	
9	Disaster Response and Recovery Facility Implementing Ministry/ Division: DEX Modality, UNDP	UNDP	Grant	USD	51.15	30.09.2018
10	Efficient and Accountable Local Governance (EALG) Implementing Ministry/ Division: Local Government Division	UNDP	Grant	USD	7.03	11.07.2017
11	National Resilience Programme Implementing Ministry/ Division: Ministry of Disaster Management & Relief, Women and Children Affairs and Local Government Division	UNDP	Grant	USD	12.58	10.07.2017
13	Community-based Climate Resilient Fisheries and Aquaculture Development in Bangladesh Implementing Ministry/ Division: Ministry of Livestock and Fisheries Executing Agency: Department of Fisheries	FAO	Grant	USD	5.43	10.03.2019
14	Meeting the Under nutrition Challenge (MUCH): Strengthening the enabling environment for food security and nutrition Implementing Ministry/ Division: Ministry of Food Executing Agency: Food Monitoring and Policy Unit (FPMU)	FAO	Grant	USD	16.32	12.01.2015
15	Pesticide Risk Reduction in Bangladesh Implementing Ministry/ Division: Ministry of Environment, forest and climate change Executing Agency: Department of Agricultural	FAO	Grant	USD	8.29	20.06.2019

Sl.	Name of Project Implementing Ministry/ Division Executing Agency	DP	Type Loan/ Grant	Commitment		Date of Signing
				Currency	Amount (Million)	
	Extension, Department of Fisheries and Department of Health					
16	Farmers' Market-Safe Horticultural Crop Production in Peri-urban Areas and Marketing in Dhaka City to Mitigate the Impact of COVID-19 Crisis (TCP/BGD/3807) Implementing Ministry/Division: Ministry of Agriculture Executing Agency: Department of Agricultural Marketing	FAO	Grant	USD	0.26	01.07.2021
17	Support for Modeling, Planning and Improving Dhaka's Food System Implementing Ministry/ Division: Ministry of Local Government, Rural Development and Co-operatives Executing Agency: Local Government Division	FAO	Grant	USD	12.55	19.12.2018
18	Technical Assistance to Smallholder Agricultural Competitiveness Project (SACP) Implementing Ministry/ Division: Ministry of Agriculture Executing Agency: Department of Agricultural Extension	FAO	Grant	USD	3.00	05.07.2019
19	Building climate resilient livelihoods in vulnerable landscapes in Bangladesh (GCP/BGD/069/LDF) Implementing Ministry/Division: Ministry of Environment, Forest and Climate Change Executing Agency: Department of Environment	FAO	Grant	USD	8.93	12.03.2022

Sl.	Name of Project Implementing Ministry/ Division Executing Agency	DP	Type Loan/ Grant	Commitment		Date of Signing
				Currency	Amount (Million)	
20	Strengthening sustainable wetland agriculture for resilient farmers' livelihoods and ecosystems (TCP/RAS/3805) Implementing Ministry/Division: Ministry of Agriculture Executing Agency: Bangladesh Agricultural Research Institute-BARI	FAO	Grant	USD	0.06	12.03.2022
21	Increasing Access to Finance for Farmers Organizations in Bangladesh Implementing Ministry/ Division: Ministry of Agriculture Executing Agency: Department of Agricultural Extension & FAO	FAO	Grant	USD	3.70	23.08.2018
22	Technical support to deploy digitalization programmes in food and rural sectors and facilitate digital village pilots in support of rural transformation and achievement of SDG 1 and 2 (TCP/RAS/3806) Implementing Ministry/Division: Ministry of Agriculture Executing Agency: Department of Agricultural Extension-DAE	FAO	Grant	USD	0.12	12.03.2022
23	Sustainable Productivity in agriculture (in the context of CSA and Agroecology) (FMM/GLO/139/MUL) Implementing Ministry/Division: Ministry of Agriculture Executing Agency: Soil Resource Development Institute-SRDI	FAO	Grant	USD	0.17	12.03.2022

Sl.	Name of Project Implementing Ministry/ Division Executing Agency	DP	Type Loan/ Grant	Commitment		Date of Signing
				Currency	Amount (Million)	
24	Support to diversification of agriculture for improved nutrition and rural livelihoods in selected COVID-19 hotspot zones of Bangladesh Implementing Ministry: Ministry of Agriculture, E/A: Department of Agricultural Extension	FAO	Grant	USD	0.45	20.12.2020
25	Strengthening Bangladesh's NDA Secretariat, Enhancing Pipeline Implementation and Private Sector Engagement in Effective Climate Action I/D: Economic Relations Division	FAO	Grant	USD	0.92	07.12.2021
26	Support scaling up forest and landscape restoration alongside the Hand in Hand Initiative (HIHI) Implementing Ministry: Ministry of Environment, Forest and Climate Change Executing Agency: Ministry of Environment, Forest and Climate Change, Department of Environment	FAO	Grant	USD	0.05	12.04.2021
27	Strengthening capacity for monitoring environmental emissions under Paris Agreement in Bangladesh Implementing Ministry: Ministry of Environment, Forest and Climate Change Executing Agency: Department of Environment	FAO	Grant	USD	0.86	06.01.2020
28	Prioritized HIV prevention services for key populations (PWID, FSWs, MSM, MSWs and hijra) in Bangladesh Additional Fund IL-1 Implementing Ministry: Ministry of Health and Family Welfare E/A: Health Services Division	The Global Fund	Grant	USD	3.12	15.12.2021

Sl.	Name of Project Implementing Ministry/ Division Executing Agency	DP	Type Loan/ Grant	Commitment		Date of Signing
				Currency	Amount (Million)	
29	Integrated Tuberculosis Care and Prevention, for Enhancing Case Findings, Health System Strengthening and Sustainability (With Additional Fund IL_1&2) Implementing Ministry/Division: Ministry of Health and Family Welfare Executing Agency: Health Services Division	The Global Fund	Grant	USD	98.94	22.12.2020
30	A Path to the Phased Elimination of Malaria from Bangladesh Ministry/Division: Ministry of Health and Family Welfare Executing Agency: Health Services Division	The Global Fund	Grant	USD	21.27	22.12.2020
31	Establishment and Strengthening of Effective Tobacco Control Programme in Bangladesh to make Tobacco-free Bangladesh by 2040 (3 rd Phase) Implementing Ministry/ Division: Ministry of Health and Family Welfare Executing Agency: Health Services Division	The Union, Vital Strategies, WHO affiliated	Grant	USD	0.19	14.10.2020
32.	Global Action to Prevent and Address Trafficking in Persons and Smuggling of Migrants Bangladesh (GLOACT) Implementing Ministry/Division: Ministry of Home Affairs Ministry/Division: Public Security Division	UNODC	Grant	USD	2.23	21.11.2021
33	Climate Resilient Infrastructure Mainstreaming (CRIM) Implementing Ministry/ Division: Local Government Division (LGED)	GCF, KfW	Grant	USD	80.00	08.03.2018

Sl.	Name of Project Implementing Ministry/ Division Executing Agency	DP	Type Loan/ Grant	Commitment		Date of Signing
				Currency	Amount (Million)	
34	Enhancing adaptive capacities of coastal communities, especially women to cope with climate change induced salinity Implementing Ministry/ Division: Ministry of Women and Children Affairs	GCF, UNDP	Grant	USD	32.98	27.12.2019
35	Global Clean Cooking Programme – Bangladesh Implementing Ministry/ Division/Agency: World Bank	GCF, WB	Grant	USD	40.00	-
36	Promoting private sector investment through large scale adoption of energy saving technologies and equipment for Textile and Ready Made Garment (RMG) Sectors of Bangladesh I/A: IDCOL	GCF	Grant	USD	256.48	-
37	Extended Community Climate Change Project-Flood (ECCCP-Flood) Implementing Agency: PKSf	GCF	Grant	USD	13.30	-
38	Cooling Facility Implementing Ministry/ Division/Agency: World Bank	GCF, WB	Grant Loan	USD	46.25	-
39	Adaptation initiative for climate-vulnerable small island & charland Implementing Ministry/ Division/Agency Department of Environment	UNDP	Grant	USD	9.21	24.06.2021
40	Renewal of the Institutional Strengthening for the Phase-out of ODS (Phase-IX) Implementing Ministry/ Division/Agency: Department of Environment	UNDP- MLF	Grant	USD	0.1664	19.07.2020
41	Advancement of Women's Right Project. Implementing Ministry/Division Department of Women Affairs	UNFP A	Grant	USD	0.02	12.07.2018

Sl.	Name of Project Implementing Ministry/ Division Executing Agency	DP	Type Loan/ Grant	Commitment		Date of Signing
				Currency	Amount (Million)	
42	Sustainable Initiative to protect Women and Girls from GBV (STOP-GBV) Project. Implementing Ministry /Division Bangladesh Police	UNFP A	Grant	USD	0.03	10.09.2017
43	Strengthening Statistical Capacity of BBS for Collecting Data on Population and Development Implementing Ministry/Division Bangladesh Bureau of Statistics	UNFP A	Grant	USD	0.08	24.10.2018
44	Strengthening Parliament's Capacity in Population and Development Issues (SPCPD) Implementing Ministry/Division Bangladesh Parliament	UNFP A	Grant	USD	0.09	08.05.2017
45	Strengthening the Capacity of Teaching and Research Facilities at the Department of Population Sciences, University of Dhaka (Second Phase) Implementing Ministry/ Division Dhaka University	UNFPA	Grant	USD	0.07	12.07.2017
46	Strengthening Capacity of the General Economics Division (GED) to Integrate Population and Development Issues into Plans and Policies Implementing Division General Economics Division	UNFPA/ GED	Grant	USD	0.03	05.09.2017
47	Accelerating Action to End Child Marriage in Bangladesh Implementing Ministry: Ministry of Women and Child Affairs	UNFPA/ MoWCA,	Grant	USD	0.04	18.10.2017
48	Generation Breakthrough: Phase II Implementing Division: Directorate of Secondary and Higher Education	UNFPA	Grant	USD	0.15	09.09.2018

Sl.	Name of Project Implementing Ministry/ Division Executing Agency	DP	Type Loan/ Grant	Commitment		Date of Signing
				Currency	Amount (Million)	
49	Support to Develop National Plan of Action for Implementation National Youth Policy and Youth Development Index Implementing Agency: Department of Youth Development (DYD)	UNFP A	Grant	USD	0.05	01.10. 2017
50	Shaping Inclusive Finance Transformation (SHIFT) in Bangladesh Implementing Ministry/ Division Financial Institutions Division	UNCDF	Grant	USD	8.10	14.12.2016
51	Local Government Initiative on Climate Change (LoGIC) Implementing Ministry/Division Ministry of Local Government Division (LGD)	UNCD F	Grant	USD	15.4	24.01. 2016
52	Women's Empowerment for Inclusive Growth (WING) Implementing Ministry/ Division/Agency: UNCDF	UNCD F	Grant	USD	1.04	21.10.2020
53	Strengthening Gender Responsive Planning and Budgeting (GRPB) Implementing Ministry: Ministry of Women and Children Affairs	UN - Women	Grant	USD	4.80	19.01. 2017
54	Child Sensitive Social Protection (CSSP) Project Implementing Ministry/Division: Department of Social Services	UNICE F	Grant	USD	4.63	01.07.2017
55	Capacity Development for Monitoring and Reporting to Increase the Effective Coverage of Basic Social Services (CDMRI-ECBSS) for Children and women in BD (Phase II) Implementing Division: IMED	UNICE F	Grant	USD	0.838	16.10.2014

Sl.	Name of Project Implementing Ministry/ Division Executing Agency	DP	Type Loan/ Grant	Commitment		Date of Signing
				Currency	Amount (Million)	
56	The Sustainable Social Services in the CHT Implementing Ministry/Division Ministry of Chittagong Hill Tracts Affairs	UNICE F	Grant	USD	2.80	30.01.2020
57	Strengthening Systems for Monitoring this situation of Children and Women in Bangladesh (SSMSCW) Implementing Ministry: Ministry of Women and Children Affairs	UNICE F	Grant	USD	0.438	18.01.2017
58	Support to the Central Management Committee's (CMC) Policy Guidance on Child Component of the NSSS Implementing Division: Cabinet Division	UNICE F	Grant	USD	0.128	01.03.2018
59	Accelerating Protection for Children (APC) – CP Implementing Ministry/Division Ministry of Women and Children Affairs	UNICE F	Grant	USD	13.55	01.02.2018
60	Primary Education for Development Programme (PEDP4) Implementing Ministry/Division Directorate of Primary Education	UNICE F	Grant	USD	52.0	21.06.2018
61	Promoting Social Dialogue and Harmonious Industrial Relations in Bangladesh Ready Made Garment Industry Implementing Ministry: Ministry of Labour and Employment Executing Agency: ILO	ILO	Grant	USD	8.42	31.07.2016
62	Skills 21- Empowering Citizens for Inclusive and Sustainable Growth Implementing Ministry: Technical and Madrasah	IOM	Grant	USD	22.85	13.06.2017

Sl.	Name of Project Implementing Ministry/ Division Executing Agency	DP	Type Loan/ Grant	Commitment		Date of Signing
				Currency	Amount (Million)	
	Education Division Executing Agency: ILO					
63	ILO DFID Partnership Programme on Fair Recruitment and Decent Work for Women Migrant Workers in South Asia and Middle East Implementing Ministry: Ministry of Expatriates’ Welfare and Overseas Employment Executing Agency: ILO	ILO	Grant	USD	2.22	12.11.2018
64	Improving Working Conditions in the Ready Made Garment RMG Sector Programme Phase-2 Implementing Ministry: Ministry of Labour and Employment Executing Agency: ILO	ILO	Grant	USD	24.5	13.03.2018
65	Application of Migration Policy for Decent Work of Migrant Workers Implementing Ministry: Ministry of Expatriates’ Welfare and Overseas Employment Executing Agency: ILO	ILO	Grant	USD	7.54	02.05.2016
66	Bangladesh Sustainable Reintegration and Improved Migration Governance Implementing Ministry: Ministry of Expatriates’ Welfare and Overseas Employment Executing Agency: IOM	IOM	Grant	USD	10.62	11.04.2018
67	Supporting the EU- Bangladesh Standard Operating Procedures for the Identification and dignified Return of Persons without an Authorization to Stay Implementing Ministry: Ministry of Foreign Affairs Executing Agency: IOM	IOM	Grant	USD	3.38	07.08.2022

Sl.	Name of Project Implementing Ministry/ Division Executing Agency	DP	Type Loan/ Grant	Commitment		Date of Signing
				Currency	Amount (Million)	
68	Promoting Recruitment Industry Reform to Achieve Ethical Recruitment (Prosper) in Bangladesh and Nepal Implementing Ministry: Ministry of Expatriates’ Welfare and Overseas Employment Executing Agency: IOM	IOM	Grant	USD	0.30	23.03.2021
69	‘UN Joint Project toAddressCooking Fuel Needs,Environmental Degradation and Food Security for Populations Affected by the Rohingya Crisis (SAFEPlus)’ Implementing Ministry: Ministry of Disaster Management and Relief. Executing Agency: IOM	IOM, WFP, FAO	Grant	USD	117.50	16.02.2020
70	Regional Evidence for Migration Analysis and Policy (REMAP) Asia and the Middle East Implementing Ministry: Ministry of Expatriates’ Welfare and Overseas Employment Executing Agency: IOM	IOM	Grant	USD	1.77	09.07.2019
71	Export Diversification and Competitiveness Development Project (EIF tier-II) Implementing Ministry: Ministry of Commerce Executing Agency: UNOPS	UNOP S	Grant	USD	1.05	09.08.2018
72	Name of Project : “Integrated approach towards sustainable plastics use and (marine) litter prevention in Bangladesh” Implementing Division: Department of Environment (DoE) Executing Agency: Ministry of Environment, Forests and Climate Change (MoEFCC)	UNIDO	Grant	USD	4.11	21.06.2021

Sl.	Name of Project Implementing Ministry/ Division Executing Agency	DP	Type Loan/ Grant	Commitment		Date of Signing
				Currency	Amount (Million)	
73	Implementation of National activities under the UNEP-GEF Project for Sustainable Capacity Building for Effective Participation in the BCH (SSFA) Implementing Ministry/Division: Department of Environment (DoE) Executing Agency: Ministry of Environment, Forests and Climate Change (MoEFCC)	UNEP-GEF	Grant	USD	0.015	18.12.2019
74	Name of Project : Ecosystem-based Approaches to adaptation (EbA) in Drought-prone Barind tract and Haor Wetland Area Implementing Division: Department of Environment (DoE) Ministry of Environment, Forests and Climate Change (MoEFCC)	UNEP, GEF	Grant	USD	60.32	29.01.2018
75	Name of Project : “Bangladesh: First Biennial Update Report (BUR1) to the UNFCCC” Implementing Ministry/ Division: Department of Environment (DoE) & UNDP Executing Agency: Ministry of Environment, Forests and Climate Change (MoEFCC)	GEF, UNDP	Grant	USD	0.489	26.11.2019
76	Name of Project : Bangladesh Enabling Activities for HFC phase-down Implementing Ministry/ Division: Department of Environment (DoE) Executing Agency: Ministry of Environment, Forests and Climate Change (MoEFCC)	UNEP	Grant	USD	0.055	14.11.2019
77	Name of Project: HCFC Phase-Out Management Plan (HPMP Stage-II)	UNDP, UNEP	Grant	USD	5.980	24.06.2020

Sl.	Name of Project Implementing Ministry/ Division Executing Agency	DP	Type Loan/ Grant	Commitment		Date of Signing
				Currency	Amount (Million)	
	Implementing Division: Department of Environment (DoE) Executing Agency: Ministry of Environment, Forests and Climate Change (MoEFCC)					
78	Establishing National Land Use and Land Degradation Profile toward Mainstreaming SLM Practices in Sector Policies Implementing Ministry/Division: Department of Environment (DoE) Executing Agency: Ministry of Environment, Forests and Climate Change (MoEFCC)	UNEP- GEF	Grant	USD	3.51	08.02.2017

Annexure-2

Wing wise ongoing Project list for FY 2021-22

Wing-5: ADB

Annexure-2.e

Sl.	Name of Project Implementing Ministry/ Division Executing Agency	DP	Type Loan/ Grant	Commitment		Date of Signing
				Currency	Amount (Million)	
1	Construction of Dual Gauge Double rail Line and conversion of Existing Rail Line into dual gauge Between Akhaura and Laksam	ADB	Loan	USD	455	28.06.2015
2	Construction of Single Line Dual Gauge (DG) Railway Track from Dohazari to Cox's Bazar Via Ramu and Ramu to Gundum near Myanmar	ADB	Loan	USD	300 400	21.06.2017 23.05.2019
3	Procurement of Meter & Broad Gauge Passenger Carriages for BD Railway	ADB	Loan	USD	117	28.09.2016
4	Procurement of Locomotives, Relief Cranes & Locomotive Simulator for BR	ADB	Loan	USD	63	28.09.2016
5	Rolling Stock Operations Improvement of Bangladesh Railway (Rolling Stock Procurement) Project	ADB	Loan	USD	276	31.07.2018
6	Rolling Stock Operations Improvement of Bangladesh Railway (Technical Assistance)	ADB	Loan	USD	6	31.07.2018
7	Greater Dhaka Sustainable Urban Transport Project (BRT, Gazipur-Airport)	ADB	Loan	USD	160	17.12.2012
8	SASEC Road Connectivity Project: Improvement of Joydevpur-Chandra-Tangail-Elenga Road to a 4-lane Highway	ADB	Loan	USD	179 150	05.06.2013 22.11.2017
9	SASEC Road Connectivity Project-II: Improvement of Elenga-Hatikamrul-Rangpur Road to a 4-Lane Highway	ADB	Loan	USD	150 400	22.11.2017 15.03.2020
10	Dhaka Mass Rapid Transit Development Project Readiness Financing (Line 5, Southern Route) (TA)	ADB	Loan	USD	33.26	11.12.2019

Sl.	Name of Project Implementing Ministry/ Division Executing Agency	DP	Type Loan/ Grant	Commitment		Date of Signing
				Currency	Amount (Million)	
11	TA for Railway Connectivity Improvement Preparatory Facility (RCIPF) Project	ADB	Loan	USD	23.50	30.06.2020
12	TA for Road Transport Connectivity Improvement Project Preparatory Facility Project	ADB	Loan	USD	18.50	30.06.2020
13	Technical Assistance for Dhaka-Chittagong-Cox's Bazar Rail Project Preparatory Facility	ADB	Loan	USD	21	26.10.2015
14	TA for Sub Regional Road Transport Project Preparatory Facility-II (SRTPPF-II)	ADB	Loan	USD	6	26.10.2015
15	SASEC Dhaka-Sylhet Corridor Road Investment Project	ADB	Loan	USD	400	04.10.2021
16	400/230/132 KV Grid Network Development Project by PGCB	ADB	Loan	USD	63.92	22.12.2015
17	Ashuganj 400MW CCPP (East)	ADB	Loan	USD	107.92	22.12.2015
18	Smart Pre-payment Metering Project in Bistribution zones of BPDB	ADB	Loan	USD	39.35	12.08.2021
19	Modernization & Capacity Enhancement of BREB Network (Khulna Division)	ADB	Loan	USD	200	29.12.2020
20	Off-grid Solar Photovoltaic Water Pumping Systems Component- Add.Fin.	ADB	Grant	USD	25.44	09.08.2018
21	Aminbazar-Maowa-Mongla 400 kV Transmission Line Project	ADB	Loan	USD	143	29.05.2017
22	Install. of Supervisory Control &Data Acquisition System in DESCO Area	ADB	Loan	USD	12.00	29.05.2017
23	Rupsha 800MW combine Cycle Power Plant Project-	ADB	Loan+ Grant	USD	451.50	02.08.2018
24	Southwest Transmission Grid Expansion Project	ADB	Loan	USD	305.00	10.09.2018

Sl.	Name of Project Implementing Ministry/ Division Executing Agency	DP	Type Loan/ Grant	Commitment		Date of Signing
				Currency	Amount (Million)	
25	Patuakhali Paira Gopalganj 400 KV Expansion line & Gopalganj 400 KV Grid line Const.	ADB	Loan	USD	45.00	10.09.2018
26	Dhaka & Western Zone Transmission Grid Expansion Project	ADB	Loan+ Grant	USD	300.75	11.12.2019
27	TA for Bangladesh Power Sector Development and Capacity Building	ADB	Grant	USD	16.00	29.05.2017
28	Installation of Wellhead Compressors at Location-A of Titas Gas Field	ADB	Loan	USD	53.53	29.12.2016
29	Flood and Riverbank Erosion Risk Management Investment Programme (Project-2)	ADB	Loan+ Grant	USD	174.89	01.03.2022
30	Irrigation Management Improvement Project	ADB	Loan+ Grant	USD	56.667	14.08.2014
31	Irrigation Management Improvement Project- Additional Financing	ADB	Loan	USD	13.5	23.12.2021
32	Southwest Area Integrated Water Resources Planning & Management (PhaseII)	ADB	Loan+ Grant	USD	52.00	13.12.2015
33	Secondary Education Sector Investment Programme (SESIP)- Tranche-1	ADB	Loan	USD	90	21.11.2013
34	Secondary Education Sector Investment Programme (SESIP)- Tranche-2	ADB	Loan	USD	185	23.11.2015
35	Secondary Education Sector Investment Programme (SESIP)- Tranche-3	ADB	Loan	USD	225	09.08.2018
36	Skills for Employment Investment Programme (SEIP)- Tranche-2 & 3	ADB	Loan	USD	100 150	14.02.2017 25.11.2019
37	Fourth Primary Education Development Programme (PEDP-4)	ADB	Loan	USD	500	25.10.2018
38	Third Public Private Infrastructure Development Facility-Trench 1	ADB	Loan	USD	260	19.11.2017

Sl.	Name of Project Implementing Ministry/ Division Executing Agency	DP	Type Loan/ Grant	Commitment		Date of Signing
				Currency	Amount (Million)	
39	Second Small & Medium Sized Enterprise Development Project-2	ADB	Loan	USD	200	18.01.2017
40	Microenterprise Development Project	ADB	Loan	USD	50	06.02.2019
41	Supporting Post COVID-19 Small Scale Employment Creation	ADB	Loan	USD	150	29.11.2021
42	Strengthening Bangladesh Infrastructure Finance Fund Limited Project	ADB	Loan	USD	50	10.09.2020
43	Microenterprise Development Project (Additional Financing)	ADB	Loan	USD	50.00	21.12.2020
44	Strengthening Social Resilience Programme (Sub-programme 2)	ADB	Loan+ Grant	USD	250	14.06.2022
45	Coastal Towns Environmental Infrastructure Project	ADB	Loan+ Grant	USD	100	29.06.2014 11.02.2018
46	Third Urban Governance Infrastructure Improvement Sector Project	ADB	Loan	USD	125 200	27.08.2014 19.09.2017
47	Rural Connectivity Improvement Project	ADB	Loan	USD	200 100	13.01.2019 30.06.2020
48	Second City Region Development Project	ADB	Loan	USD	150	27.08.2019
49	Urban Primary Health Care Services Delivery Project	ADB	Loan+ Grant	USD	112	25.10.2018
50	Dhaka Environmentally Sustainable Water Supply Project	ADB	Loan	USD	232.12	22.10.2013 01.03.2022
51	Dhaka Water Supply Network Improvement Project	ADB	Loan	USD	275	17.07.2016
52	Khulna Sewerage System Development Project	ADB	Loan	USD	160	04.11.2020
53	Urban Infrastructure Improvement Preparatory Facility (DPHE Part)	ADB	Loan	USD	5	25.11.2019
54	Urban Infrastructure Improvement Preparatory Facility (NCC Part)	ADB	Loan	USD	6	25.11.2019
55	COVID-19 Response Emergency Assistance Project	ADB	Loan	USD	100	13.05.2020
56	Responsive COVID-19 Vaccines for Recovery Project under the APVAX Facility	ADB	Loan	USD	940	24.06.2021

Sl.	Name of Project Implementing Ministry/ Division Executing Agency	DP	Type Loan/ Grant	Commitment		Date of Signing
				Currency	Amount (Million)	
57	Emergency Assistance Project: Cox's Bazar-Teknaf Road Improvement	ADB	Loan	USD	59.27	09.08.2018 29.06.2022
58	Emergency Assistance Project: Water Supply & Sanitation (DPHE part)	ADB	Loan	USD	73.11	09.08.2018 29.06.2022
59	Bangladesh: Emergency Assistance Project (LGED part)	ADB	Loan	USD	31.18	09.08.2018 29.06.2022
	Total				10257.4 07	

Annexure 2

Wing wise ongoing project list for FY 2021-2022

Wing-6: Coordination & Nordic

Denmark

Annexure-2.f

SI	Name of Project	DP	Type Loan/ Grant	Commitment		Date of Signing
				Currency	Amount (Million)	
01	Agriculture and Food Security Project in the Chittagong Hill Tracts (AFSP-III) under BCP	Denmark	Grant	DKK	PA- 30.00	09.06.2016
02	CHT Climate Change Resilience Project under BCP	Denmark	Grant	DKK	PA- 20.00	09.06.2016
03	Partnership for Cleaner Textile (PaCT) II under BCP	Denmark	Grant	DKK	PA- 20.00	09.06.2016
04	Sustainable Democratic Union Parishad Project (SDUP) under BCP	Denmark	Grant	DKK	PA- 20.00	09.06.2016
05	Promoting Social Dialogue and Harmonious Industrial Relations in Bangladesh Garment Industry under BCP	Denmark	Grant	DKK	PA- 13.00	09.06.2016
06	Building Integrity Blocks For Effective Change (BIBEC-I and BIBEC-II) under BCP	Denmark	Grant	DKK	PA- 19.00	09.06.2016
07	Multi-Sectoral Programme on Violence against Women (MSPVAW), Phase-4 under BCP	Denmark	Grant	DKK	PA- 33.00 GoB- 80 Total- 113	09.06.2016
08	Opening Pathways to Justice for The Poor under BCP	Denmark	Grant	DKK	PA- 14.00	09.06.2016
09	Empowering the Poor, Marginalized and Ethnic minorities in Bangladesh for Enabling Access to Land and other Natural Resources under BCP	Denmark	Grant	DKK	PA- 10.00	09.06.2016

10	Strengthening Democracy by Promoting Human Rights Culture in Bangladesh under Bangladesh Country Programme	Denmark	Grant	DKK	PA- 10.00	09.06.2016
11	Support to Host Communities affected by Rohingya Influx Project under BCP	Denmark	Grant	DKK	PA- 38	09.06.2016
12	Climate Resilient WaSH Support for Rohingya Refugees and Vulnerable Local communities in Cox's Bazar District Project under BCP	Denmark	Grant	DKK	PA- 36	09.06.2016
13	Climate Resilient Water Supply and Sanitation Services through Strengthened Local Government Institutions under CARE	Denmark	Grant	DKK	PA- 10	19/12/2017
14	Improving the Health and Safety of Workers in Bangladesh through the Strengthening of Labour Authorities, Phase-II.	Denmark	Grant	DKK	PA- 7.46	07.11.2018
15	Saidabad Water Treatment Plant, Phase-III.	Denmark	Mixed Credit	Euro	PA- 188.00	03.10.2019

SI	Name of Project	DP	Type Loan/Grant	Commitment		Date of Signing
				Currency	Amount (Million)	
01	Haor Infrastructure and Livelihood Improvement Project (HILIP) & Climate Adaptation Livelihood Project (CALIP)	IFAD	HILIP Loan Grant STF Grant CALIP Grant	USD	55.00 1.00 30.00 15.00	18.07.2012 & 04.09.2014
02	Promoting Agricultural Commercialization and Enterprises Project (PACE)	IFAD	IFAD Loan	USD	54.66	11.12.2014
03	National Agricultural Technical Programme Phase-II Project (NATP-II)	IFAD	IFAD Loan	USD	23.86	07.08.2016
04	Promoting Resilience of Vulnerable through Access to Infrastructure, Improved Skills and Information (PROVATi)	IFAD	IFAD Loan IFAD Grant	USD	63.25 1.25	13.02.2018
05	Smallholder Agricultural Competitiveness Project (SACP)	IFAD	IFAD Loan IFAD Grant I RPSF Grant II	USD	64.50 2.00 0.915 1.092	01.08.2018 ERD: 06.09.2020 ERD: 12.08.2021
06	Char Development and Settlement Project (CDSP) (Bridging)	IFAD	IFAD Loan	USD	20.6	08.08.2019
07	Rural Microenterprises Transformation Project (RMTP)	IFAD	IFAD Loan IFAD Grant Danish Grant	USD	80.00 1.00 8.30	04.11.2020

Annexure-2
Wing wise ongoing Project list for FY 2021-2022
Wing-7: Europe

Sl.	Name of Project Implementing Ministry/ Division Executing Agency	DP	Type Loan/ Grant	Commitment		Date of Signing
				Currency	Amount (Million)	
1	Urban Management of Internal Migration due to Climate Change (UMIMCC) Phase-II' Ministry of Social Welfare (Department of Social Services)	GIZ	Grant	Euro	16.5 million	14.01.2019 Revised: 14 March 2021
2	Adaptation to Climate Change into the National and Local Development Planning (ACCNLDP) II. Programming Division (Planning commission)	GIZ	Grant	Euro	4 million	17.09.2020
3	Support to the Management of the Sundarbans Reserved Forest Project SMP II. Forest Department (Ministry of Environment, Forest and Climate Change)	GIZ	Grant	Euro	4 million	17.09.2020
4	Supporting Host and Forcibly Displaced Myanmar Nationals Communities (SHFDMNC) Ministry of Disaster Management and Relief	GIZ	Grant	Euro	13 million	17.09.2020 Revised: 13.12.2021
5	National Adaptation Plan and Nationally Determined Contribution Support Programme Ministry of Environment, Forest and Climate Change	GIZ	Grant	Euro	3 million	15.02. 2021
6	Access to Justice through Prison and Justice Reform (AJPJR) Security service Division, Ministry of Home Affairs	GIZ	Grant	Euro	11.05 million	25.02.2021
7	Promotion of Sustainability in the Textile and Garment Industry in Asia (FABRIC) Ministry of Commerce	GIZ	Grant	Euro	2.834 million	10.06.2021

Sl.	Name of Project Implementing Ministry/ Division Executing Agency	DP	Type Loan/ Grant	Commitment		Date of Signing
				Currency	Amount (Million)	
8	Programme for Sustainability in the Textile and Leather Sector' (STILE) Ministry of Commerce	GIZ	Grant	Euro	8 million	08.07.2021
9	Climate Resilient Inclusive Smart Cities (CRISC) Local Government Division (LGD), LGED	GIZ	Grant	Euro	5 million	15.11.2021
10	Strengthening Access to Justice and Legal Reforms (SAJLeR) Law and Justice Division	GIZ	Grant	Euro	8.17 million	13.12.2021
11	Improved Coordination of International Climate Finance (ICICF) ERD (UN Wing)	GIZ	Grant	Euro	3.5 million	21.06.2022

KfW

Annexure-2.i

Sl.	Name of Project Implementing Ministry/ Division Executing Agency	DP	Type Loan/ Grant	Commitment		Date of Signing
				Currency	Amount (Million)	
1	Improvement of Power Transmission in the Western Zone Power Division (PGCB)	KfW	Loan+ Grant	Euro	Loan: 45 million Grant: 15 million	15.12.2014
2	Energy Efficiency in Grid-based Power Supply project Power Division (PGCB)	KfW	Loan+ Grant	Euro	Loan: 137.50 million Grant: 2.00 million	11.07.2018
3	Energy Efficiency III (Pre- Payment Metering Project) (Phase-I) BPDB Power Division (BPDB)	KfW	Grant	Euro	10 million	23.06.2011
4	Energy Efficiency III (Phase-II)- DPDC Power Division (DPDC)	KfW	Grant	Euro	9 million	23.06.2011
5	Productive Use of Renewable Energy (PUREP) IDCOL	KfW	Grant	Euro	10.5 million	11.02.2014

Sl.	Name of Project Implementing Ministry/ Division Executing Agency	DP	Type Loan/ Grant	Commitment		Date of Signing
				Currency	Amount (Million)	
6	Climate Change Adapted drinking water resources management Dhaka-Saidabad III' Dhaka WASA under LGD of MoLGRD&C	KfW	Loan	Euro	90 million	17.10.2018
7	Financing Environment and Safety Retrofits in the Bangladesh Ready-Made Garment (RMG) Sector' Bank and Financial Institution Division (Bangladesh Bank)	KfW	Grant	Euro	4 million	29.03.2018
8	Climate Change Adaptation in Urban Development Local Government Division Programme (Barishal Component)	KfW	Grant	Euro	11.4 million	12.02.2017
9	Climate Change Adaptation in Urban Development Programme (Satkhira Component) Local Government Division (Satkhira Pouroshova, Khulna City Corporation)	KfW	Grant	Euro	13.6 million	25.09.2017
10	Renewable Energy Programme – IDCOL Power Division	KfW	Loan+ Grant	Euro	Loan: 60 million Grant: 10 million	15.10.2018
11	Promotion of Structure Building Measures to support the Rohingya and host Communities Local Government Division	KfW	Grant	Euro	7 million	27.09.2020
12	Modernization of Power Distribution-Smart Grids Phase1 Power Division	KfW	Loan	Euro	120 million	25.10.2021

Netherlands

Annexure-2.j

Sl.	Name of Project Implementing Ministry/ Division Executing Agency	DP	Type Loan/ Grant	Commitment		Date of Signing
				Currency	Amount (Million)	
1	Programme for Integrate Sustainable Economic Development by Improving the water in Productive Sector in Selected Polders (BLUE GOLD	Neth erlan ds	Grant	Euro	76.08 million	20.02.2013

Sl.	Name of Project Implementing Ministry/ Division Executing Agency	DP	Type Loan/ Grant	Commitment		Date of Signing
				Currency	Amount (Million)	
	Programme) Ministry of Water Resources Ministry of Agriculture					
2	Support to the Implementation of the Bangladesh Delta Plan- 2100 General Economic Division Planning Commission	Neth erlan ds	Grant	Euro	5.96 million	13.05.2019
3	Water as Leverage, Natural Drainage Solutions for Khulna City Local Government Division (Khulna City Corporation)	Neth erlan ds	Grant	Euro	0.91 million	27.12.2021
4	Char Development and Settlement Project-Bridging (Additional Financing) Ministry of Water Bangladesh Water Development Board (BWDB)	Neth erlan ds	Grant	Euro	5.54 million	23.05.2021

AFD/France

Annexure-2.k

Sl.	Name of Project Implementing Ministry/ Division Executing Agency	DP	Type Loan/ Grant	Commitment		Date of Signing
				Currency	Amount (Million)	
1	Dhaka Environmentally Sustainable Water Supply Project	AFD	Loan	Euro	130 Million	10.11. 2021
2	Safety Retrofits and Environmental Upgrades in the Bangladeshi RMG Sector	AFD	Loan	Euro	50 million	29.03.2018
			Grant		6.3 million	29.03.2018
3	Saidabad Water Treatment Plant Project (Phase-III)	AFD	Loan	Euro	115 million	16.05.2018
4	Energy efficient, renewable energy and environment friendly projects by IDCOL	AFD	Loan	Euro	100 million	15.06.2020
			Grant		1 million	17 .07.2020
5	Construction and Augmentation of Substation and Installation of the Capacitor Bank in Power System under DPDC project	AFD	Loan	Euro	100.00 million	08.12. 2020
			Grant		12.00 Million	08.06.2021

Sl.	Name of Project Implementing Ministry/ Division Executing Agency	DP	Type Loan/ Grant	Commitment		Date of Signing
				Currency	Amount (Million)	
6	Cash Transfer Modernization project (Adaptive Social Protection)	AFD	Loan	Euro	150.00 Million	02.02.2021
7	FERC-EXPERTISE AND CAPACITY BUILDING FUND' (CBD 1016)	AFD	Grant	Euro	0.5 million	19.01.2017 Amendment signed: 06.04.2021
8	Financial assistance to energy efficiency, renewable energy and women entrepreneurship linked projects (BIFFL)	AFD	Loan	Euro	50 Million	12.08.2021
9	Vaccination and Health Sector Budget Support	AFD	Loan	Euro	200 Million	10.11.2021
10	Health Budget Support FEXTE (Fund for Technical Expertise and Experience Transfers)	AFD	Grant	Euro	660,000	29 June 2022

UK (FCDO)

Annexure-2.l

Sl.	Name of Project Implementing Ministry/ Division Executing Agency	DP	Type Loan/ Grant	Commitment		Date of Signing
				Currency	Amount (Million)	
01	Pathways to Prosperity for extremely Poor (PPEPP)	FCDO	Grant	GBP	18.8 Million	17.12.2018

Switzerland (SDC)

Annexure-2.m

Sl.	Name of Project Implementing Ministry/ Division Executing Agency	DP	Type Loan/ Grant	Commitment		Date of Signing
				Currency	Amount (Million)	
01	Institutionalization of Horizontal Learning Programme (HLP) in Bangladesh	SDC	Grant	CHF	2.93 million	13.02.2019
02	Strengthening resilience of livestock farmers through risk reducing services	SDC	Grant	CHF	3.4 million	13.01.2019

Sl.	Name of Project Implementing Ministry/ Division Executing Agency	DP	Type Loan/ Grant	Commitment		Date of Signing
				Currency	Amount (Million)	
03	Prabridhi: Local Economic Development (LED) in Bangladesh.	SDC	Grant	BDT	8.5 million	04 February 2020
04	Operationalizing Integrated Water Resources Management (IWRM) in compliance with the Bangladesh Water Rules, 2018	SDC	Grant	CHF	0.548 Million	03 February 2020
05	Making Markets Work for the Chars (M4C) project phase 2	SDC	Grant	CHF	5.5 Million	24 June 2020

EU

Annexure-2.n

Sl.	Name of Project Implementing Ministry/ Division Executing Agency	DP	Type Loan/ Grant	Commitment		Date of Signing
				Currency	Amount (Million)	
1	Human Capital Development Programme 2021' in Bangladesh Ministry of Primary and Mass Education	EU	Grant	Euro	205.5 million top top up 18.47 total=223.97	31.05.2021
2	National Information Platform for Nutrition in Bangladesh Statistics and informatics Division	EU	Grant	Euro	3.85	31.12.2017
3	Bangladesh Resilient Livelihoods Programme Ministry of Social Welfare	EU	Grant	Euro	60.57	18.12.2017
	Skills 21 – Empowering Citizens for Inclusive and Sustainable Growth Ministry of Education /ILO	EU	Grant	Euro	25.32	12.12.2016
5	Strengthening Inclusion and Participation in Decision Making and Accountability Mechanisms in Bangladesh' Project Cabinet Division/ British Council	EU	Grant	Euro	14.31	8.12.2016
6	Food and Nutrition Security Programme for Bangladesh 2015. Ministry of Food/FAO & NGOs	EU	Grant	Euro	93.61	8.12.2016

Sl.	Name of Project Implementing Ministry/ Division Executing Agency	DP	Type Loan/ Grant	Commitment		Date of Signing
				Currency	Amount (Million)	
7	GCCCA+ Support for enhancing Communities Resilience to climate change and related disasters. LGD /UNDP	EU	Grant	Euro	8.00 million top top up 6.8 total=14.8 7	04.11.2020
8	Activating Village Courts in Bangladesh Phase II Ministry/Division: Ministry of Local Government, Rural Development and Cooperatives LGD & UNDP	EU	Grant	Euro	27.53	28.12.2015
9	Poverty Reduction through Inclusive and Sustainable Markets (PRISM) M/O Industries	EU	Grant	Euro	33.04	26.12.2013
10	Social protection Programme for unemployed and Distressed Workers in the Export-oriented Garments, Leather Goods and footwear Industries (National Social Security Strategy Programme)	EU	Grant	Euro	132.00 113 euro	30.06.2019 Addendum Signed 02.12.2020
11	Supporting the implementation of the PFM Reform Strategic Plan in Bangladesh Finance Division & Cabinet Division	EU	Grant	Euro		1.07.2019
12	Fostering Rights and Empowerment Among Most Marginalized Adolescents and Children with Disabilities in Bangladesh Social Welfare and Women & Children Affairs	EU	Grant	Euro	22.00	25.10.2020
13	Promoting Justice for all: A more inclusive and effective Justice System in Bangladesh	EU	Grant	Euro	38.00	27.06.2022

European Investment Bank (EIB):

Annexure-2.o

Sl.	Name of Project Implementing Ministry/ Division Executing Agency	DP	Type Loan/ Grant	Commitment		Date of Signing
				Currency	Amount (Million)	
1	Dhaka Environmentally Sustainable Water Supply (DEWS) project LGD/ Dhaka WASA	EIB	Loan	Euro	110.13	30.06.2014
2	Laksam-Akhaura Double Track Rail Project Ministry of Railways	EIB	Loan	Euro	148.68	15.10.2015
3	Saidabad III Water Treatment Plant Local Government Division	EIB	Loan	Euro	44.05	04.06.2018
4	Bangladesh Rail Fleet Modernization (200 BG Carriages) Ministry of Railways	EIB	Loan	Euro	121.14	14.12.2018
5	Bangladesh Covid -19 Public Health Programme	EIB	Loan	Euro	250.00	29.12.2021

Russia

Annexure-2.p

Sl.	Name of Project Implementing Ministry/ Division Executing Agency	DP	Type Loan/ Grant	Commitment		Date of Signing
				Currency	Amount (Million)	
1	Construction of Rooppur Nuclear Power Plant Project (Main Phase) Ministry of Science and Technology	Russian Federation	Loan	USD	11380	26.07.2016

Annexure-2
Wing wise ongoing Project list for FY 2021-22
Wing-8: Asia, JEC and F&F

India

Annexure-2.q

Sl.	Name of project Implementation Ministry/Division Executing Agency	DP	Type Loan/ Grant	Commitment		Date of Signing
				Currency	Amount (million)	
1.	Construction of Khulna- Mongla Port Rail Line Ministry of Railways Bangladesh Railway	India	Loan	USD	388.92	Project taken under 1 st LoC
2.	Construction of 3 rd & 4 th Dual Gauge Railway Track between Dhaka-Tongi section and doubling of Dual Gauge Track between Tongi-Joydebpur section including signaling works Ministry of Railways Bangladesh Railway	India	Loan	USD	235.1	do
3.	Rehabilitation of Kulaura-Shahbazpur Section of Bangladesh Railway Ministry of Railways Bangladesh Railway	India	Loan	USD	78.1	do
4.	Improvement of Ashuganj River Port-Sarail-Dharkhar-Akhaura Land Port Road as 4-Lane National Highway Road Transport and Highways Division Roads & Highways Department	India	Loan	USD	354.73	Project taken under 2 nd LoC
5.	Procurement of Equipment and Machineries of Construction, Repair and Maintenance of Road Infrastructure Road Transport and Highways Division Roads & Highways Department	India	Loan	USD	59.84	do
6.	Establishment of IT/Hi-Tech Park at District Level (Twelve Districts) ICT Division Bangladesh High Tech Park Authority	India	Loan	USD	193.00	do
7.	Barapukuria-Bogura-Kaliakoir 400 KV Line Project Power Division PGCB	India	Loan	USD	405.44	do

Sl.	Name of project Implementation Ministry/Division Executing Agency	DP	Type Loan/ Grant	Commitment		Date of Signing
				Currency	Amount (million)	
8.	Infrastructure Development for Power Evacuation Facilities of Rooppur Nuclear Power Plant Power Division PGCB	India	Loan	USD	1016.83	Project taken under 3 rd LoC

China

Annexure-2.r

Sl. No	Name of the Project Implementation Ministry/Division Executing Agency	DP	Type Loan/ Grant	Amount (million USD)	Date of Signing
1.	Padma Bridge Rail Link Ministry of Railways	China	Loan	2667.94	27.04.2018
2.	Construction of Tunnel under the river Karnaphuli Bridges Division	China	Loan	705.80	14.10.2016
3.	Installation of “Single Point Mooring (SPM) with Double Pipeline Energy and Mineral Resources Division	China	Loan	550.67	03.11.2017
4.	Modernization of Telecommunication Network for Digital Connectivity Post and Telecommunication Division	China	Loan	224.96	10.04.2018
5.	Expansion and Strengthening of Power System Network under DPDC Area Project Power Division	China	Loan	1402.93	04.07.2019
6.	Power Grid Network Strengthening Project under PGCB Power Division	China	Loan	966.28	07.06.2020
7.	Construction of Dhaka-Ashulia Elevated Expressway Bridges Division	China	Loan	1126.99	26.10.2021

South Korea

Annexure-2.s

Sl.	Name of project Implementation Ministry/Division Executing Agency	DP	Type Loan/ Grant	Commitment		Date of Signing
				Currency	Amount (million)	
1	Global Maritime Distress and Safety System (GMDSS) and Integrated Maritime Navigation System (IMNS) Ministry of Shipping, DoS	EDCF	Loan	USD	37.50	02.08.2013
2	Bhandhal Jhuri Water Supply Project of Chittagong WASA Local Government Division	EDCF	Loan	USD	144.00	29.06.2021

Sl.	Name of project Implementation Ministry/Division Executing Agency	DP	Type Loan/ Grant	Commitment		Date of Signing
				Currency	Amount (million)	
	CWASA					
3	Establishment of Multi-disciplinary and Super-Specialized Hospital at BSMMU Ministry of Health & Family Welfare, BSMMU	EDCF	Loan	USD	130.91	19.11.2015
4	Establishment of Digital Land Management System (DLMS) Ministry of Land, DLRS	EDCF	Loan	USD	35.85	22.06.2016
5	Procurement of 20 nos. Meter Gauge Diesel Electric Locomotives Project Ministry of Railways Bangladesh Railway	EDCF	Loan	USD	91.00	19.10.2016
6	Procurement of 150 nos. Meter Gauge Passenger Coaches Ministry of Railways Bangladesh Railway	EDCF	Loan	USD	101.00	19.10.2016
7	Establishment of 160 Upazilla ICT Training and Resource Center for Education (UITRCE) (Phase-2) Ministry of Education	EDCF	Loan	USD	76.02	24.04.2018
8	Eye Health Promotion and the Prevention of Blindness in Selected Area of Bangladesh	KOICA	Grant	USD	8.45	29.12.2014
9	Strengthening Ability of Fire Emergency Response (SAFER)	KOICA	Grant	USD	8.35	15.05.2017
10	Better Employment with Competency-based Skills Training (BEST) project Ministry of Expatriates Welfare & Overseas Employment BMET	KOICA	Grant	USD	8.50	14.07.2019
11	Capacity Building of Universities in Bangladesh to Promote Youth Entrepreneurship Secondary & Higher Education Division Dhaka University	KOICA	Grant	USD	7.50	31.01.2021
12	Improving the Reliability and Safety in National Highway Corridors of Bangladesh by Introduction of ITS (Intelligent Transport System) Road Transport and Highways Division	KOICA	Grant	USD	8.93	31.01.2021

Sl.	Name of project Implementation Ministry/Division Executing Agency	DP	Type Loan/ Grant	Commitment		Date of Signing
				Currency	Amount (million)	
13	Safer Cyberspace for Digital Bangladesh : Enhancing National & Regional Digital Investigation Capability of Bangladesh Police Project Bangladesh Police, CIB, Public Security Division, MoHA	KOICA	Grant	USD	4.8	31.01.2021

AIIB

Annexure-2.t

Sl.	Name of the Project	DP	Type	Commitment		Date of Signing
				Currency	Amount (USD million)	
1.	Natural Gas Infrastructure and Efficiency Improvement project Implementing Ministry: Ministry of Power, Energy and Mineral Resources Executing Agency: Bangladesh Gas Fields Company Ltd. (BGFCL) and Gas Field Company Limited (GTCL)	AIIB	Loan	USD	60	08.05.2017
2.	Bangladesh Power System Upgrade and Expansion Project Implementing Division: Power Division Executing Agency: Power Grid Company of Bangladesh Ltd.	AIIB	Loan	USD	120	08.11.2019
3.	Bangladesh Municipal Water Supply and Sanitation Project Implementing Division: Local Government Division Executing Agency: Department of Public Health Engineering	AIIB	Loan	USD	100	11.12.2019
4.	COVID-19 Active Response and Expenditure Support Programme	AIIB	Loan	USD	250	23.05.2020

Sl.	Name of the Project	DP	Type	Commitment		Date of Signing
				Currency	Amount (USD million)	
	Implementing Division: Finance Division					
5	Dhaka and Western Zone Transmission Grid Expansion Project Implementing Division: Power Division Executing Agency: Power Grid Company of Bangladesh Ltd.	AIIB	Loan	USD	200	30.06.2020
6	Dhaka Sanitation Improvement Project Implementing Division: Local Government Division Executing Agency: Dhaka Wasa	AIIB	Loan	USD	170	01.09.2020
7	Improvement of Sylhet-Tamabil Road to a 4 Lane Highway with separate SMVT Lane Implementing Division: Road Transport and Highways Division Executing Agency: Roads and Highways Department	AIIB	Loan	USD	404	26.10.2020
8	Bangladesh Rural Water, Sanitation and Hygiene for Human Capital Development Project Implementing Division: Local Government Division Executing Agency: PKSF and Department of Public Health Engineering	AIIB	Loan	USD	200	18.02.2021
9	COVID-19 Emergency Response and Pandemic Preparedness Project Implementing Division: Health Services Division Executing Agency: Director General of Health	AIIB	Loan	USD	100	19.02.2021
10	Bangladesh COVID-19 Emergency and Crisis Response Facility Project	AIIB	Loan	USD	300	26.02.2021

Sl.	Name of the Project	DP	Type	Commitment		Date of Signing
				Currency	Amount (USD million)	
	Implementing Division: Finance Division Executing Agency: Bangladesh Bank					
11	Technical Assistant Project with Feasibility Study for Madunaghat-Bhulta 765 KV Transmission Line Project Implementing Division: Power Division Executing Agency: Power Grid Company of Bangladesh Ltd.	AIIB	Grant	USD	3.29	31.08.2021
12	Technical Assistance Project on Integrated Solid Waste Management Improvement Project Implementing Division: Local Government Division Executing Agency: Local Government Engineering Department	AIIB	Grant	USD	2.00	30.09.2021
13	Sustainable Economic Recovery Programme (Sub-programme-1) Implementing Division: Finance Division	AIIB	Loan	USD	250	22.10.2021
14	Construction of Kewatkhali Bridge at Mymensingh Project Implementing Division: Road Transport and Highways Division Executing Agency: Roads and Highways Department	AIIB	Loan	USD	260	01.11.2021
15	IDCOL Multi-Sector On-Lending Facility Project Implementing Division: Ministry of Finance Executing Agency: IDCOL	AIIB	Loan	USD	200	26.04.2022

Annexure -3
Development Partner wise Commitment Amount in 2021-2022

(In million USD)

Bilateral	Grant	Loan	Total
China	0	1127	1127
France (AFD)	0.74	450.16	450.9
Germani (KFW/GIZ)	38.04	135.93	173.97
xs	5.77	0	5.77
Japan	30.67	1698.08	1728.75
Netherlands	1.01	0	1.01
SDC	1.14	0	1.14
Total	77.37	3411.17	3488.54
Multilateral	Grant	Loan	Total
ADB	73.07	1528.5	1601.57
AIIB	5.29	710	715.29
EIB	0	283	283
EU	43.09	0	43.09
IDA	568.9	1165	1733.9
ITFC	0.05	0	0.05
EDCF	0	100.00	100.00
IsDB	19.60	36.40	56.00
IFAD	1.09	18.07	19.16
OFID	0	75.00	75.00
UNDP	17.53	0	17.53
UNEP	0.03	0	0.03
UNODC	2.24	0	2.24
UNCDF	1.86	0	1.86
FAO	16.54	0	16.54
UNOPS	0.78	0	0.78
Global Fund	38.90	0	38.90
Vital Strategies Singapore	0.16	0	0.16
ILO	4.51	0	4.51
IOM	5.76	0	5.76
Total	799.40	3915.97	4715.37
Grant Total (Multilateral+Bilateral)			876.77
Loan Total (Multilateral+Bilateral)			7327.14
Grand Total (Multilateral+Bilateral)			8203.91

Annexure -4
Development Partner wise Disbursement Amount in 2021-2022
(In million USD)

Bilateral	Grant	Loan	Total
China	0	1003.87	1003.87
Denmark	5.32	0	5.32
France (AFD)	0	164.77	164.77
Germani (KFW/GIZ)	4.79	18.46	23.25
India	0	324.16	324.16
Japan	2.11	2205.71	2207.82
Kuwait	0	19.77	19.77
Russia	0	1224.55	1224.55
Saudi Arabia	0	10.29	10.29
South Korea	4.30	185.96	190.26
Total	16.52	5157.54	5174.06
Multilateral	Grant	Loan	Total
ADB	1.03	2567.74	2568.77
AIIB	0	297.49	297.49
EIB	0	20.72	20.72
IDA	93.51	1574.01	1667.52
IDB	0	41.18	41.18
IFAD	0.50	36.45	36.95
OFID	0	115.64	115.64
UNDP	33.01	0	33.01
UNICEF	35.10	0	35.10
UNIDO	0.52	0	0.52
UNCDCF	3.33	0	3.33
FAO	7.82	0	7.82
Vital Strategies	0.035	0	0.035
ILO	3.21	0	3.21
UNFPA	0.42	0	0.42
UN WOMEN	0.07	0	0.07
WFP	2.53	0	2.53
Total	181.09	4653.23	4834.32
Grant Total (Multilateral+Bilateral)			197.61
Loan Total (Multilateral+Bilateral)			9810.77
Grand Total (Multilateral+Bilateral)			10008.38

Annexure-5
Sector wise Project Assistance for Annual Development Programme
Disbursement FY 2021-2022

(In BDT lac)

SI. No.	Name of Sector/Agency	ADP Total	RADP Total
1.	GENERAL PUBLIC SERVICES	101274	69398
2.	DEFENSE	0	0
3.	PUBLIC DISCIPLINE AND SECURITY	200	8219
4.	INDUSTRY AND ECONOMIC SERVICES	159557	87829
5.	AGRICULTURE	254581	206697
6.	POWER AND ENERGY	3409836	2716859
7.	TRANSPORT AND COMMUNICATION	2503800	2009388
8.	LOCAL GOVERNMENT AND RURAL DEVELOPMENT	409087	392131
9.	ENVIRONMENT, CLIMATE CHANGE AND WATER RESOURCES	99427	87869
10.	HOUSING AND COMMUNITY FACILITIES	694028	496897
11.	HEALTH	884977	576073
12.	RELIGION, CULTURE AND ENTERTAINMENT	1586	1016
13.	EDUCATION	187020	267400
14.	SCIENCE AND INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY	33947	23148
15.	SOCIAL SECURITY	21724	17548
	Total (Investment + TA)	8761044	6960472
	Development Assistance in Special Needs	41379	64528
	Grand Total (Investment + TA)	8802423	7025000

Annexure-6
Ministry/Division wise Project Aid for Annual Development Programme
Disbursement FY 2021-2022

(In BDT lac)

Sl. No.	Name of Sector/Agency	ADP Total	RADP Total
1	Parliament Affair's Secretariat	60	60
2	Prime Minister's Office	115100	69176
3	Cabinet Division	4581	4297
4	Election Commission Secretariat	0	0
5	Ministry of Public Administration	0	0
6	Bangladesh Public Service Commission	0	0
7	Finance Division	50985	32444
8	Internal Resources Division (IRD)	7500	1265
9	Financial Institutions Division	10314	7377
10	Economic Relations Division	4704	3536
11	Planning Division	2209	2631
12	Implementation Monitoring & Evaluation Division	19029	14098
13	Statistics and Informatics Division	4821	4379
14	Ministry of Commerce	33205	7687
15	Ministry of Foreign Affairs	0	0
16	Ministry of Defence	19519	9400
17	Law and Justice Division	200	0
18	Public Security Division	0	6711
19	Legislative & Parliamentary Affairs Division	0	0
20	Ministry of Primary and Mass Education	124200	212685
21	Secondary And Higher Education Division	56024	46596
22	Ministry of Science and Technology	1600000	1280000
23	Health Services Division	728484	470845
24	Information & Communication Technology Division	33947	23148
25	Ministry of Social Welfare	10625	6094
26	Ministry of Women and Children Affairs	9823	10241
27	Ministry of Labour and Employment	5723	5258
28	Ministry of Housing and Public Works	25800	21368
29	Ministry of Information and Broadcasting	1498	1000
30	Ministry of Cultural Affairs	0	0
31	Ministry of Religious Affairs	0	0
32	Ministry of Youth & Sports	88	16

Sl. No.	Name of Sector/Agency	ADP Total	RADP Total
33	Local Government Division	1114799	900213
34	Rural Development and Co-operatives Division	1212	1925
35	Ministry of Industries	247	703
36	Ministry of Expatriates' Welfare and Overseas Employment	5050	5672
37	Ministry Of Textiles And Jute	0	0
38	Energy & Mineral Resources Division	115460	94968
39	Ministry of Agriculture	33928	35551
40	Ministry of Fisheries and Livestock	100005	79403
41	Ministry of Environment, Forest, and Climate Change	32405	36242
42	Ministry of Land	11063	5361
43	Ministry of Water Resources	96934	73578
44	Ministry of Food	37400	37400
45	Ministry of Disaster Management and Relief	44010	29950
46	Road Transport and Highways Division	804167	689212
47	Ministry of Railways	1022475	904251
48	Ministry of Shipping	122200	33463
49	Ministry of Civil Aviation and Tourism	207902	244883
50	Posts and Telecommunications Division	48600	30000
51	Ministry of Chattogram Hill Tracts Affairs	3989	6950
52	Power Division	1694376	1341891
53	Ministry of Liberation War Affairs	0	0
54	Anti-Corruption Commission	171	171
55	Bridges Division	260000	78700
56	Technical & Madrasa Education Division	6585	7855
57	Security Services Division	0	1508
58	Medical Education and Family Welfare Division	129627	80310
	Total (Investment +TA)	8761044	6960472
	Dev. Assistance in Special Needs	41379	64528
	Grand Total (Investment + TA)	8802423	7025000

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