



Air Quality Monthly Report

July, 2014



Department of Environment
Ministry of Environment, Forest and Climate Change
Bangladesh

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1. Introduction

Air quality management plans based on knowledge of sources, appropriate air quality standards, accurate air quality data, and effective incentives; and enforcement policies is therefore needed to be adopted.

At this backdrop, real-time measurements of ambient level pollutants were made at 8 major cities (Namely, Dhaka, Narayanganj, Gazipur, Chittagong, Rajshahi, Khulna, Barisal and Sylhet) of Bangladesh. The data generated will be used to define the nature and severity of pollution in the cities; identify pollution trends in the country; and develop air models and emission inventories.

The program encompasses operation of the sampling and monitoring network, and quality assurance activities to ensure the quality of the data collected and disseminated by the CASE project.

CASE project monitors the criteria pollutants such as carbon monoxide, nitrogen dioxide, ozone, sulfur dioxide, PM10 and PM2.5. Monitoring is performed to demonstrate attainment or non-attainment of national ambient air quality standards to assess the trends of air pollution levels.

The main purpose of this report is to present, analyze and make available of these data to the general public, stakeholders, researchers and policy makers to develop effective air pollution abatement strategies. This report summarizes the air quality data collected at the different CAMS in operation under the Department of Environment (DoE) air quality monitoring network.

The basis for discussion of air quality has been the data collected from the Air Quality monitoring Network stations under DoE. The data have been quality controlled and the air pollution levels have been compared to the Bangladesh Ambient Air Quality Standard as adopted in 2005. Table 1 represents the current and approved air quality standards for Bangladesh.

Table 1: National Ambient Air Quality Standards for Bangladesh

Pollutant	Objective	Average
CO	10 mg/m ³ (9 ppm)	8 hours(a)
	40 mg/m ³ (35 ppm)	1 hour(a)
Pb	0.5 µg/m ³	Annual
NO _x	100 µg/m ³ (0.053 ppm)	Annual
PM10	50 µg/m ³	Annual (b)
	150 µg/m ³	24 hours (c)
PM2.5	15 µg/m ³	Annual
	65 µg/m ³	24 hours
O ₃	235 µg/m ³ (0.12 ppm)	1 hour (d)
	157 µg/m ³ (0.08 ppm)	8 hours
SO ₂	80 µg/m ³ (0.03 ppm)	Annual
	365 µg/m ³ (0.14 ppm)	24 hours (a)

Notes:

- (a) Not to be exceeded more than once per year
- (b) The objective is attained when the annual arithmetic mean is less than or equal to 50 µg/m³
- (c) The objective is attained when the expected number of days per calendar year with a 24-hour average of 150 µg/m³ is equal to or less than 1
- (d) The objective is attained when the expected number of days per calendar year with the maximum hourly average of 0.12 ppm is equal to or less than 1 (Source: AQMP, DOE).

2. Monitoring Network

The main objective of the Bangladesh AQM network is to provide reliable information to the authorities and to the public about the air quality in most populous cities of Bangladesh.

As a part of the air quality monitoring strategy, several objectives can be achieved, including:

- Establish source/receptor relationships;
- Identify which are the pollutants of concern and their current status;
- Show how widespread air pollution problems are and indicate the general extent of the public exposure;
- Provide benchmarks against which trends in overall air quality can be compared and devise performance indicators for assessing the impact of an air quality management plan or strategy;
- Provide a data base for evaluation of effects; of urban, land use management, and transportation planning; of development and evaluation of abatement strategies; and of development and validation of atmospheric processes and models.

Another objective in the monitoring and management programme is to provide input data for modeling. These data will serve as a background for performing air quality planning and abatement studies. Model results may also serve as input to other studies such as health related investigations and exposure assessments.

The ambient air quality monitoring network Bangladesh consists of eleven (11) fixed Continuous Air Monitoring Stations (CAMS). The locations of the 11 CAMS are shown in Figure 1. Brief description of the monitoring stations and the list of measured parameters recorded at each station are provided in Table 2.

Table 2: Description of Monitoring Network:

City	ID	Location	Lat/Lon	Monitoring capacity
Dhaka	CAMS-1	Sangshad Bhaban, Sher-e-Bangla Nagar	23.76N 90.39E	PM10, PM2.5, CO, SO2, NOX, O3, and HC concentrations with meteorological parameters.
	CAMS-2	Firmgate	23.76N 90.39E	PM10, PM2.5, CO, SO2, NOX, O3, and HC with meteorological parameters.
	CAMS-3	Darus-Salam	23.78N 90.36E	PM10, PM2.5, CO, SO2, NOX and O3 with meteorological parameters.
Gazipur	CAMS-4	Gazipur	23.99N 90.42E	PM10, PM2.5, CO, SO2, NOX and O3 with meteorological parameters.
Narayangonj	CAMS-5	Narayangonj	23.63N 90.51E	PM10, PM2.5, CO, SO2, NOX and O3 with meteorological parameters.
Chittagong	CAMS-6	TV station, Khulshi	22.36N 91.80E	PM10, PM2.5, CO, SO2, NOX, O3, and HC with meteorological parameters.
	CAMS-7	Agrabad	22.32N 91.81E	PM10, PM2.5, CO, SO2, NOX and O3 with meteorological parameters.
Khulna	CAMS-8	Baira	22.48N 89.53E	PM10, PM2.5, CO, SO2, NOX, O3, and HC with meteorological parameters
Rajshahi	CAMS-9	Sopura	24.38N 88.61E	PM10, PM2.5, CO, SO2, NOX, O3, and HC with meteorological

City	ID	Location	Lat/Lon	Monitoring capacity
				parameters.
Sylhet	CAMS-10	Red Crecent Campus	24.89N 91.87E	PM10, PM2.5, CO, SO2, NOX and O3 with meteorological parameters.
Barisal	CAMS-11	DFO office campus	22.71N 90.36E	PM10, PM2.5, CO, SO2, NOX and O3 with meteorological parameters.



Figure 1: CAMS Location in Bangladesh

Monitoring data from network stations are transferred to a central data centre at the Department of Environment office in Dhaka and simultaneously transferred to Air Quality Management System based on NILU AIRQus system established under BAPMAN project. The data are stored in AIRQus database for quality check, control, evaluation, validation, statistical analysis. Quality controlled data are then stored in the final database for further analysis, reporting, presentations and future use.

3. Monthly Air Quality

The data presented in this report are based on monitoring of air quality parameters during July 2014 at 11 CAMS operated under CASE-DoE monitoring network. Table-3 summarizes the basic statistics of the data along with the data capture rate and the number of days for which specific pollutant exceeded the Bangladesh National Ambient Air Quality Standard (BNAAQs). Since NO_x have only annual standard, so for this pollutant daily 24-hours average concentration levels were compared with the annual average. During data quality control some data were flagged as invalid and those were not included in the analysis. Time series plots based on the data generated in the CAMS are also given in Annexes.

In general the data availability (valid data) found to be over 80% except few parameters in the CAMS in operation. In case of data capture rate below 75% for a particular averaging time are not reported. Data from Khulna CAMS could not be included in the report because data were not available in the central data station due to failure of the virtual private networking.

Inspection of the data shows that there were no occurrences of non-compliance for PM₁₀ & PM_{2.5} levels at all the stations during the month of July. It is observed that the 24 hr average concentration level of PM_{2.5} and PM₁₀ did not exceed the BNAAQs during the month of July 2014. It is observed that the monthly average concentration level of PM_{2.5} and PM₁₀ measured at different CAMS were found around 17-31 µg/m³ and 33-57 µg/m³ respectively during the month of July 2014. From the time series plot of both PM₁₀ and PM_{2.5}, it is seen there are most of the episodes of low PM concentrations. 24-hours average PM levels in all cities monitored are found low compared to the previous month because wind speed recorded this month was higher than that of the last month which leads more dilution of pollutants as well as the dispersion. It is also observed that all the gaseous pollutants did not exceed the BNAAQs.

In general PM pollution levels in the cities monitored during the reporting month found lower to previous month in respect of public health. Usually in the dry seasons the pollution level reached highest peak and gradually decreases during wet season, which is reflected in the data monitored in all CAMS during the month of July -2014. It is observed that average wind speed and precipitation compared to previous month has a increasing tendency, which increases the rate of dispersion of the pollutants and this might be a reason for observed lower PM concentration.

Wind frequency distributions, also called Wind roses for only Agrabad, Chittagong, Darussalam, Gazipur, BARC and Barisal CAMS under the monitoring network are presented in ANNEX. From the wind rose patterns, it is observed that the predominant wind direction during the month July 2014 were mainly from south-east direction.

4. Summary and conclusion

Data obtained from CAMS operated under DoE air quality monitoring network during July 2014 have been analyzed and reported. Data availability was over 70-80% for all the criteria pollutant monitored at different CAMS with few exceptions. Air quality data for some pollutants were not reported because either the analyzer was not functional or the data capture rate was too low. From the analysis of the data following conclusion can be drawn:

- Though PM₁₀ and PM_{2.5} are the most critical pollutants but 24-hour average for both PM₁₀ and PM_{2.5} concentrations were found noncompliance with the BNAAQs during the month of July, 2014. It is observed that the average concentration level of PM_{2.5} and PM₁₀ were around 17-31 µg/m³ and 33-57 µg/m³ respectively during the month of July 2014.
- The gaseous pollutants except NO_x measured at different CAMS did not exceeded limit values of the BNAAQs. But NO_x concentration did not exceed the BNAAQs in this month. No_x concentration at Darussalam CAMS high compared to other CAMS because the station located near to main road in the city.
- CO concentration of BARC CAMS were found higher than others as a Hot spot. The maximum concentration of CO was 10 ppm in the reporting month.
- Due to increased average wind speed and precipitation during July 2014, dispersion and wash out of pollutants increasing and thus the pollution concentration levels showed lower than previous month.
- Monthly summary of AQI showed that most of the days during this month were moderate and 2nd most were good and most frequent responsible pollutant was PM_{2.5}.

At present manual data quality checks and screening are performed for analyzing the air quality data, further strict quality assurance program that will be developed for this program which eventually will improve the data quality. During the reporting month a number of analyzers did not produced data and they are under maintenance process.

Monthly AQI Summary for all CAMS for month July 2014

AQI Category	Sangsad Bhaban			BARC Farmgate			Darussalam			Gazipur		
	No of days	% of days by category	most frequent responsible pollutant	No of days	% of days by category	most frequent responsible pollutant	No of days	% of days by category	most frequent responsible pollutant	No of days	% of days by category	most frequent responsible pollutant
good	12	40	PM2.5				9	29	PM2.5	22	71	PM2.5
Moderate	18	60	PM2.5				22	71	PM2.5	8	26	PM2.5
caution	0	0					0	0		1	3	PM2.5
unhealthy	0	0					0	0		0	0	
very unhealthy	0	0					0	0		0	0	
extremely unhealthy	0	0					0	0		0	0	
Monthly average AQI	Monthly max AQI	Monthly min AQI		Monthly average AQI	Monthly max AQI	Monthly min AQI	Monthly average AQI	Monthly max AQI	Monthly min AQI	Monthly average AQI	Monthly max AQI	Monthly min AQI
52	74	25					59	100	13	40	103	10
AQI Category	Narayonganj			Tv Station Ctg			CDA Chittagong			Sylhet		
good	27	87	PM2.5	4	13	PM2.5	13	65	PM2.5	22	71	PM2.5
Moderate	4	13	PM2.5	24	80	PM2.5	7	35	PM2.5	8	26	PM2.5
caution	0	0		2	7	PM2.5	0	0		1	3	PM2.5
unhealthy	0	0		0	0		0	0		0	0	
very unhealthy	0	0		0	0		0	0		0	0	
extremely unhealthy	0	0		0	0		0	0		0	0	
Monthly average AQI	Monthly max AQI	Monthly min AQI		Monthly average AQI	Monthly max AQI	Monthly min AQI	Monthly average AQI	Monthly max AQI	Monthly min AQI	Monthly average AQI	Monthly max AQI	Monthly min AQI
35	60	14		74	106	33	44	64	22	45	122	21
AQI Category	Khulna			Rajshahi			Barisal					
good				10	32	PM10	0	0				
Moderate				20	65	PM2.5	27	90	PM2.5			
caution				1	3	PM10	3	10	PM2.5			
unhealthy				0	0		0	0				
very unhealthy				0	0		0	0				
extremely unhealthy				0	0		0	0				
Monthly average AQI	Monthly max AQI	Monthly min AQI		Monthly average AQI	Monthly max AQI	Monthly min AQI	Monthly average AQI	Monthly max AQI	Monthly min AQI			
				62	122	25	75	108	56			

Table 3: Summary Air Quality and Meteorological data measured during July 2014 at different CAMS operated under DoE

Parameter	unit	NAAQS	Summary	CAMS-1 (S-Bhaban)	CAMS-2 (BARC) ^a	CAMS-3 (D-salam)	CAMS-4 (Gazipur)	CAMS-5 (Narayong anj)	CAMS-6 TV-St (Chittagong) ^a	CAMS-7 Agrabad-(Chittagong g)	CAMS-8 (Sylhet)	CAMS-9 (Khulna) ^a	CAMS-10 (Rajshahi) ^a	CAMS-11 (Barisal)
SO ₂ -24 hr	ppb	140	Average	0.46	2.88	DNA*	1.38	1.18	5.65	1.54	3.60	DNA*	3.03	6.73
			Max	0.80	3.85	DNA*	2.0	2.22	7.97	3.01	4.38	DNA*	8.93	7.42
			Min	0.17	2.03	DNA*	0.60	0.46	4.19	0.45	3.13	DNA*	0.21	5.81
			Excedance(Days)	0	0	DNA*	0	0	0	0	0	DNA*	0	0
			Data capture(%)	90	75	DNA*	51	98	90	59	95	DNA*	55	93
NO ₂ -24 hr	ppb	53 (Annual)	Average	DNA*	DNA*	17.3	DNA*	4.27	18.4	9.74	14.8	DNA*	DNA*	DNA*
			Max	DNA*	DNA*	27.8	DNA*	7.95	21.0	18.5	21.8	DNA*	DNA*	DNA*
			Min	DNA*	DNA*	5.56	DNA*	0.84	16.4	5.03	10.4	DNA*	DNA*	DNA*
			Excedance(Days)	DNA*	DNA*	0	DNA*	0	0	0	0	DNA*	DNA*	DNA*
			Data capture(%)	DNA*	DNA*	37	DNA*	68	90	63	96	DNA*	DNA*	DNA*
CO- 1 hr	ppm	35	Average	0.59	1.39	0.69	0.72	0.23	0.60	0.28	1.08	DNA*	0.50	0.44
			Max	0.96	10.58	1.83	2.01	0.63	1.63	5.50	3.36	DNA*	0.82	1.59
			Min	0.30	0.06	0.33	0.19	0.06	0.06	0.05	0.51	DNA*	0.20	0.26
			Excedance(Hour)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	DNA*	0	0
			Data capture(%)	94	67	99	98	100	90	60	95	DNA*	88	93
CO-8hr	ppm	9	Average	0.59	1.40	0.70	0.72	0.23	0.60	0.26	1.08	DNA*	0.50	0.44
			Max	0.87	4.51	1.17	1.45	0.44	0.98	1.78	2.26	DNA*	0.60	0.95
			Min	0.37	0.29	0.39	0.48	0.09	0.35	0.14	0.54	DNA*	0.42	0.29
			Excedance(Hour)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	DNA*	0	0
			Data capture(%)	93	60	98	98	99	87	60	94	DNA*	88	91
O ₃ -1hr	ppb	120	Average	DNA*	6.48	DNA*	4.15	DNA*	15.1	8.55	9.52	DNA*	1.37	6.83
			Max	DNA*	13.95	DNA*	16.3	DNA*	29.6	20.2	23.3	DNA*	17.5	16.2
			Min	DNA*	4.60	DNA*	0.58	DNA*	6.97	0.41	2.87	DNA*	0.05	3.30
			Excedance(Hour)	DNA*	0	DNA*	0	DNA*	0	0	0	DNA*	0	0
			Data capture(%)	DNA*	77	DNA*	98	DNA*	90	62	95	DNA*	84	93
O ₃ -8hr	ppb	80	Average	DNA*	6.48	DNA*	4.18	DNA*	15.1	8.65	9.53	DNA*	1.38	6.84
			Max	DNA*	10.31	DNA*	11.9	DNA*	25.9	17.5	19.0	DNA*	4.76	13.1
			Min	DNA*	5.57	DNA*	0.65	DNA*	9.53	0.74	3.07	DNA*	0.12	4.09
			Excedance(Hour)	DNA*	0	DNA*	0	DNA*	0	0	0	DNA*	0	0
			Data capture(%)	DNA*	74	DNA*	98	DNA*	87	63	94	DNA*	83	91

CAMS= Continuous Air Monitoring Station, NAAQS=National Ambient Air Quality Standard, a=Refurbishment CAMS, PM= Particulate Matter
DNA= Data Not Available, 1= DNA due to station not within the monitoring network, *=DNA due to malfunction of the analyzer/sensor, **=DNA due to poor data capture rate

Table 3: Summary Air Quality and Meteorological data measured during July 2014 at different CAMS operated under DoE (Cont'd)

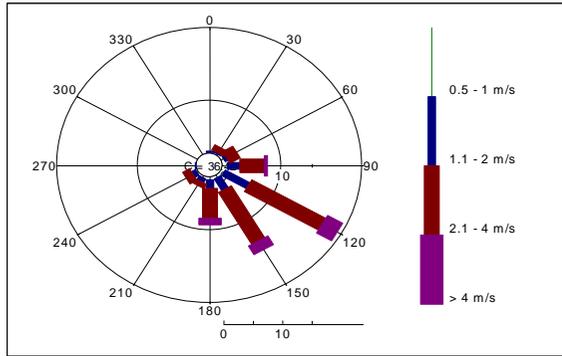
Parameter	unit	NAAQS	Summary	CAMS-1 (S-Bhaban)	CAMS-2 (BARC) ^a	CAMS-3 (D-salam)	CAMS-4 (Gazipur)	CAMS-5 (Narayonganj)	CAMS-6 TV-St (Chittagong) ^a	CAMS-7 Agrabad-(Chittagong)	CAMS-8 (Sylhet)	CAMS-9 (Khulna) ^a	CAMS-10 (Rajshahi) ^a	CAMS-11 (Barisal)	
PM _{2.5} -24hr	µg /m ³	65	Average	20.9	DNA*	24.2	20.6	17.8	31.2	19.2	18.9	DNA*	19.7	29.6	
			Max	29.7	DNA*	40.4	41.7	21.6	43.2	25.2	51.0	DNA*	39.9	44.2	
			Min	10.1	DNA*	11.2	7.67	10.6	20.0	14.3	9.24	DNA*	9.25	22.6	
			Excedance(Days)	0	DNA*	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	DNA*	0	0
			Data capture(%)	93	DNA*	88	66	37	89	50	85	DNA*	80	86	
PM ₁₀ -24hr	µg /m ³	150	Average	45.6	DNA*	46.7	40.3	57.0	53.3	33.2	42.5	DNA*	DNA*	DNA*	
			Max	61.2	DNA*	69.5	79.5	89.4	82.6	44.3	90.1	DNA*	DNA*	DNA*	
			Min	25.4	DNA*	19.8	20.4	27.7	39.1	21.0	23.1	DNA*	DNA*	DNA*	
			Excedance(Days)	0	DNA*	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	DNA*	DNA*	DNA*
			Data capture(%)	93	DNA*	61	89	80	90	45	87	DNA*	DNA*	DNA*	
Solar rad. 1hr	watt/m ²	NA	Average	143	DNA*	186	188	DNA*	DNA*	213	204	DNA*	DNA*	186	
			Max	791	DNA*	971	953	DNA*	DNA*	953	999	DNA*	DNA*	929	
			Min	6.32	DNA*	6.49	5.03	DNA*	DNA*	6.89	4.81	DNA*	DNA*	7.03	
			Data capture(%)	100	DNA*	99	98	DNA*	DNA*	64	97	DNA*	DNA*	93	
Relative Humidity 1hr	(%)	NA	Average	76.5	80.14	76.0	83.9	DNA*	DNA*	77.1	77.7	DNA*	DNA*	83.3	
			Max	92.4	94.81	91.8	99.5	DNA*	DNA*	93.8	94.8	DNA*	DNA*	96.7	
			Min	50.8	54.11	51.1	55.6	DNA*	DNA*	51.4	50.7	DNA*	DNA*	60.8	
			Data capture(%)	100	77	99	98	DNA*	DNA*	64	97	DNA*	DNA*	93	
Ambient Temp. 1hr	(°c)	NA	Average	27.1	30.1	25.1	28.9	DNA*	DNA*	28.5	29.1	DNA*	DNA*	29.8	
			Max	32.9	35.1	32.4	34.4	DNA*	DNA*	34.9	35.2	DNA*	DNA*	34.5	
			Min	23.0	26.3	4.02	24.7	DNA*	DNA*	23.8	24.6	DNA*	DNA*	25.4	
			Data capture(%)	100	75	5	98	DNA*	DNA*	64	97	DNA*	DNA*	93	
Rainfall 1hr	(m.m.)	NA	Average	0.70	1.81	0.17	0.11	DNA*	DNA*	0.30	0.30	DNA*	DNA*	0.32	
			Max	13.1	5.95	9.59	4.36	DNA*	DNA*	7.78	25.2	DNA*	DNA*	15.2	
			Min	0.02	0.03	0.02	0.02	DNA*	DNA*	0.02	0.02	DNA*	DNA*	0.02	
			Data capture(%)	98	68	97	88	DNA*	DNA*	48	73	DNA*	DNA*	54	

CAMS= Continuous Air Monitoring Station, NAAQS=National Ambient Air Quality Standard, a=Refurbishment CAMS, PM= Particulate Matter

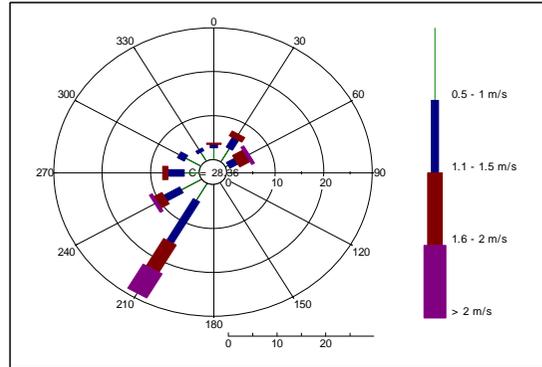
DNA= Data Not Available, 1= DNA due to station not within the monitoring network, *=DNA due to malfunction of the analyzer/sensor, **=DNA due to poor data capture rate

Figure 2: Wind frequency distributions (wind roses) from different CAMS monitored for July 2014 (cont'd).

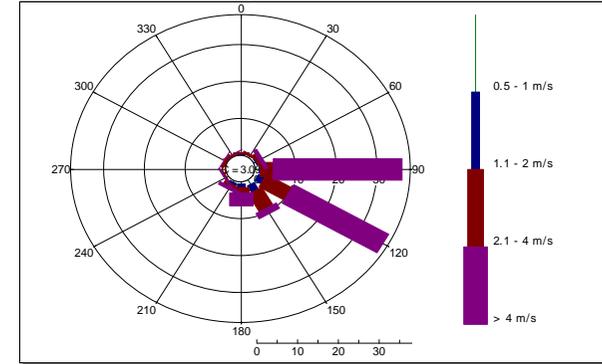
Wind Rose of Agrabad, Chittagong CAMS



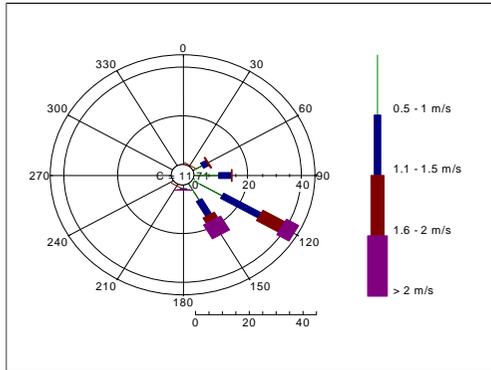
Wind Rose of BARC, Farmgate CAMS



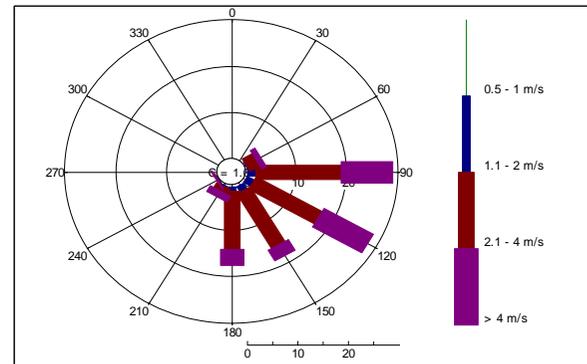
Wind Rose of Gazipur CAMS



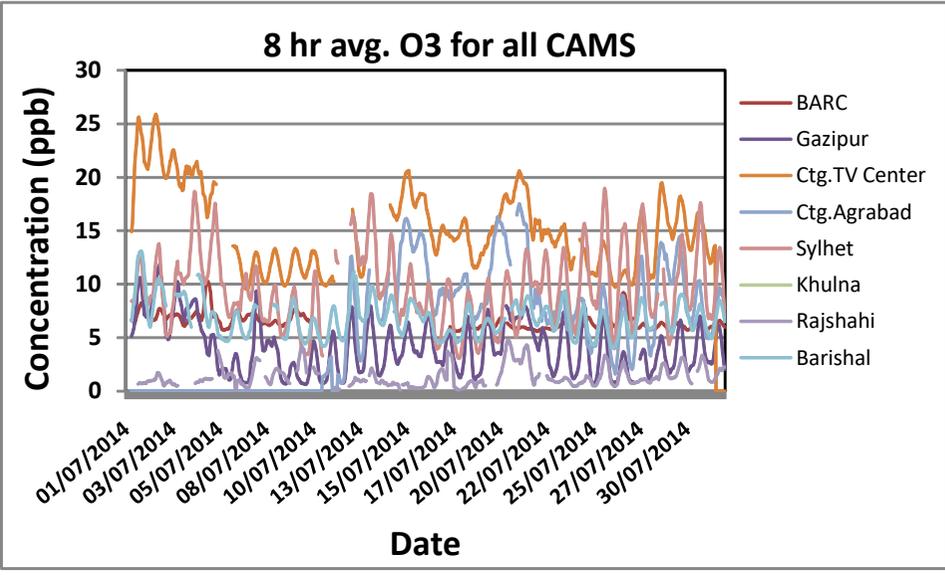
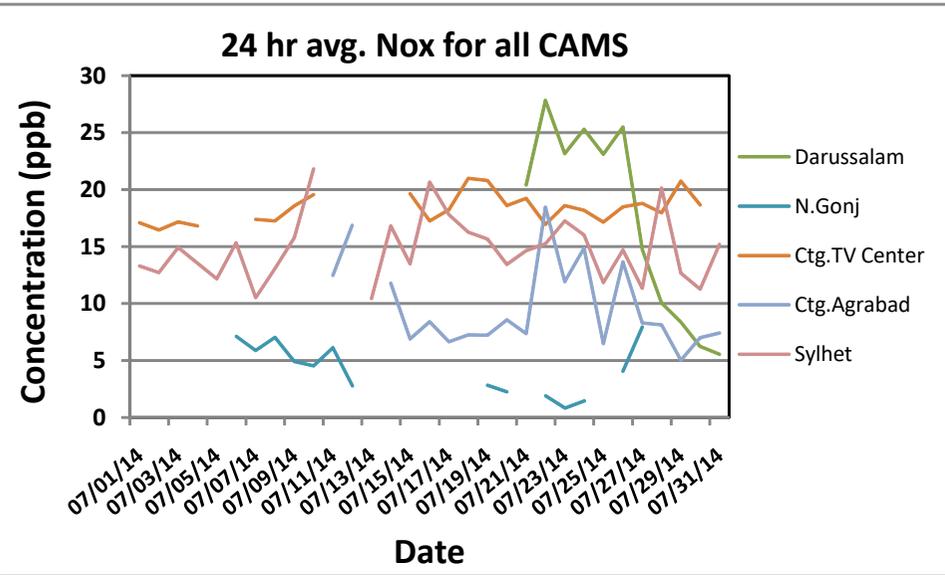
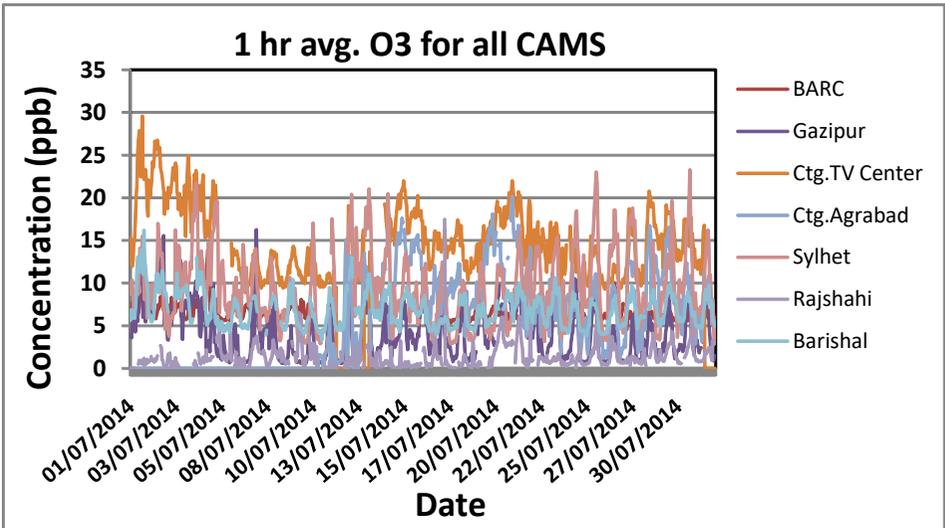
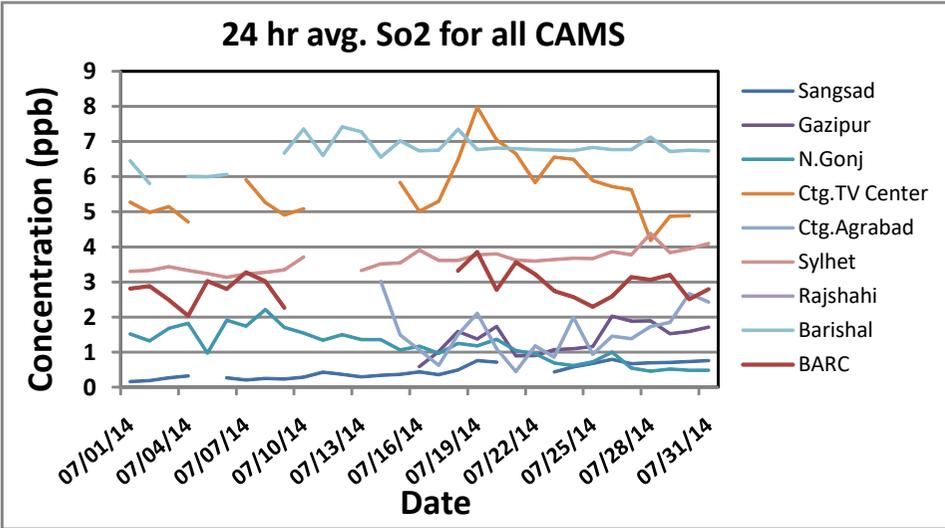
Wind Rose of Barisal CAMS



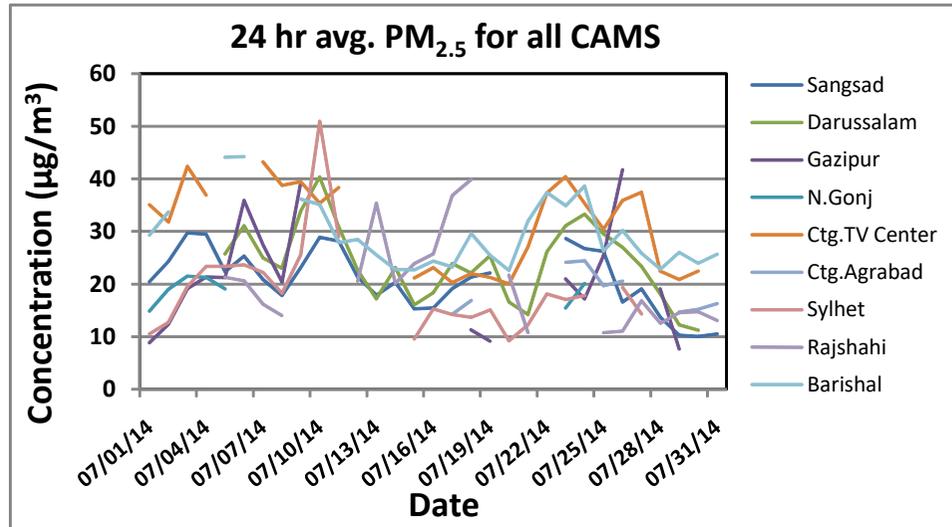
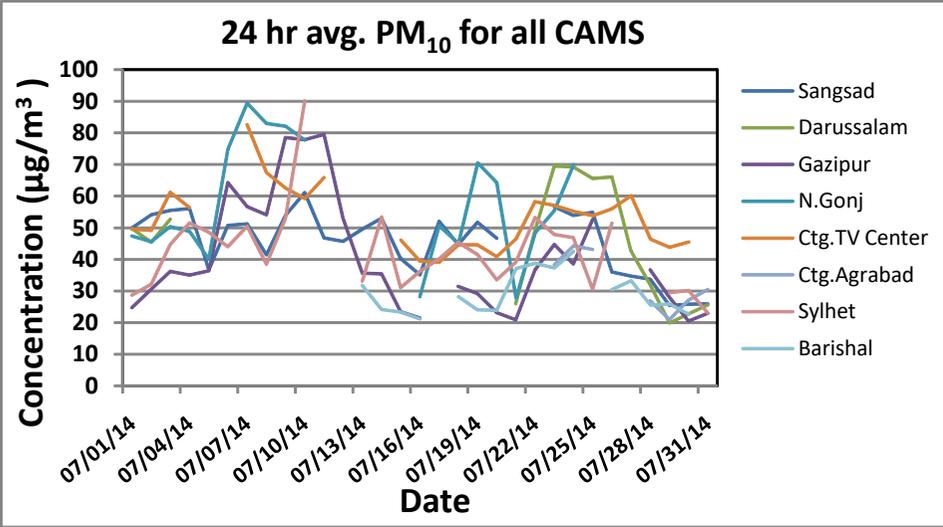
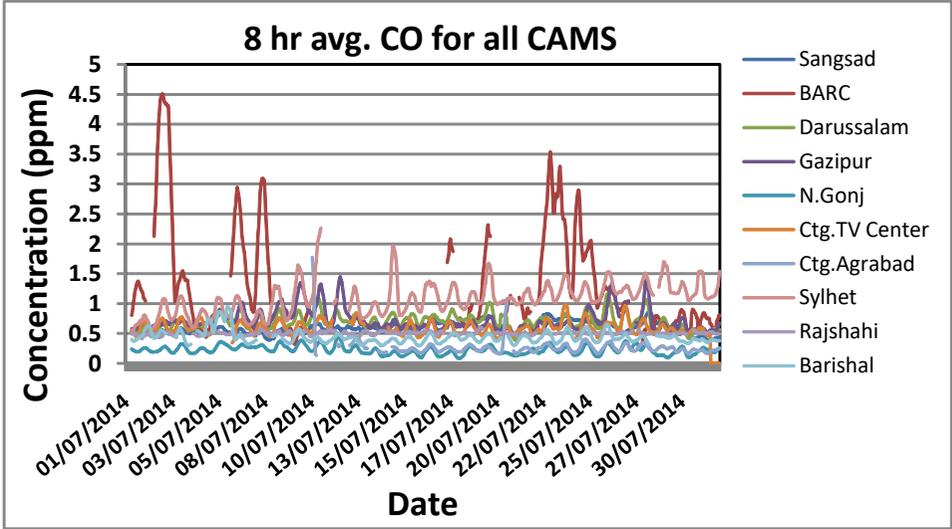
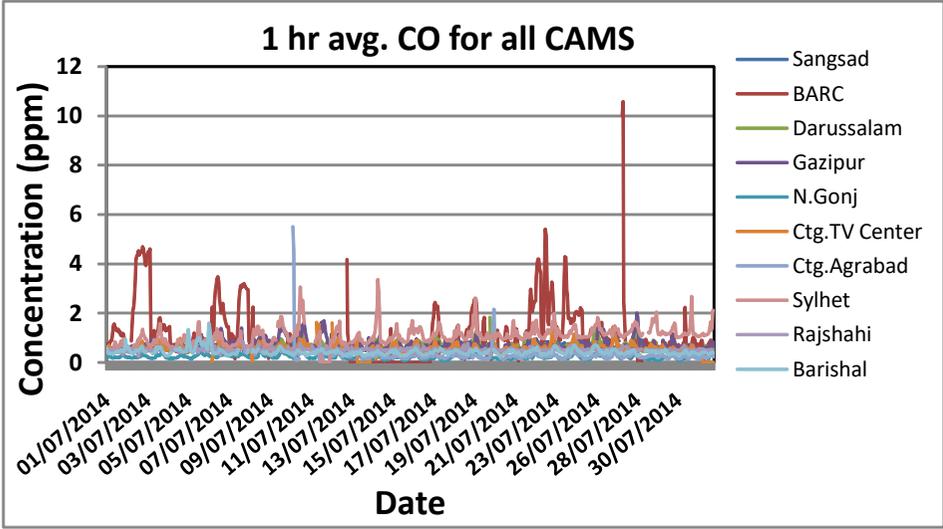
Wind Rose of Darussalam CAMS



TIME SERIES OF ALL PARAMETERS (SO₂, NO_x AND O₃) MEASURED IN ALL CAMS DURING JULY 2014



TIME SERIES OF ALL PARAMETERS (CO, PM10 AND PM2.5) MEASURED IN CAMS DURING JULY, 2014



Monthly Summary of AQI for month of July-2014

