

**Ninth Five Year Plan (FY 2026-2030)
Targets, Activities & Indicative cost**

No	Name of the Activities (policy/program/project/action)	(policy/program/project/ action wise indicative cost (Lakh BDT at FY 2025 prices)	Linked to		Comments
			SDGs Target	BDP 2100 Measures	
1	2	3	4	5	6
01.	Increased income of jute farmers:				
	A. High yielding seeds: Helping jute growers to increase production by providing free high yielding seeds, fertilizers and pesticides. Which will be able to eradicate poverty.	1006.29 (In lakhs of tk)	Poverty of all kinds everywhere (Goal-1)	--	
	B. Assistance in Marketing: Taking necessary measures to facilitate marketing of jute produced by jute farmers.				
	C. Cooperation in pricing: Taking necessary measures to formulate government policy on pricing to ensure fair price of jute.				



02.	1. Transforming the Jute Sector into Hunger Alleviation and Food Security: A. Nutritious Jute Foods: Foods made from jute leaves and stems are rich in vitamins and minerals. These foods are rich in nutrients. Informing everyone through publicity and campaigning in this regard. B. Organic Manure Production/Increasing Soil Fertility: Enhancing soil fertility by using organic manures made from jute waste. To advise/inform jute growers in this regard. 2. Role of jute in promoting sustainable agriculture: A. Organic Farming: Advising/informing jute growers through training on reducing the use of chemical fertilizers and pesticides and applying organic methods in jute cultivation. B. Water Conservation: To advise/inform jute growers about various methods of water conservation in jute cultivation.	”	Ending hunger, achieving food security and improved nutrition and promoting sustainable agriculture (Goal-2)	
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3.	1. Health Protection of Jute Growers: Jute growers are encouraged/advised to reduce the use of harmful pesticides in jute cultivation and use eco-friendly weed management in jute cultivation. 2. Safety of jute products: Quality control: To prevent the presence of substances harmful to the human body by controlling the quality of free jute products through jute laboratory of jute department.	---	Ensuring good health and well-being for people of all ages (Goal-3)		
04.	1. Education and Training for Jute Growers: To impart training to jute growers on use of high yielding varieties of seeds, jute production, application of fertilizers and soil maintenance and maintenance of soil fertility. 2. Cultural programs: Organizing cultural programs for jute growers and industrial workers.	222.55 (In lakhs of tk)	Ensuring inclusive and equitable quality education for all and creating opportunities for lifelong learning (Goal-4)		

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05. 1. Training and Skill Development: A. Special training: Providing special training for women in jute cultivation, processing, weaving, design etc. B. Entrepreneurship Development: To provide training and support to women entrepreneurs in production and marketing of jute products. 2. Equal rights at work: A. Equal Pay: Ensuring equal pay for equal work for men and women employees in all jute mills workers. b. Measures against Sexual Harassment: Taking necessary measures against sexual harassment of women working in jute department as well as jute products Manufacturing industry. 4. Awareness raising: A. Training and Seminars: Organizing trainings and seminars on women's rights, health, family planning etc. b. Use of Social Media: Raising awareness of women through social media.	20.00 (In lakhs of tk)	Achieving gender equality and empowering all women and girls (Goal-5)
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06.	1. Environmental Protection: A. Reduction of water pollution: By making the jute industry eco-friendly, water pollution can be reduced. Accordingly providing training/counseling to growers on use of less harmful chemicals in jute cultivation. 2. Uses of jute products: A. Biological filters: Water can be purified using biological filters made of jute. Encourage everyone in this regard. b. Water conservation: Using products made from jute can reduce water evaporation. Encourage everyone in this regard.	---	Ensuring sustainable management and availability of water and sanitation for all (Goal-6)		
07.	A. Environmental Protection: By making the jute industry eco-friendly, energy demand can be reduced. That is to encourage everyone to use charcoal. b. Awareness creation: To create awareness among jute farmers about how jute can be used as environment protection and energy saving.	10.00 (In lakhs of tk)	Making affordable, reliable, sustainable and modern energy available to all (Goal-7)		

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1	2	3	4	5	6
08.	1. Modernization and Expansion of Jute Industry: A. Establishment of Modernization Jute and Jute Products Training Center: Establishment of a Modernization Jute and Jute Products Training Center at Faridpur to impart training to entrepreneurs related to jute products. So that they create new job opportunities by making quality jute products. b. New product innovation: Increasing market size by developing new products with jute. c. Branding: Establishing jute products as a brand.	40.00 (In lakhs of tk)	Creating full and productive employment and decent employment opportunities for all and achieving moderate, inclusive and sustainable economic growth (Goal-8)		
09.	1. Construction of impact resistant infrastructure: A. Development of jute based construction materials: To encourage construction of earthquake and other natural calamity resistant houses by making various types of construction materials like jute board, jute rope etc. from jute. b. Increasing the use of jute: Increasing the demand for jute by using jute products in government buildings, educational institutions etc.	---	Build resilient infrastructure, promote inclusive and sustainable industrialization, promote innovation (Goal-09)		

2. Promotion of Inclusive and Sustainable Industrialization: A. Eco-Friendly Technology: Using eco-friendly technology in jute industry to ensure sustainable production along with reducing pollution. b. Protection of workers: To take necessary measures to ensure the safety and health of workers engaged in jute industry. 3. Diffusion of Innovations: A. Encouraging entrepreneurship: Taking necessary measures to attract new entrepreneurship in the jute industry.	---	"		
10. 1. <u>Rural Economic Development:</u> A. Development of Small and Medium Enterprises: To create employment by providing support for the development of small and medium enterprises based on jute. b. Support to Jute Growers: To support jute growers by training them in improved farming methods to increase production and supply improved seeds, fertilizers and pesticides. 2. <u>Inclusive Development:</u> A. Women's Empowerment: Making the necessary arrangements to increase women's participation in the jute industry.	222.55 (In lakhs of tk)	Intra: Reducing intra-national inequality (Goal-10)		

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1	2 2. Research and Development: A. New Product Innovation: Expanding the market for the jute industry by discovering new uses for jute. b. Quality Improvement: To help in improving the quality of jute products to make them competitive in the international market.	3 ---	4	5	6
11.	1. Environmental Protection: A. Climate Change: Jute plants absorb carbon dioxide and release oxygen. So encourage jute cultivation. 2. Use of jute in urban planning: A. Urban Greening: Increasing use of jute for urban greening. To encourage production and marketing of jute bags, jute tubs etc.		Building inclusive, safe, resilient and sustainable cities and settlements (Goal-11)		
12.	1. Sustainable Jute Cultivation: A. Use of organic fertilizers: Encouraging the use of organic fertilizers instead of chemical fertilizers in jute cultivation. b. Water use efficiency: Preventing water wastage by increasing water use efficiency.	20.00 (In lakhs of tk)	Ensuring moderate consumption and sustainable production patterns (Goal-12)		

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1	2. Production of jute based sustainable products: A. Reusable Products: Reduce the use of plastic by producing reusable products like bags, clothes etc. with jute. b. Biodegradable Products: Reduce environmental pollution by producing biodegradable products like plates, cups etc. with jute. 3. Market Expansion: To increase demand by organizing jute product fairs in different parts of the country. 4. <u>Creating awareness:</u> Distribution of various types of awareness leaflets about the importance of jute products and its sustainable features to the common people.	3	4	5	6
13.	1. <u>Promoting Sustainable Farming Practices:</u> A. Organic Farming: Encouraging the use of organic methods instead of chemical fertilizers and pesticides. b. Water Conservation: Teaching water conservation techniques to jute farmers. c. Substitution of polythene: Conduct mobile courts in all districts to reduce use of polythene by using jute bags and other products.	37.00 (In lakhs of tk)	Taking urgent action to combat climate change and its impacts Goals-16		

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14.	1. Development of jute based biodegradable products: Taking initiatives to reduce the use of plastic responsible for marine pollution by using bags made of jute. 2. Uses of jute in maritime transport: Taking initiatives to reduce environmental pollution by using jute products in packaging for marine products as they are biodegradable.		Conservation and sustainable use of seas, oceans and marine resources for sustainable development (Goals-14)		
15.	1. Introducing sustainable methods of jute cultivation: A. Crop diversification: Increases soil fertility by crop diversification instead of repeatedly cultivating the same crop on the same land. To advise/inform farmers in this regard b. Afforestation: Afforestation around jute fields prevents soil erosion. To advise/inform farmers in this regard. 2. Production of Jute Based Biodegradable Products: A. Plastic Substitutes: Using jute as an alternative to plastic to produce biodegradable products prevents soil and water pollution. To advise/inform farmers in this regard.		Restoring and protecting terrestrial ecosystems and supporting sustainable use, sustainable forest management, combating desertification, preventing land degradation and revitalizing land formation processes and preventing biodiversity loss Goals-15		



” b. Packaging Materials: Taking necessary measures to ensure environment protection by using jute based organic packaging for packaging of food products. 3. Prevention of desertification processes and land creation: A. Sand Stabilization: Using jute bags to stabilize the sand. b. Increase in soil fertility: By composting jute waste, soil fertility can be increased. To advise/inform farmers in this regard 4. Conservation of Biodiversity: To increase public awareness on the importance of jute and conservation of biodiversity.		”		
16. 1. Empowerment of Women in Jute Sector: A. Support to Women Entrepreneurs: Helping women entrepreneurs in production and marketing of jute products. b. Gender Equality: Ensuring gender equality in jute department and ending all forms of violence against women. 2. Transparency and Accountability: A. Transparent Administration: Curb corruption by introducing transparent administration system in jute department.		Promoting peaceful and inclusive social business practices for sustainable development, facilitating access to justice for all and building effective and accountable inclusive institutions at all levels Goals-16		

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17.	b. Disclosure: To increase transparency by disclosing information on the jute sector to the public through the website of the Jute Directorate. 3. Government Policy: A. Subsidiary policies: The Jute Directorate coordinates with other Ministries/Departments to formulate and implement government policies for the development of the jute sector. b. Market Facilitation: Ensuring expansion of jute products with market facilities.				
17.	1. Strengthening Partnerships: Global A. Quality Jute Production: Provides training and advice to jute growers for quality jute production. Also, provides quality monitoring and certification of jute and jute products, helping to increase demand for jute in the international market. b. Increasing demand in the market: To increase the demand of jute products by organizing fairs of jute products in different parts of the country.	20.00 (In lakhs of tk)	Strengthening the means of energizing and implementing global partnerships for sustainable development Goals-17		

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	2. <u>Organizing workshops/seminars:</u> Organizing workshops/seminars in association with all jute related organizations. 3. <u>Cooperation:</u> To provide all kinds of cooperation to jute farmers in jute cultivation. 4. <u>Support in formulation of government policies:</u> Formulate policies to implement and implement the Jute Act, 2017 and The Jute (Licence and Enforcement) Rules to achieve the Sustainable Development Goals.	222.55 (In lakhs of tk)	Goals-17		

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3/12/18

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