

Progress of SDG

SDG targets/ indicators assigned	Actions taken against the target/indicator (act/policy/strategy/project/ program)	Achievement status (up to June 2023) (Including data and data source)	Problems faced during implementation (if any)	Remarks
1	2	3	4	5
Target 1.1: By 2030, eradicate extreme poverty for all people everywhere, currently measured as people living on less than \$1.25 a day.	<p>1. To provide support to poor rural households during preharvest seasons Government initiated Food Friendly Programme (FFP) by offering rice at a subsidized price. Under this program 30 Kg of rice is sold at 15tk per kg for 5 months (March to April and September to Nov) to ultra-poor for smoothening their food requirements in the situation of seasonal income loss.</p>	<p>1. From the financial year from 2016-17 to 2023-24 about 54.97 Lac Metric Ton of rice have been distributed. (Source: MIS&M department of DG Food)</p>	<p>1. Selecting the right beneficiaries for this program.</p> <p>2. Steering the program properly according to the Food Friendly Programme guideline-2017.</p> <p>3. Preparing a unique digital database for the beneficiaries for this program.</p>	
	<p>2. Open Market Sale (OMS) is a policy instrument of the government used to curb seasonal price increase of food grains. The program has two purposes. One is to increase the purchasing power of the low income group and the other is to stabilize the market price of the products, mainly food grains.</p>	<p>2. From the financial year from 2015-16 to 2023-24 about 24.06 Lac Metric Ton rice and 25.68 Lac Metric Ton of wheat have been distributed. (Source: MIS&M department of DG Food).</p>	<p>1. Assuring the benefit of the program for the target beneficiaries.</p> <p>2. Making a digital database for the beneficiaries and ensuring a strong digital monitoring system.</p>	

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	3. To support people those are at risk of micronutrient deficiencies fortified rice is being distributed in 2 (two) government programs under Public Food Distribution System (PFDS) these are-Food Friendly Program (FFP) and Vulnerable Women Benefits (VWB). Fortifying rice with essential vitamins and micronutrients is a proven and cost-effective intervention that improves the nutritional quality of food for populations at large.	3. From the financial year 2017-18 to 2023-24 about 6.30 Lac Metric Ton and from the financial year 2015-16 to 2023-24 about 4.39 Lac Metric Ton fortified rice have been distributed under Food Friendly Program(FFP) and Vulnerable Women Benefits (VWB) program respectively. (Source: MIS&M department of DG Food)	1. Dissemination of the concept of fortified rice and its benefits to the targeted beneficiaries as well as to the food market. 2. Procurement process of fortified rice kernel and selection process of the mixing millers of the rice fortification program.	
Target 1.2 By 2030, reduce at least by half the proportion of men, women and children of all ages living in poverty in all its dimensions according to national definitions	-----	-----	-----	
Target 1.3. Implement nationality appropriate social protection systems and measures for all, including floors, and by 2030 achieve substantial coverage of the poor and the vulnerable.	1.To provide support to poor rural households during preharvest seasons Government initiated Food Friendly Programme (FFP) by offering rice at a subsidized price. Under this program 30 Kg of rice is sold at 15tk per kg for 5 months (March to April and September to Nov) to ultra-poor for smoothening their food consumption in the situation of seasonal income loss.	1.From the financial year from 2016-17 to 2023-24 about 54.97 Lac Metric Ton rice have been distributed. (Source: MIS&M department of DG Food)	1.Selecting the right beneficiaries for this program. 2. Steering the program properly according to the Food Friendly Programme guideline-2017. 3. Making a digital database for the beneficiaries for this program.	
	3. To support people those are at risk of micronutrient deficiencies fortified rice is being distributed in 2 (two) government programs	4. From the financial year 2017-18 to 2023-24 about 6.30 Lac Metric Ton and from the	1. Dissemination of the concept of fortified rice and its benefits to the targeted	

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	<p>under Public Food Distribution System (PFDS) these are-Food Friendly Program (FFP) and Vulnerable Women Benefits (VWB). Fortifying rice with essential vitamins and micronutrients is a proven and cost-effective intervention that improves the nutritional quality of food for populations at large.</p>	<p>financial year 2015-16 to 2023-24 about 4.39 Lac Metric Ton fortified rice have been distributed under Food Friendly Program(FFP) and Vulnerable Women Benefits (VWB) program respectively. (Source: MIS&M department of DG Food)</p>	<p>beneficiaries.</p> <p>2. Procurement process of fortified rice kernel and selection process of the mixing millers of the rice fortification program.</p>	
<p>Target 1.4 by 2030 ensure that all men and women, particularly the poor and the vulnerable, have equal rights to economic resources, as well as access to basic services, ownership, and control over land and other forms of property, inheritance, natural resources, appropriate new technology, and financial services including microfinance</p>	<p>-----</p>	<p>-----</p>	<p>-----</p>	